P680 [3827] - 404

M.Sc. - II

BOTANY

BO - 4.42: MYCOLOGY & PLANT PATHOLOGY

(2008 Pattern) (New) (Sem. - IV)

(Special paper II)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1**) What is Fermentation technology? Describe different types of Fermentation technology studied by you.
- **Q2**) a) How fungi are used in production of enzymes.
 - b) Give the role of fungi in lignocellulose conversions in paper industry.
- Q3) Comment on:
 - a) Secondary metabolites.
 - b) Fungi in mineral biotechnology.
- Q4) Write notes on any two:
 - a) Gibberellins.
 - b) Fermented Foods.
 - c) Antiviral agents.

- **Q5**) Give an account of classification of plant diseases?
- **Q6**) a) How environment affects in plant diseases?
 - b) Give a brief account of pathogensis.

Q7) Comment on:

- a) Contributions of E.J. Butter and K.L. Mehta.
- b) Causal organism, symptoms & control measures of leaf spot & rot diseases.
- Q8) Write notes on any two.
 - a) Physiology of infected plant.
 - b) Beneficial activities of fungi.
 - c) Tinea.

P 661 [3827] - 101

M.Sc. - I

BOTANY

BO - 1.1: Systematics of Non Vascular Plants

(2008 Pattern) (New Course) (Sem. - I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1**) Describe the range of thallus in Rhodophyta and add a note on Sexual and asexual reproduction.
- Q2) a) Discuss taxonomic significance of heterocysts in cyanophyta.
 - b) "Algae in diversified habitats." Discuss.
- **Q3**) a) Give a comparative account of sporophytes of <u>Riccia</u> and <u>Anthoceros</u>.
 - b) "Evolutionary trends in algae". Comment.
- Q4) Write short notes on <u>any two</u> of the following:
 - a) Vegetative reproduction in Bryophytes.
 - b) Spores in cyanophyta.
 - c) Biosystematics.

- Q5) Give general account of Deuteromycotina.
- **Q6**) Give an outline classification of Fungi as described by smith and add a note on sporangial evolution in Mucorales.
- Q7) a) Comment on present status of Fungi.
 - b) Describe apothecial and perithecial ascocarp.
- Q8) Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Takakiales.
 - b) Sporophyte of funaria.
 - c) Necrotrophs.

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M.Sc. - I

BOTANY

BO - 1.2: Plant Physiology and Biochemistry

(2008 Pattern) (New Course) (Sem. - I)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, taking at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- Q1) Give an account of C_4 Cycle and add a note on significance of C_4 plants.
- **Q2**) Explain the mechanism of mitochondrial respiration and add a note on it's net gain in terms of ATP.
- **Q3**) a) Explain transduction in guard cells.
 - b) Discuss the mechanism of uniport and symport of ions.
- Q4) Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Metabolic changes during flower initiation.
 - b) Abiotic stress.
 - c) Biosynthesis of cytokinins.

- **Q5**) What are enzymes? Explain competitive, uncompetitive and noncompetitive inhibition with examples.
- **Q6**) What are carbohydrates? Describe the mechanism of biosynthesis and degradation of pectin.
- Q7) a) Discuss steps involved in biosynthesis of alkaloids.
 - b) Classify amino acids based on R- group and polarity.
- Q8) Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Concept of free energy.
 - b) Nitrogen uptake.
 - c) Biosynthesis of phospholipids.



P 663 [3827] - 103

M.Sc. - I

BOTANY

BO - 1.3: Genetics and Plant Breeding

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - I) (New Course)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- *Q1*) What is quantitative inheritance? Describe inheritance of a quantitative trait in zea mays.
- **Q2**) Define cytoplasmic inheritance. Explain its mechanism involving mitochondrial genome in Yeast.
- Q3) Give brief account of.
 - a) Three point test cross.
 - b) Complementary gene interaction.
- **Q4**) Write notes on <u>any two</u> of the following:
 - a) Epistasis.
 - b) Hardy Weinberg equilibrium.
 - c) Gene maps and physical maps.

- **Q5**) What is polyploidy? Give its role in crop improvement.
- **Q6**) What are mutations? Give an account of physical and chemical mutagens.
- Q7) Give brief account of.
 - a) Translocation heterozygotes.
 - b) Plant breeding in India.
- Q8) Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Heterosis.
 - b) Male sterility.
 - c) Chromosome markers.



P 664

[3827] - 201

M.Sc.

BOTANY

BO - 2.1: Systematics of Vascular Plants

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- Q1) Give comparative account of sporophyte and gametophyte of coniferales.
- **Q2**) Comment on morphological and anatomical features of gametophyte and sporophyte of Equisetales.
- Q3) a) Apogamy and apospory in pteridophytes.
 - b) Describe life cycle pattern in Gymnosperms.
- Q4) Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Gymnosperms as prospective ancestors of Angiosperms.
 - b) Comparative account of two systems of classification of pteridophytes.
 - c) Gametophytes of psilotales.

- **Q5**) Discuss systematics as synthetic subject taking two examples from palynology, phytochemistry and genome analysis.
- **Q6**) Give merits and demerits of any two systems of Angiosperm classification studied by you.
- Q7) a) Discuss various tools of taxonomy.
 - b) Describe various taxonomic categories.
- Q8) Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Cladistics in taxonomy.
 - b) Taxonomic hierarchy.
 - c) Population and Environment.



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M.Sc. - I

BOTANY

BO - 2.2: Cell Biology and Instrumentation

(2008 Pattern) (Sem. - II) (New)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answer to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1**) What is cell signaling in plants? Add a note on concept, ethylene activated two component signaling path way.
- **Q2**) a) Biogensis and ultra structure Golgi complex.
 - b) Principles and working of visible spectroscopy.
- Q3) a) Ultrastructure and functions of Endoplasmic reticulum.
 - b) What is sub cellular organization of plan cell? Add a note on cytoplasmic matrix.
- Q4) Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Gaint chromosome
 - b) Cell wall.
 - c) Biogensis and functions of Ribosomes.

Q5) a)	Principles a	and working	of paper	chromatography.
E -11			6 6	

- b) Structure and functions of Nucleus.
- **Q6**) a) GM Counting.
 - b) Structure and functions of Lysosomes.
- Q7) What is cell cycle and apoptosis? Explain the mechanism of cell division mitosis.
- Q8) Write notes on <u>any two</u> of the following:
 - a) Plasmodesmata.
 - b) Plant vacoule.
 - c) Mitochondria.

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M.Sc. - **I**

BOTANY

BO - 2.3 : Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering (New Course) (Sem. - II) (2008 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, taking atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1**) Define 'Cot' curve. How is it obtained? Discuss in detail the significance of Cot 1/2 value in determining genome sequences.
- Q2) Describe in detail the structure of eukaryotic genes.
- **Q3**) a) With the help of diagrams explain DNA replication in eukaryotes.
 - b) Explain the operon concept in bacteria with the help of suitable example.
- **Q4**) Write short notes on any two:
 - a) Structure of tRNA.
 - b) Post translational control.
 - c) DNA repair mechanism.

- Q5) Describe in detail the process of DNA cloning.
- **Q6**) Explain Agrobacterium mediated genetic transformation in plants.
- **Q7**) a) Discuss the steps involved in DNA sequencing.
 - b) Describe the method of Southern blotting.
- **Q8**) Write short notes on any two:
 - a) RAPD.
 - b) Ti plasmid.
 - c) Applications of transgenic plants.



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[3827] - 301

M.Sc. - II

BOTANY

BO - 3.1: Developmental Botany and Tissue Culture

(New) (Sem. - III)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt any five questions, taking atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

SECTION - I

- Q1) Enlist the processes basics to plant development. Explain any two processes at cellular level.[16]
- Q2) a) Explain histo chemical changes at the shoot apex during transition from vegetative to flowering phase.[8]
 - b) Describe the structure of tetrasporangiate anther. [8]
- Q3) a) What is double fertilisation? Describe the process of syngamy and triple fusion.
 - b) Comment on pollen stigma interaction. [8]
- Q4) Write short notes on any <u>two</u> of the following: [16]
 - a) Parthenogenesis.
 - b) Expression of homeotic genes during flowering.
 - c) Histological changes during transition of vegetative shoot apex to reproductive shoot apex.

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Q5)	Expl	ain in brief.	[16]
	a)	Pleuripotency.	
	b)	Direct organogenesis.	
	c)	Indirect embryogenesis.	
	d)	Somatic hybrids.	
Q6)	a)	Enlist the types of culture system and explain any one.	[8]
	b)	Explain the procedures for isolation and culture of protoplast.	[8]
Q7)	a)	Define micropropagation. Mention its stages. Explain any one stage	. [8]
	b)	With the help of appropriate examples explain the advantages of tisculture technique over conventional methods of crop improvement.	
Q 8)	Writ	te short notes on any <u>two</u> of the following:	[16]
	a)	Role of PGRS in tissue culture.	
	b)	Applications of plant tissue culture for germplasm conservation.	
	c)	Synthetic seeds.	

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M.Sc. - II

BOTANY

BO - 3.2: Environmental Botany & Plant Diversity

(New Course) (2008 Pattern) (Sem. - III)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1**) What are Biogeochemical Cycles? Explain Phosphorous and Carbon cycle in detail.
- **Q2**) a) Explain the Environmental protection Act in detail.
 - b) Explain factors responsible for Natality, Mortality and Age structure.
- **Q3**) a) What is Heavy Metal pollution? Enlist heavy metal pollutants. Explain ecological effects of heavy metals on environment.
 - b) Explain impact of acid rain on aqueous & terrestrial ecosystem.
- Q4) Write notes on any two:
 - a) Concept of Biosphere.
 - b) EMP.
 - c) Structure of Community.

- Q5) Define Biodiversity. Enlist it's types. Explain in detail species diversity.
- **Q6**) a) What is phytogeography? Enlist major phytogeographic regions of India. Add a note on Endemism.
 - b) Explain natural factors affecting loss of Biodiversity.
- **Q7**) a) Explain concept of phytoremediation with suitable examples.
 - b) Give a brief account of Ramsar Convention.
- Q8) Write notes on any two:
 - a) Medicinal value of Biodiversity.
 - b) CITES.
 - c) Selection of plants and microbes in Restoration Ecology.



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M.Sc. - II

BOTANY

BO - 3.31: Phycology Special Paper - I

(New Pattern) (Sem. - III)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, taking at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- Q1) Describe classification of blue green algae upto order level.
- Q2) Comment on interrelationship in various orders of green algae.
- Q3) a) Describe ultrastructure of typical blue green algal cell.
 - b) Give an account on cell division patterns in green algae.
- Q4) Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Endosymbiotic origin of chloroplast in eukaryotic algae.
 - b) Applications of molecular systematics studies in algae.
 - c) Tools in algal taxonomy.

- **Q5**) Explain how recent studies in red algae lead in the revision of Schmitz Kylin system of classification.
- **Q6**) Describe classification of brown algae upto order level.
- **Q7**) a) Give ecological classification of algae.
 - b) Zonation of algae in intertidal region.
- Q8) Write notes on <u>any two</u> of the following:
 - a) Physical features of water.
 - b) Addaptations in phytoplankton.
 - c) Succession of algae in a pond.



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M.Sc. - II

BOTANY

BO - 3.32: Mycology and Plant Pathology (Special Paper - I)

(Sem. - III)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams should be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1**) Describe outline of the system of classification proposed by Alexopoulos. Give its merits.
- **Q2**) Give general characters & classification of ascomycetes and add a note on its economic importance.
- *Q3*) Write short answers of the following:
 - a) Sexual reproduction in Mucorales.
 - b) Thallus organization in different groups of lichens.
- Q4) Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Xylaria type of centrum.
 - b) Cyathus.
 - c) Hulle cells
 - d) Aspergillus.

- Q5) What are Fungal habitats? Discuss colonization strategies among Fungi.
- Q6) Explain carbon and nitrogen nutrition in fungi. Add a note on fungal growth.
- **Q7**) a) Write in brief the concept of rhizosphere.
 - b) Explain phenomenon of heterothallism in fungi.
- Q8) Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Air borne fungi.
 - b) Algal ancestry of Fungi.
 - c) Mycotoxins.
 - d) Fungal sex hormones.



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M.Sc. - II BOTANY

BO - 3.33: Angiosperms Special Paper - I (New Course) (Sem. - III)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1**) Give the floristic composition of the world with special reference to Biodiversity of Angiosperms.
- **Q2**) a) Explain effective and valid publications.
 - b) Comment on primitive features of Ranunculaceae.
- **Q3**) a) Describe the multidisciplinary approach of systematics.
 - b) Give aims and objectives of biosystematic investigation.
- **Q4**) Write short notes on (any two):
 - a) Typification.
 - b) Santalaceae.
 - c) Effective and valid publication.

- **Q5**) Describe the method for biosystematic investigation.
- **Q6**) Explain:
 - a) Role of herbarium in research.
 - b) Botanical gardens as multipurpose institute.
- Q7) Give an account of any two botanical gardens of the world.
- **Q8**) Write short notes on (any two):
 - a) Utility of anatomical data in systematics.
 - b) Major herbaria in the world.
 - c) Digital herbarium.



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M.Sc. - II

BOTANY

BO - 3.34: Plant Physiology (Special paper - I)

(New) (Sem. - III)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, taking atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- Q1) What is salt stress? Explain the consequences and reclaimation measures.
- **Q2**) What is flooding stress? Explain the mechanism of flooding tolerance.
- Q3) a) Explain the role of proline and glycine betaine in water stress.
 - b) Comment on research carried out on abiotic stress in India.
- Q4) Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Transgenics in stress tolerance.
 - b) Stress induced proteins.
 - c) Importance of water stress.

- Q5) What is radiation stress? Explain mechanism of uv tolerance.
- **Q6**) Explain mechanism of ion toxicity w.r.t A1 and Zn.
- **Q7**) a) Comment on photoinhibition.
 - b) Explain pollution stress.
- Q8) Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Scavenging of free radicals.
 - b) Effect of ROS on plants.
 - c) Concept of ion toxicity.



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BOTANY

BO - 3.35: Genetics, Molecular Biology and Plant Breeding - I (Sem. - III) (New) (2008 Pattern) (Special paper - I)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- Q1) Describe various morphological markers of eukaryotic chromosomes and compare if with bacterial chromosomes.
- **Q2**) a) Explain mechanism of homologous recombination.
 - b) Describe production of autopolyploids.
- **Q3**) a) Explain non homologous recombination.
 - b) Describe meiotic behaviour of autopolyploids.
- Q4) Give a brief account of any two:
 - a) Extranuclear inheritance.
 - b) Production of alien substitution lines
 - c) Chromosome banding techniques.

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Q5) Explain the relationship of genetics to other areas of biology.

- **Q6**) a) Describe the breeding methodology for Vegetatively propagating crops.
 - b) What are linkage maps? How are they derived?
- **Q7**) a) Give an account of the field evaluation technique of a crop.
 - b) Describe the importance of somaclonal variations in the crop improvement.
- Q8) Write notes on any two of the following.
 - a) t Test of significance.
 - b) Applications of cytoplasmic genetic male sterile lines.
 - c) Merits and demerits of hybrid varieties.



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M.Sc. II

BOTANY

BO - 3.36: Plant Biotechnology (Special Paper - I)

(Sem. - III)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

SECTION - I

- Q1) What is micropropagation? Mention the stages of micropropagation. Explain the advantages of tissue culture techniques over conventional methods of crop improvement.[16]
- Q2) a) Enlist the factors in fluencing morphogenesis in vitro. Explain the role of any two factors.[8]
 - b) What is organogenesis? Mention the differences between direct and indirect organogenesis. [8]
- Q3) a) Draw a layout of a plant tissue culture laboratory. Mention the precautions necessary for effective management of equipment and biological materials.
 [8]
 - b) What is somaclonal variation? Explain any one method of selection of a somaclone, with the help of an appropriate example. [8]
- **Q4**) Write notes on <u>any two</u> of the following:

[16]

- a) Landmarks in the development of plant Biotechnology.
- b) Advantages of somatic embrogenesis.
- c) Applications of cell suspension culture

- Q5) What are transgenic plants? Explain their applications in producing abiotic stress tolerant plants.[16]
- **Q6**) a) What is somatic hybridization? Mention the main steps in the process Explain with an appropriate example, its application in plant biotechnology.
 - b) How are haploids obtained <u>in Vitro</u>? Mention their significance in plant breeding. [8]
- Q7) a) How is a green house managed? How is it maintained? Explain its utility in plant conservation.[8]
 - b) What is cryopreservation? Mention important steps involved in it. Explain the application of cryopreservation in plant biotechnology. [8]
- **Q8**) Write notes on <u>any two</u> of the following:

[16]

- a) Biotechnological applications of mycorrhiza.
- b) Single cell proteins.
- c) Phytoremediation.



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[3827] - 309

M.Sc.

BOTANY

BO - 3.37: Plant Diversity Special Paper - I (2008 Pattern) (New) (Sem. - III)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidate:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- Q1) Define biodiversity. How it is classified? Add a note on its scope.
- Q2) Comment on:
 - a) Macro and microevolution.
 - b) Endemism.
- Q3) Explain:
 - a) Methods of assessing and measuring biodiversity.
 - b) Factors affecting species distribution.
- **Q4**) Write short notes on: (any two)
 - a) Plant diversity hot spot.
 - b) Determinant of Genetic diversity.
 - c) Diversity indices.

Q5) What is taxonomic diversity? Explain fungal diversity of India with suitable examples.

Q6) Explain:

- a) Act of domestication.
- b) Classification of ecosystem.

Q7) Comment on:

- a) Gymnosperm diversity.
- b) Species diversity in Urban habitat.

Q8) Write notes on (any two):

- a) Species inventory.
- b) Marine ecosystem.
- c) Dispersal diversification.

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M.Sc. - II

BOTANY

BO - 3.38: Seed Technology (Special Paper - I)

(New Course) (Sem. - III)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- Q1) Describe the methods employed for testing of seed health.
- Q2) What is dormancy? Explain the methods for breaking dormancy.
- **Q3**) a) What is quarantine for seed? Explain the importance of quarantine.
 - b) Give the concept of seed technology and comment on the opportunities.
- Q4) Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Significance of seed transmission.
 - b) Types of seed germination.
 - c) Seed industries in India.

<u>SECTION - II</u>

- **Q5**) Explain the relation of insects and plants and comment on insects as vectors of plant diseases.
- Q6) Discuss the various measures adopted for preventing seed deterioration.
- **Q7**) a) Explain the control measures for pests of fiber crops.
 - b) Give the life cycle of sugarcane pests.
- Q8) Write notes on <u>any two</u> of the following:
 - a) Dehumidification.
 - b) Causes of seed deterioration.
 - c) Seed borne nematodes.

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M.Sc. - II

BOTANY

BO - 4.1: Plant Resources & Evolution

(2008 Pattern) (New Course) (Sem. - IV)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates

- 1) Answer any five questions taking atleast any two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the questions should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- *Q1*) Describe two latex and two cellulose yielding crops with respect to Botanical name, common name, plant part used and its uses.
- **Q2**) a) Give a brief account of types of secondary metabolites present in medicinal plants with one example each.
 - b) Explain methods of qualitative and quantitative analysis of proteins.
- **Q3**) Give an comparative account of cycadeoidales and pentoxylales with suitable examples.
- **Q4**) Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Darwin's concept of evolution.
 - b) Sympatric evolution.
 - c) Gene duplication and divergence.

- Q5) Give monographic account of drugs obtained from stem and seed.
- **Q6**) a) Discuss any one concept of origin and evolution of eukaryotes.
 - b) Explain the mechanism of gene duplication.
- **Q7**) a) Explain the concept of change in gene frequency through migration and random genetic drift with respect to origin of life.
 - b) Describe Millers experiment.
- Q8) Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Vavilovs centres of origin.
 - b) Energy Plantation.
 - c) Organoleptic evolution of crude drugs.



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[3827] - 402

M.Sc. - II

BOTANY

BO - 4.2 : Applied Botany

(2008 Pattern) (New Course) (Sem. - IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, taking atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answer to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1**) Describe mass production technology of <u>Spirulina</u>. Add a note on it's chemical composition and nutritive value.
- **Q2**) a) Comment on necessity and applications of seaweed farming.
 - b) What is chi-square test? Give its assumptions and conditions. Add a note on it's applications.
- **Q3**) a) What is protein sequence database? Explain any one method of data mining.
 - b) What are Internet search engines? Explain with any one example.
- **Q4**) Write notes on any two:
 - a) Algae in sewage treatment.
 - b) Enlist algae involved in Biofertilizers.
 - c) ANOVA.

SECTION - II

- **Q5**) What is fungal allergy? Give symptoms, diagnosis and control measures for mycetoma.
- **Q6**) a) Comment on role of Fungi in fungal biotechnology.
 - b) What are Ergot alkaloids? Enlist its applications.
- **Q7**) a) Give an account of Enzyme production.
 - b) What is mycorrhizae? Give its role in agriculture.
- Q8) Write notes on any two.
 - a) Fungal vitamins.
 - b) Particulate absorption by fungi.
 - c) Conifidence interval.

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M.Sc. - II (Sem. - IV)

BOTANY

BO - 4.41: Phycology Special Paper - II

(2008 Pattern) (New Course)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, taking atleast two questions from each sections.
- 2) Answers to the questions should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- Q1) What is synchronous cultures? Describe methods to obtaining synchrony in chlorella.
- **Q2**) a) Discuss the necessity and requirements for marine algae cultivation.
 - b) What is monoline culture method? Add a note on its merits and demerits.
- **Q3**) Give an account of out door cultivation of <u>spirulina</u> and add a note on factors affecting cultivation.
- **Q4**) Write short notes on <u>any two</u> of the following:
 - a) Growth Curve.
 - b) Continous cultures.
 - c) Nori.

- **Q5**) Give an account of various techniques involved in tissue culture of marine macroalgae.
- **Q6**) What is phycoremediation? Enlist algae involved in it and explain it role for wastewater treatment.
- **Q7**) a) What are biofule? Add a note on algae in biofudel production.
 - b) Explain pharmaceutical and nutracutical value of algae.
- Q8) Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Phycocolloides.
 - b) Seaweed liquid fertilizers.
 - c) Seaweed resources of world and India.



P1185

[3827 - B] - 71

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 31 : Tissue Culture (Plant and Animal)

(Old)

Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of five questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) What is meant by defined medium? How is it different from undefined medium? Explain obligatory and optional components of a plant tissue culture medium.
- **Q2**) Mention the landmarks in development of Plant Tissue Culture. Explain the latest one. [16]
- Q3) What are somaclonal variations? Explain the causes and consequences of somaclonal variations. How are these variations exploited? [16]
- Q4) Write explanatory notes on any two of the following: [16]
 - a) Commercial application of micropropagation.
 - b) Transgenic plants.
 - c) Elicitor induced secondary metabolite production in vitro.

- **Q5**) What are animal cell lines? How are these established and maintained in vitro? [16]
- Q6) Mention characteristics of animal cells in culture. Explain any two characteristics.[16]

Q7) Explain the following:

[16]

- a) Organ transplants.
- b) Nuclear transplantation.

Q8) Write explanatory notes on any two of the following:

[16]

- a) Commercial application of animal tissue culture.
- b) Propagation of viruses <u>in vitro</u>.
- c) Mamalian cloning.



P1186

[3827 - B] - 72

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 32 : Fundamentals of Genetic Engineering

(Old)

Time : $1\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 40

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of four questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) What is genetic engineering? Explain the concept of GE and mention the land marks in development of the subject. [10]
- Q2) What is cloning in the context of Genetic engineering? Enlist the strategies for cloning and explain any one. [10]
- **Q3**) Write notes on:

[10]

- a) Transformation and Transfection.
- b) DNA sequencing techniques.

SECTION - II

- Q4) Enlist the expression vectors and explain application of any one. [10]
- Q5) What is meant by induced expression? How is it carried out? Cite suitable example.[10]
- **06**) Write notes on:

- a) Chimeric constructs.
- b) Over expression of biological products.



Total No. of Questions: 6]

[Total No. of Pages : 1

P1187

[3827 - B] - 73

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 33 : Biological Chemistry - II

(Old)

Time : 1 ½ *Hours*]

[Max. Marks : 40]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of four questions selecting atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) What is electrophoresis? Mention the types of electrophoresis and explain application of any one. [10]
- Q2) What is micro array? Explain the method and application of micro array analysis. [10]
- Q3) Write explanatory notes on:

[10]

- a) Ion exchange chromatography.
- b) Western blot.

SECTION - II

- **Q4**) State the principle, working and application of NMR in biological chemistry. [10]
- Q5) Give a concise account of structure of protein as a biomolecule. Add a note on structure function relationship. [10]
- **Q6**) Write explanatory notes on:

- a) Amino acid sequencing.
- b) MALDI TOF.



Total No. of Questions: 6]

[Total No. of Pages: 1

P1188

[3827 - B] - 74

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 34: Biochemical Engineering

(Old)

Time : 1 ½ *Hours*]

[Max. Marks : 40]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of four questions selecting atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) What is a bioreactor? Why is it called so? Explain the construction of any one type of bioreactor.[10]
- Q2) Explain mathematical principles that govern functioning of a bioreactor.[10]
- *Q3*) Write notes on

[10]

- a) Reaction Kinetics.
- b) Applications of biochemical engineering.

SECTION - II

- Q4) Enlist the transport phenomena in biochemical engineering and explain any one.
- Q5) What are control systems in biochemical engineering w.r.t bioprocesses?Explain any one. [10]
- *Q6*) Write notes on

- a) Rheology.
- b) Heat transfer during bioprocesses.



P1189

[3827 - B] - 75

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 35: Pleuripotent Cell Technologies and Reproduction (Old) *Time* : 1 ½ *Hours*] [Max. Marks: 40 Instructions to the candidates: Attempt a total of four questions selecting atleast two questions from each 1) 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books. Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. *3*) Figures to the right indicate full marks. *4*) **SECTION - I** Q1) Define polyspermy. Explain the fast block of polyspermy. [10] Q2) Explain in detail the cytoplasmic rearrangements in Ovum after the entry of [10] sperm. **Q3**) a) Mention different cell lineages and explain their significance. [5] Describe ultrastructure of sperm. [5] b) **SECTION - II** What are embryonic stem cells? How do they differ from adult stem **Q4**) a) cells? [5] What are the applications of stem cell technology? [5] b) Q5) Explain the method of reproductive cloning. Discuss ethical issues involved in human cloning. [10]

Q6) Describe in detail the techniques involved in gene therapy. [10]



P1190 [3827 - B] - 81

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 41: Structural Biology

(Old)

Time : 1 ½ *Hours*]

[Max. Marks : 40]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of four questions selecting atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) What is Crystallography? Explain in context of proteins. Mention the parameters. [10]
- **Q2**) Explain [10]
 - a) Ewald's sphere and reciprocal lattice.
 - b) Fibre diffraction.
- Q3) Write notes on:

[10]

- a) Protein structure validation.
- b) Mathew's Number.

SECTION - II

- **Q4**) Explain the application of NMR spectroscopy for determination of structure of nucleic acids. [10]
- Q5) What is fluorescence spectroscopy? Explain how it is applied in structural biology.[10]
- Q6) Write notes on

[10]

- a) NOSEY Technique.
- b) SECSY Technique.



[10

Total No. of Questions : 6]

[Total No. of Pages: 1

P1191

[3827 - B] - 82

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 42 : Industrial Biotechnology

(Old)

Time : 1 ½ *Hours*]

[Max. Marks : 40]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of four questions selecting atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) What are enzymes? Explain structure activity relationship. Add a note on applications of enzymes.[10]
- Q2) a) What are immobilised enzymes? Explain their applications. [5]
 - b) What are therapeutic proteins? Cite suitable examples. [5]
- Q3) Write notes on:

[10]

- a) Fermentation technology for production of industrial enzymes.
- b) Importance of Pilot scale production.

- **Q4)** What is bioremediation? Explain with special reference to microbial systems. [10]
- **Q5**) Explain the conversion of any one waste material into industrially useful product. [10]
- Q6) Write notes on [10]
 - a) Economics of waste management.
 - b) Need for waste management.



P1192

[3827 - B] - 83

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 43 : Applications of Genetic Engineering

(Old)

Time : 1 ½ *Hours*]

[Max. Marks: 40]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of four questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) Explain the application of DNA analysis in diagnosis of genetic diseases.[10]
- Q2) What are transgenic plants? Explain their applications in any one agricultural practice.[10]
- *Q3*) Write notes on:

[10]

- a) Biopharming.
- b) Application of DNA finger printing in forensic analysis.

SECTION - II

- **Q4**) What is a database in the context of Bioinformatics? Mention the essential fields of information in Protein database. [10]
- Q5) What are IPRs? Explain patent as one of important IPR in biotechnology.

[10]

Q6) Write explanatory notes on

- a) Molecular modeling.
- b) Biosafety regulations for genetic engineering.



P1193

[3827 - B] - 84

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 44 : Plant Biotechnology

(Old)

Time : 1 ½ *Hours*]

[Max. Marks : 40

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of four questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) Mention the problems encountered during clonal multiplication of Woody plants in vitro. Explain the strategies to overcome them. [10]
- Q2) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of somaclonal variation. Cite suitable examples.[10]
- Q3) Write explanatory notes on:

[10]

- a) Micropropagation of medicinal plants.
- b) Micropropagation for disease elimination.

SECTION - II

- Q4) Explain the advantages of tissue culture based methods of crop improvement over conventional methods.[10]
- **Q5**) a) How are somatic hybrids obtained? Explain their importance in agriculture. [5]
 - b) How is IVF important for crop biotechnology? [5]
- Q6) Write explanatory notes on

- a) Cryopreservation.
- b) Biotransformation.



P1184

[3827]-410 M.Sc. BOTANY

BO - 4.48 : Seed Technology

(Sem - IV) (Special paper - II) (New) (2008 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks:80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.

SECTION - I

- **Q1)** Describe the process of seed production of wheat.
- Q2) Explain:
 - a) Stages of seed multiplication.
 - b) Stages of vegetable seed production.
- *Q3*) Comment on:
 - a) Seed certification.
 - b) DNA finger printing.
- Q4) Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Genetic purity,
 - b) Seed protection,
 - c) Roll mill and magnetic separator.

- **Q5)** Give an account of seed production of onion.
- Q6) Explain:
 - a) Concept and objectives of seed processing.
 - b) Importance of seed treatment.

Q7) Describe:

- a) Central seed committee and their functions.
- b) Concept and procedure of artificial seed production.

Q8) Write short notes on any two of the following:

- a) GOT.
- b) Screw conveyor.
- c) Seed pelleting.

P1194

[3827-B]-86 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 46 : Genomics and Proteomics (Old)

Time: 1½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 40

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of four questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) Explain the concept of genomics with special reference to biotechnology.[10]
- Q2) Explain the method of sequencing whole genome. [10]
- Q3) Write notes on: [10]
 - a) Functional Genomics.
 - b) Micro array.

- Q4) Explain proteomics in the context of biotechnology. [10]
- **Q5)** Mention the methodologies of proteomics and explain any one. [10]
- **Q6)** Write notes on: [10]
 - a) Application of proteomics in drug development.
 - b) Analysis of protein-protein interactions.



P1195

[3827-B]-87 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 47 : Immunotechnology (Old)

Time: 1½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 40

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of four questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) What is Immunology? What is molecular immunology? Add a note on its relevance to biotechnology. [10]
- **Q2)** Enlist the techniques of molecular immunology and explain any one. [10]
- Q3) Write notes on: [10]
 - a) Signal transduction.
 - b) Transplant immunology.

- Q4) What is experimental immunology? How are transgenic animals used in immunology?[10]
- **Q5)** Give a concise account of stem cell technology with reference to immunology. [10]
- Q6) Write notes on: [10]
 - a) Immuno diagnostics.
 - b) Recombinant vaccines.



P1196

[3827-B]-501 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 11 : Advanced Biological Chemistry (2008 Pattern) (New)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of five questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) a) Explain principle and working of Gas Liquid chromatography as a separation technique.[8]
 - b) How is acid base balance maintained in a living cell? [8]
- **Q2)** a) Explain how amino acid sequence affects stability of α helix. [8]
 - b) How do protein molecules form complexes with other molecules? Explain with at least two appropriate examples. [8]
- Q3) Explain:
 - a) Electrophoresis as a separation technique.
 - b) Protein arrays and their applications. [8]
- Q4) Write explanatory notes on <u>any two</u> of the following: [16]
 - a) Centrifugation as a separation technique.
 - b) Steps in protein engineering.
 - c) Membrane proteins.

SECTION - II

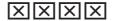
- Q5) a) What are secondary metabolites? Enlist the types of secondary metabolites of plant origin.[8]
 - b) Enlist the methods for phytochemical investigation of natural products. [8]

[8]

- Q6) a) Mention the major pathways of cellular metabolism. Explain any one pathway of primary metabolism.[8]
 - b) Why secondary metabolites have medicinal importance? Explain with at least two examples. [8]

Q7) Explain:

- a) Phytochemical variation in species. [8]
- b) Applications of metabolic pathway manipulation (s). [8]
- **Q8)** Write explanatory notes on <u>any two</u> of the following: [16]
 - a) Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy.
 - b) Regulations for production and/or consumtion of herbal medicines.
 - c) Site directed mutagenesis.



P1197

[3827-B]-502 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 12 : Molecular and Cell Biology (2008 Pattern) (New)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of five questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

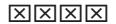
- **Q1)** a) Describe cell signalling pathway for mobilization of glucose by glucagons. [8]
 - b) How is primary cell wall formed? Mention its components. [8]
- **Q2)** a) What is photorespiration? Explain its significance. [8]
 - b) Explain the co translational pathway for targeting secretory proteins to endoplasmic reticulum. [8]
- Q3) Mention various mechanisms of transport in plants. Explain any two in detail. [16]
- **Q4)** Write explanatory notes on any two of the following: [16]
 - a) ATP synthase.
 - b) Mechanisms to overcome temperature stress.
 - c) Regulation of cell cycle.

SECTION - II

- Q5) Explain the molecular mechanism of nuclear pre mRNA processing in eukaryotes.[16]
- Q6) a) Describe differential gene expression during any one developmental process in plants or animals.[8]
 - b) Discuss the significance of human genome project. Add a note on its limitations. [8]

P.T.O.

- Q7) Explain with suitable examples positive and negative control of gene expression.[16]
- **Q8)** Write explanatory notes on any two of the following: [16]
 - a) Eukaryotic ribosome assembly.
 - b) Pharmacogenomics.
 - c) X-linked immunodefficiency.



P1198

[3827-B]-503 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 13 : Environmental Biotechnology (2008 Pattern) (New)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of five questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

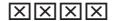
- Q1) Enlist the nonconventional sources of energy. Explain use of any two sources as better alternative to conventional sources.[16]
- Q2) a) Define pollution. Mention its types and explain the effect of any one on biological systems.[8]
 - b) Give a concise account of methods of physicochemical analysis of soil.

[8]

- Q3) a) Explain the pathways of biodegradation of insecticides in soil. [8]
 - b) Give a concise account of biological treatment of waste water. [8]
- **Q4)** Write explanatory notes on any two of the following: [16]
 - a) Application of remote sensing in environmental hazard prediction
 - b) Reuse and disposal of biosolids.
 - c) Guidelines and methods of EIA.

- **Q5)** What is bioremediation? Mention its types and explain any two methods. [16]
- Q6) a) Explain any one technology for production of biomaterials as substitutes for nondegradable material.[8]
 - b) What are bioindicators? How are they used to detect pollution? [8]

- Q7) What is conservation biotechnology? Enlist the technologies for conservation of bioresources and explain any two such technologies. [16]
- **Q8)** Write explanatory notes on any two of the following: [16]
 - a) Biosensors and their application.
 - b) Ecomarks.
 - c) Sustainable development.



P1199

[3827-B]-701 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 31 : Animal Biotechnology (2008 Pattern) (New)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of five questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q1) a) Mention the types of animal cell cultures. Explain the procedure for maintenance and growth kinetics of any one type.[8]
 - b) Explain the concept of live stock breed. Add a note on the productivity of such breed. [8]
- Q2) a) Explain the advantages, limitations and application of artificial breeding in animals.[8]
 - b) What is meant by gene banking? Mention the types of gene banks and their use in animal biotechnology. [8]
- Q3) a) How are stem cells maintained in undifferentiated status? How does one ensure their undifferentiated status?[8]
 - b) Explain growth curve of finite cell line. What is Hay Flick's limit crisis period? [8]
- Q4) Write explanatory notes on any two of the following: [16]
 - a) Long term maintenance and application of stem cells.
 - b) Applications of animal cell culture.
 - c) Heterogeneity of stem cells.

SECTION - II

- **Q5)** Explain in detail the procedure of $\underline{\text{in } \text{vitro}}$ fertilization in animals. [16]
- **Q6)** What are transgenic animals? Explain the methods of genetic modifications.

[16]

- **Q7)** Explain: [16]
 - a) Germ cell storage and its application.
 - b) Knock out mice and knock in mice.
- **Q8)** Write explanatory notes on any two of the following: [16]
 - a) Application of embryo transfer.
 - b) Artificial insemination.
 - c) Factors affecting artificial breeding.



P1200

[3827-B]-702 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 32 : Fermentation Technology (2008 Pattern) (New)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of five questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections should be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

Q1) What is mass transfer? Explain.

[16]

- a) Liquid liquid mass transfer and
- b) Gas liquid mass transfer.

Explain their application in bioprocessing.

- Q2) a) What is the importance of non mechanically agitated fermenters? Explain the principle and working of any two such fermenters.[8]
 - b) A fermentation process requires measuring and control of [8]
 - i) Microbial biomass and
 - ii) Weight of the fermenter.

Explain the methods used for these parameters.

- Q3) a) Explain with the help of an equation. How growth rate is related to formation of products in primary metabolism. How is it different from that in secondary metabolism?[8]
 - b) Describe different designs of reactors appropriate for using immobilized enzymes on larger scale. [8]
- Q4) Write explanatory notes on any two of the following: [16]
 - a) Role of mixed cultures in fermentation industry.
 - b) Aseptic operations and containment.
 - c) Scale down.

- **Q5)** What is strain improvement? Explain how auxotrophic mutants, analogue resistant mutants and revertants are used for strain improvement. [16]
- Q6) a) Explain the recovery of an endocellular enzyme from fermented broth.Add a note on dust free enzyme.[8]
 - b) What are advanced biomethanation systems? Give their applications [8]
- Q7) a) Why is biotransformation preferred over chemical transformation? Explain with appropriate example.[8]
 - b) What is the role of inhibitors, precursors and inducers in fermentation? Explain giving examples. [8]
- **Q8)** Write explanatory notes on any two of the following: [16]
 - a) Supercritical fluid extraction.
 - b) Ion exchange chromatography and adsorption chromatography in recovery of antibiotics.
 - c) Recombinant DNA technology for strain improvement.



Total No. of Questions : 6]

[Total No. of Pages: 1

P1201

[3827-B]-703 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 33 a : Principles of Virology (2008 Pattern) (New)

		(2008 Pattern) (New)	
Tim	e:1½	[Max. Ma	rks : 40
Inst	ructio	ons to the candidates:	
	2)	Attempt a total of four questions selecting at least two questions from each sanswers to the sections must be written on separate answer books. Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	section.
		SECTION - I	
Q 1)		Comment on plague assay method of diagnosis of viral disease. Explain the mode of action of antiviral agent for HIV.	[5] [5]
Q_{2}) Ju	stify the following:	[10]
	a) b)	Vaccines can be used both for prevention and treatment of viral dis Marburg virus is an agent of new emerging infection.	seases.
Q 3)		Explain the replication of SV 40 virus. Describe the morphology and ultrastructure of Pox virus.	[5] [5]
		SECTION - II	
Q4)		Discuss the epidemiology of HIV. Describe morphology and ultrastructure of TMV.	[5] [5]
Q5	Explain the following:		[10]
		Persistent infections. Diseases caused by poultry viruses. (any one)	
Q6)	W	rite explanatory notes on:	[10]
	a)	Foot and mouth disease	

$\times \times \times$

b) New emerging infections.

Total No. of Questions: 6]

P1202

[3827-B]-704 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 33 b : Advanced Immunology (2008 Pattern) (New)

Time: 1½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 40

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of four questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

- Q1) a) Describe the structure and role of mucous associated lymphoid tissue.[5]
 - b) Explain the role of B cells in antigen presentation. [5]
- Q2) a) Describe immunity mechanisms that exist in lower phyla of animals. [5]
 - b) Explain how innate immunity forms an important line of defense for the body. [5]
- **Q3)** Write explanatory notes on:

[10]

[Total No. of Pages: 1

- a) Factors responsible for development of autoimmunity.
- b) HAT medium for production of hybridomas.

SECTION - II

- **Q4)** a) Explain the types of therapeutic antibodies and their importance in medical field. [5]
 - b) Explain with appropriate example, the use of animal model in immunology.

[5]

- **Q5)** a) Mention the formats of ELISA and their use in disease diagnosis. [5]
 - b) Explain advantages of recombinant vaccines over normal vaccines. [5]
- **Q6)** Write explanatory notes on:

[10]

- a) Use of bioreactor (any one type) for large scale production of antibodies.
- b) Phage display technology in immunology.

XXXX

P462

[3827-B] - 601 M.Sc. (Sem - II) BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-21: Genetic Engineering

(New Course) (2008 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of five questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

- Q1) a) What are cosmids? Explain how they can be used as vectors in genetic engineering.[8]
 - b) Explain with examples the significance of DNA dependent DNA polymerases in genetic engineering. [8]
- Q2) a) Write comparative account of R-M (Restriction Methylation) systems I,II and III.[8]
 - b) What is gene augmentation therapy? Explain with appropriate examples. [8]
- Q3) a) Explain the procedure of DNA finger printing. [8]
 - b) What are peptide vaccines? Compare them with DNA vaccines. [8]
- **Q4)** a) What are retroviruses? How are they employed in gene therapy? [8]
 - b) What is homopolymeric tailing? Explain with a diagram. Comment on its significance in genetic engineering. [8]

Q5)	a)	Explain sanger's method of DNA sequencing.	[8]
	b)	What is PCR? Explain the important parameters in carrying out PCR	ر؟[8]
Q6)	a)	Enlist various expression vectors. Describe the structure and use o	f
		any one vector.	[8]
	b)	Give a concise account of the outcome of human genome project.	[8]
Q 7)	a)	Compare the physical mapping and genetic mapping.	[8]
	b)	Explain with an example induction of expression of an industrially	
		important product.	[8]
Q8)	Write explanatory notes on:		[16]
	a)	Chimeric constructs	
	b)	Maxam-Gilbert method of gene sequencing.	



P463

[3827-B] - 602

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-22: Bioinformatics

(New) (2008 Pattern) (Sem. - II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80 Instructions to the candidates: Attempt a total of five questions selecting at least two questions from each section. 2) Answers to the two sections must be written on separate answer books. Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. 3) 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks. **SECTION - I** Define Bioinformatics and mention its scope. What is its relevance to *Q1*) a) Biotechnology? [8] Enlist publicly available databases and explain salient features of any b) one. [8] How database search can be carried out using sequence as a probe?[8] *Q2*) a) Mention similarities and differences between BLAST and FASTA. [8] b) *Q3*) Explain in brief: [16] Structure based drug designing. a) Energy optimization technique. b) **Q4)** Write explanatory notes on: Global and local alignment tools. [8] a)

Molecular modelling.

b)

[8]

- Q5) a) Which tools are recommended for obtaining primary structure of a protein? Why?[8]
 - b) Explain any one method used for prediction of secondary structure. [8]
- Q6) Enlist the current research areas in Bioinformatics. Explain with appropriate example any one.[16]
- *Q7*) Explain:
 - a) CATH as a tool to determine the structure of a protein. [8]
 - b) Epitope prediction. [8]
- **Q8)** Write explanatory notes on: [16]
 - a) Bioinformatics business model.
 - b) Research funding for Bioinformatics.



P464

[3827-B] - 603 M.Sc.-I (Sem - II) BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 23: Plant Biotechnology

(New Course) (2008 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of five questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

- Q1) a) Mention the landmarks of plant biotechnology as on today. [8]
 - b) Enlist economically important algae. Explain with appropriate example, qualitative improvement for economically important product in any one of them.
- Q2) Name at least four economically important fungi. Mention the product obtained from each. Explain the technology to improve quantity of the product in any two fungi.
- Q3) Discuss with the help of appropriate examples, the advantages of plant tissue culture technique over conventional methods of plant propagation. [16]

Q4) Write explanatory notes on:

[16]

- a) Anther culture as Agrobiotechnology
- b) Plant growth regulators for induction of <u>in vitro</u> caulogenesis.

SECTION-II

- Q5) What is somatic embryogenesis? Describe the protocol for rearing somatic embryos in vitro. Mention the advantages and application of somatic embryogenesis in plants.[16]
- Q6) What are transgenics? Enlist the methods of obtaining transgenic plants. Explain the advantages and application of one food plant and one nonfood plant obtained thr' transgenic technology.[16]
- Q7) What is somatic hybridization? Mention major steps involved in it. Enlist the advantages of somatic hybridization over conventional hybridization. Cite at least two examples.[16]
- **Q8)** Write explanatory notes on:

[16]

- a) Plantibodies
- b) Engineering plants for better phytoremediation.



P465

[3827-B] - 801 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-41: Genomics and Proteomics

(New) (2008 Pattern) (Sem - IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 60

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of five questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

- Q1) Explain the key steps in whole genome sequencing. [12]
- Q2) Elaborate the concept of comparative genomics. [12]
- **Q3)** Explain the principles and applications of
 - a) Functional genomics.
 - b) Transcriptomics. [12]
- **Q4)** Write explanatory notes on:
 - a) Toxicogenomics.
 - b) Pharmacogenomics. [12]

Q5)	Wha	t is proteomics? Elaborate the concept of structural proteomics.	[12]
Q6)	Expl	ain the method to study protein-protein interactions.	[12]
Q7)	Explain the application of proteomics:		
	a)	Drug development.	
	b)	Screening of diagnostic markers.	
Q8)	Writ	e explanatory notes on:	[12]
	a)	Characterization of novel proteins.	
	b)	Functional proteomics.	



P466

[3827-B] - 802 M.Sc. (Sem. - IV)

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-42: Legal and Ethical Aspects in Biotechnology and IPR (New) (2008 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours | [Max. Marks: 60]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of five questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

- Q1) What is intellectual property? How is it different from other types of properties?Enlist the intellectual property rights. [12]
- Q2) What is a patent? Mention the conditions for patentability. Outline the procedure for obtaining a patent.[12]
- Q3) What is a copy right? Explain it with reference to assignment, transfer and infringement.[12]
- **Q4)** Write explanatory notes on:

[12]

- a) Industrial designs, registration and piracy.
- b) Registration of copyright.

- Q5) Explain Indian Patent Act 1970 with special reference to important definitions and interpretations.[12]
- Q6) What are TRIPS? In what way these brought changes in the Indian Patent system?
 [12]
- Q7) a) What is WTO? Enlist at least six agreements signed by the contracting parties.[12]
 - b) What is meant by Geographical indication? How is it protected? Explain with an appropriate example.
- **Q8)** Write explanatory notes on:

[12]

- a) Plant breeder's and farmer's rights.
- b) Haldi Patent / Neem Patent / Basmati Patent.



P467

[3827-B] - 803 M.Sc. (Sem - IV) BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 43 : Clinical Research and Database Management (New Course) (2008 Pattern)

Time: 1½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 40

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of four questions selecting atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

- Q1) Mention important legislations and regulations that control the scope and procedures of clinical research.[10]
- Q2) Justify the role of pre clinical trials in pharmaceutical industry mention the principles of preclinical trials.[10]
- Q3) Out line the process of research, development and marketing of a biological product as a therapeutically active compound. [10]

SECTION-II

- Q4) Explain the protocol of clinical trial. Mention significance of any one step.[10]
- Q5) State the principles of data management and query resolution with reference to clinical research.[10]
- Q6) a) Write a standard format of a case report form for clinical research. [5]
 - b) Mention the method of reporting serious adverse events. [5]

P468

[3827-B] - 804 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT - 44a: Nanobiotechnology

(New) (2008 Pattern) (Sem. - IV)

Time: 1½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 40

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of four questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION - I

Q1) What does the prefix 'nano' in the word nanoscience indicate? Trace the land marks in the development of nanotechnology with reference to living systems.

[10]

- Q2) Explain the applications of nanotechnology in life science. Mention appropriate examples.
- Q3) Write notes on: [10]
 - a) Functionalization of nanoparticles.
 - b) Scope of nanobiotechnology.

- **Q4)** Explain the use of biomolecule as a nanostructure in gene therapy and separation of cell organelles. Cite appropriate examples. [10]
- **Q5)** a) How are nanoparticles used for targeted drug delivery?
 - b) What are biosensors? Explain schematically, function of a biosensor.

[10]

Q6) Write notes on:

[10]

- a) Bio-based protocol for synthesis of nanostructures.
- b) Chemical methods for synthesis of nanoparticles.



P469

[3827-B] - 805

M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-44b: Stem cell Technology and Regenerative Medicines (NEW COURSE) (2008 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 60

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of five questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

- Q1) Illustrate the structure of a female gamete of a mammal and state the immidiate changes induced by fertilization.[12]
- Q2) Enlist the developmental processes associated with embryogenesis and explain any one in detail.[12]
- Q3) What a stem cells? Mention their peculiarities. Add a note on embryonic stem cells.
- Q4) Write notes on: [12]
 - a) Adult stem cells.
 - b) Cell differentiation.

Q5)	Mention stem cell technologies and explain their applications.	[12]
Q6)	What are transgenics? How are these obtained? What are their application	ns? [12]
Q7)	What is meant by gene therapy? What are advantages applications and	[12]
Q8)	Write notes on:	
	a) Koock outs.b) Bioethics.	



P470

[3827-B] - 806 M.Sc.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

BT-44C: Agricultural Biotechnology (New) (2008 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 60

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt a total of five questions selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the sections must be written on separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

- Q1) What are homozygous plants? How are such plants produced? Explain any one method. Add a note on their significance. [12]
- Q2) Why some hybrid embryos need special treatment to remain viable? Mention the methods to rear viable hybrid embryos. Explain any one method. Cite appropriate examples.[12]
- **Q3)** Explain: [12]
 - a) Apomixis as a developmental phenomenon and its exploitation in agricultural biotechnology.
 - b) Application of experimental poly embryony in agricultural biotechnology.
- Q4) Write notes on: [12]
 - a) Micropropagation of oil seed crop.
 - b) Production of triploids in vitro.

Q5)	Explain the methods of use of bioreactor to scale up the production of plants. Cite appropriate examples. [12]			
Q6)	Explain:			
	a)	Use of marker assisted technology for testing fidelity of regenerents.		
	b)	Virus indexing as an important step in commercial micro propagation.		
Q7)	Explain with appropriate examples, development and application of transgenic plants for production of secondary metabolites of commercial importance.			
		[12	2]	
Q8)	Write notes on:			
	a)	Application of somaclonal variation in crop improvement.		
	b)	Importance of Biofertilizers in crop biotechnology.		

not not not

[Total No. of Pages :2

Total No. of Questions: 8]

P681

[3827] - 405 M.Sc. - II BOTANY

BO - 4.43 : Angiosperms (Special paper - II) (2008 Pattern) (Sem. - IV) (New Course)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1)** What is arboriculture? Describe general criteria for selection of trees for plantation. Add a note on features for an arborescent form.
- **Q2)** a) What is somatic embryogenesis? Give the requirements and various processes involved in it.
 - b) Describe ultrastructure and biochemistry of any one wood element studied by you.
- **Q3**) Describe the structure and organization of wood. Add a note on properties of wood.
- Q4) Write short notes any two of the following:
 - a) VAM application.
 - b) Tracheary elements of wood.
 - c) Trees suitable for agroforestry and forestation.

- **Q5)** Explain in detail pollen ultrastructure and its biochemistry.
- **Q6)** "Comment on".
 - a) Pollen storage and viability.
 - b) Embryo rescue.
- **Q7)** Describe the major phases of embryogenesis and procedures of experimental embryogenesis.
- Q8) Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Pollen culture.
 - b) Cytology of endosperm.
 - c) Pollen based industries.



Total No. of Questions: 8]

P682

[3827] - 407 M.Sc. BOTANY

BO - 4.45 : Genetics, Molecular Biology and Plant Breeding (2008 Pattern) (Sem. - IV) (Special Paper - II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1)** What is population genetics? Describe factors responsible for genetic variability.
- Q2) a) Describe the technique of PCR.
 - b) Explain various types of draught environments.
- *Q3)* a) Give applications of Southern and Northern blotting.
 - b) Describe the role of mutagenesis in crop improvement.
- **Q4)** Write notes on \underline{any} \underline{two} of the following:
 - a) Nucleic acid purification.
 - b) Reverse transcription.
 - c) Legume protein improvement.

- **Q5)** Explain strategies of breeding for resistance to abiotic stresses.
- **Q6)** a) Describe gene-environmental interactions.
 - b) Explain in brief the concept of polygenic inheritance.
- **Q7)** a) Explain biotechnological procedures used for breeding oil yielding crops.
 - b) Briefly outline the mechanisms of genetic control of nutritional traits.
- Q8) Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Genome libraries.
 - b) Chromosome walking.
 - c) Mitochondrial genome.



[Total No. of Pages :2

Total No. of Questions: 8]

P683

[3827] - 408 M.Sc. BOTANY

BO - 4.46 : Plant Biotechnology (2008 Pattern) (New) (Sem. - IV) (Special paper - II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answer to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.

- Q1) What is gene amplification? Briefly explain any two PCR based markers.
- (Q2) a) Explain the importance of structural and functional genomics.
 - b) Give outline of sequencing stratigies for whole genome analysis.
- Q3) a) Write the principal and method of southern blotting.
 - b) Describe the role of proteomics in screening of diagnostic markers.
- **Q4)** Write notes on $\underline{\text{any}} \underline{\text{two}}$ of the following:
 - a) Vectors in gene cloning.
 - b) Stratigies in proteomics.
 - c) Genome annotation.

- **Q5)** What are genomic libraries? Explain the construction and use of gene library.
- **Q6)** a) Describe the techniques of restriction mapping with their importance.
 - b) Explain the principal and method of RFLP. Comment on its applications.
- **Q7)** a) Describe the role of Biotechnology in waste water treatment.
 - b) Give the applications of micropropagation in agriculture.
- **Q8)** Write notes on <u>any two</u> of the following:
 - a) Role of Biotechnology in improving biological nitrogen fixation.
 - b) Ethical concernes of GM crops.
 - c) Nod genes.



[Total No. of Pages :2

Total No. of Questions: 8]

P684

[3827] - 409 M.Sc. - II BOTANY

BO - 4.47 : Plant Biodiversity (2008 Pattern) (New) (Sem. - IV) (Special Paper - II)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any FIVE questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1)** Give concise account of species diversity and process responsible for species extinction.
- **Q2)** Explain indetail Ex-situ conservation of Bio-diversity.
- Q3) Explain:
 - a) Role of bio-technology in utilization of Bio-diversity.
 - b) Ecological and Economic impacts on biological invasions.
- **Q4)** Write notes on any two:
 - a) Loss of Bio-diversity as an economic process.
 - b) Concept of sustainable development.
 - c) Inland wetlands.

- **Q5)** Give concise account on organizations involved in Bio-diversity management.
- **Q6)** Discuss in detail uses of bio-diversity as food, fodder, Forage and Timber.

Q7) Explain:

- a) Economics of biodiversity Exploitation.
- b) Biodiversity Act.

Q8) Write notes on any two:

- a) Indigenous knowledge system.
- b) Valuation of bio-diversity.
- c) Wildlife Act.



P685

[3827] - 31 M.Sc. - II BOTANY

BO - 331 : Plant Development and Reproduction (Old) (Sem. - III)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1)** What are plant hormones? Enlist them and describe their effects on plant development.
- Q2) Classify meristem. Explain the organization and activity of lateral meristem.
- Q3) Comment on:
 - a) Hormonal control of seedling growth.
 - b) Growth at cell and organ level.
- Q4) Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) RAM.
 - b) Growth and differentiation of stomata.
 - c) Sexual versus vegetative reproductive growth.

- **Q5)** Discuss pollen stigma interaction. Add a note on post pollination changes in embryosac.
- **Q6)** Describe male gametophyte and comment on pollen deviation from normal development.

Q7) Comment on :

- a) Endosperm developmental patterns.
- b) Biochemistry and molecular biology of fruit maturation.
- **Q8)** Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Apomixis.
 - b) Development of tapetum and it's role.
 - c) Dynamics of fruit growth.



P686

[3827] - 32 M.Sc. - II BOTANY

BO - 332 : Plant Ecology (Old Course) (Sem. - III)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- Q1) What is succession? Describe the different stages in hydrosere.
- **Q2)** What is community analysis? Describe the analytical and synthetic characters of a community.
- **Q3)** a) Define energy dynamics. Discuss the trophic organisation in different ecosystems.
 - b) Describe in detail the methods for biodiversity measurements.
- Q4) Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Primary productivity.
 - b) Carbon cycle.
 - c) Endemism.
 - d) Hotspots in India.

- **Q5)** What is soil pollution? Enlist different sources and explain it's effects on plants and ecosystems.
- **Q6)** What are the consequences of climate change? Discuss it with respect to global warming.
- **Q7)** a) Explain concept of EIA.
 - b) What is ecosystem stability? Explain it with respect to resistance and resilience.
- **Q8)** Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Rise in sea level.
 - b) Ozone layer and Ozone hole.
 - c) Effects of water pollution.
 - d) Sustainable development.



P687

[3827] - 33 M.Sc. - II BOTANY

BO - 333 : Taxonomy and Diversity of Seed Plants (Old) (Sem. - III)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- Q1) Describe male and female cones of coniferales and comment on their affinities.
- **Q2)** Comment on:
 - a) Salient features of pentoxylales.
 - b) Valid publication and priority.
- Q3) a) Explain phenetic versus phytogenetic systems.
 - b) Comment on merits and demerits of Takhtajan's system of classification of Angiosperms.
- Q4) Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Affinities of Gnetales.
 - b) Molecular taxonomy.
 - c) Procedure for describing new genus.

- **Q5)** Give salient features of Gentianales. Give an account of comparative treatment by Hutchinson and Cronquist.
- **Q6)** Explain the role of embryology and phytochemistry in modern taxonomy with suitable examples.
- **Q7)** a) Comment on Gametophyte of Cycadales.
 - b) Explain general characters of gymnosperms and their distribution in India.
- **Q8)** Write short notes on <u>any two</u> of the following:
 - a) Numerical taxonomy.
 - b) Magnoliales.
 - c) Local plant diversity and its socio-economic importance.



P688

[3827] - 41 M.Sc. - II BOTANY

BO - 441 : Applied Mycology and Applied Phycology (Sem. - IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer book.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1)** Describe mass production technology of spirulina. Add a note on its factors affecting, cultivation, processing, yield and nutritional studies.
- *Q2)* a) Sea weeds and its application.
 - b) Comment on status of marine algae in India.
- *Q3)* a) Algal blooms and its effects.
 - b) Algal stabilization ponds.
- Q4) Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Biogas energy and algae.
 - b) Necessity of sewage treatment.
 - c) Algalization and its impact on crop yield.

- **Q5)** Describe in detail the production of industrial alcohol and vitamins by fermentation technology.
- **Q6)** a) Fungi as biological control agents.
 - b) Antitumour and antiviral agents from fungi.
- **Q7)** a) Role of fungi in biotechnology.
 - b) Fungal transformation of steroids.
- **Q8)** Write notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Fungal biofertilizers and their use in waste land development.
 - b) Fungal single-cell protein.
 - c) Fungi in coal solubilization.



[Total No. of Pages :2

P689

[3827] - 42 M.Sc. - II BOTANY

BO - 442 : Plant Resources Utilization and Conservation (2005 Pattern) (Old Course 2004) (Sem. - IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

Total No. of Questions: 8]

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1)** Describe any two vegetable oil yielding crops with respect to origin, evolution and cultivation.
- **Q2)** a) Give a brief account of plant diversity of western ghats and Himalayan region.
 - b) Mention diagnostic characters and uses of Teak.
- **Q3)** a) Explain the Indo-Burmese region as a centre of plant diversity.
 - b) Comment on gums and resins as non wood forest products.
- Q4) Write short notes on any two:
 - a) Green revolution in India.
 - b) Sources and uses of tannins and dyes.
 - c) Origin and cultivation of any one aromatic crop.

- **Q5)** What are National parks? Enlist the national parks in India and comment on their role in plant conservation.
- **Q6)** Give an account of ICAR and BSI with reference to conservation of plants.
- *Q7*) Comment on:
 - a) Ex-situ conservation.
 - b) Wet lands.
- **Q8)** Write notes on any two:
 - a) Criteria for selection of plants for avenues.
 - b) Mangrove diversity of Maharashtra.
 - c) DBT and ICAR.



P690

[3827] - 43 M.Sc. (Sem. - IV) BOTANY

BO - 443 (a): Angiosperms (Elective Course) (2004 Pattern) (Old Course)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

SECTION - I

- **Q1)** Explain with suitable examples the role of phytochemistry and palynology in systematics of Angiosperms.
- Q2) a) Describe the major centres of floristic studies in India.
 - b) Describe in brief the procedure in preparing the regional flora.

Q3) Comment on:

- a) Insectivorous and aquatic plants of botanical interest.
- b) Fossil angiosperm flowers.
- Q4) Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Clausen's experiments.
 - b) Monophyletic and polyphyletic origin of Angiosperms.
 - c) Micromorphology.

- **Q5)** Explain the evolutionary trends in placentation and flower of Angiosperms.
- **Q6)** a) Describe bee forage plants and floral calender.
 - b) What is polyembryony? Give its different types. Add a note on its importance.

Q7) Comment on :

- a) Pollen ultrastructure and biochemistry.
- b) Selection of trees in arboriculture.
- Q8) Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - a) Distant hybridization.
 - b) Apomixis.
 - c) Units of pollen dispersal.



P691

[3827] - 44 M.Sc. - II BOTANY

BO - 443 (b): Cytogenetics and Plant Breeding (Sem. - IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1)** Describe the morphology of metaphase chromosomes. Explain the role of different molecular markers in chromosome morphology.
- Q2) Explain the principle and method of RAPD. Add a note on its applications.
- Q3) a) Explain the meiotic behaviour in primary trisomics.
 - b) Discuss the evolution of allotetraploid wheat.
- Q4) Write short notes on any two:
 - a) Banding technique and its applications.
 - b) Meiotic behaviour of dicentric chromosomes.
 - c) Reciprocal translocation.

- Q5) Describe the primary centres of origin for crop plants according to vavilor.
- **Q6)** Explain in detail any two methods of breeding for self-pollivated crops. Add a note on their merits and demerits.
- **Q7)** a) Discuss the role of cytoplasmic male sterility in production of hybrid seeds.
 - b) Explain the method of clonal selection employed for vegetatively propagated crops.
- **Q8)** Write short notes on any two:
 - a) Physical mutagens.
 - b) Limitations of mutation breeding.
 - c) Applications of haploidy



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[3827] - 45 M.Sc. - II BOTANY

BO - 443 (c) : Mycology (Sem. - IV) (Elective Paper)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, taking at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer book.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat labelled diagrams should be drawn wherever necessary.

- **Q1)** Give an account of classification of fungi proposed by Alexopoulos, Mims and Blackwell (1996).
- **Q2)** a) Describe different types of fossil fungi.
 - b) Give brief account of fungi as Necrotrophs.
- Q3) Comment on:
 - a) Air borne fungi.
 - b) Rhizosphere.
- Q4) Write notes on any two:
 - a) Fungal sex hormones.
 - b) Vitamins.
 - c) Contribution of B.B. Mundkur.

- Q5) Describe the types of ascocarpus and add a note on their significance.
- **Q6)** a) Describe as exual reproductive structure in Saproleginales.
 - b) Give an account of fruiting bodies in Deuteromycotina.
- **Q7**) Comment on :
 - a) Lycoperdales.
 - b) Loculoascomycetes.
- **Q8)** Write notes on any two:
 - a) Pathogenecity.
 - b) Strain improvement.
 - c) Hypomycetes.



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[3827] - 47 M.Sc. BOTANY O - 443 (e) : Plant Phys

BO - 443 (e): Plant Physiology (2004 Pattern) (Old) (Sem. - IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting atleast two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- Q1) Explain the role of growth regulators with reference to crop productivity.
- Q2) Describe physiological basis of productivity in sugar cane.
- Q3) Explain:
 - a) Role of trace elements.
 - b) Biochemical changes during genescence.
- **Q4)** Write short notes on any two:
 - a) Emerging trends in improvement of crop productivity.
 - b) NAR and its dependence on temperature.
 - c) Relevance of photoperiodism on plant productivity.

- **Q5)** Explain mechanism of defence in plants against pathogenic attack.
- **Q6)** Give a concise account on effects and mechanism of tolerance with reference to high light intensity.

Q7) Explain:

- a) Effect of salt stress on plant metabolism.
- b) Water stress and plant metabolism.
- **Q8)** Write notes on any two:
 - a) Green revolution.
 - b) Genes for stress tolerance.
 - c) Salt tolerant halophytes.



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[3827] - 48 M.Sc. - II BOTANY

BO - 443 (f): Pharmacognosy (2004 Pattern) (Old) (Sem. - IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All question carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- *Q1)* What is adulteration? Explain various methods of adulteration.
- Q2) a) Explain ash and fluorescence analysis.
 - b) Give macroscopic and microscopic characters of Ephedra.
- **Q3)** a) What are carbohydrates? Give its physical and chemical properties.
 - b) What is chemotaxonomy? Explain its role in pharmacognosy.
- **Q4)** Write short notes on any two:
 - a) Clinical studies of crude drugs.
 - b) Chemical assay of ergot.
 - c) IPR.

- **Q5)** What is efhnobotany? Give its concepts and relevance. Add a note on its contribution in modern medicine.
- **Q6)** a) Describe the pharmacognosy of <u>Plantago</u> ovata.
 - b) Give pharmacognostic account of Rauvolfia serpentina.
- **Q7)** a) Describe scope and importance of pharmacognosy.
 - b) Describe biological assay of Ephedrine.
- **Q8)** Write notes on any two:
 - a) Biotransformation technique.
 - b) Immobilization.
 - c) Volatile oils.



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[3827] - 49 M.Sc. - II BOTANY

BO - 443 g : Seed Technology (2004 Pattern) (Old Course) (Sem. - IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All question carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- Q1) What is seed certification? Explain various steps involved it.
- **Q2)** a) Describe the seed multiplication ratio
 - b) Explain the procedure of seed production of bulb crop.
- *Q3)* a) Explain the criteria for seed storage.
 - b) Explain the genetic purity and quality seed testing.
- **Q4)** Write short notes on any two:
 - a) Dormancy of seed.
 - b) Seed chemistry.
 - c) RAPD.

- Q5) Describe in detail the procedure of seed production of any one pulse crop.
- **Q6)** a) Describe the procedure for seed processing and handling.
 - b) Explain the physiological changes occuring during seed germination.
- **Q7)** a) Describe the steps involved in marketing of seeds.
 - b) Explain the physiological procedure for seed development.
- **Q8)** Write short notes on any two:
 - a) Farm management.
 - b) DNA finger printing.
 - c) Quarantine for seeds.



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[3827] - 50 M.Sc. - II BOTANY

BO - 443 (h): Plant Bio-diversity (Elective Paper) (2004 Pattern) (Old) (Sem. - IV)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions, selecting at least two questions from each section.
- 2) Answer to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) All questions carry equal marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

SECTION - I

- Q1) What is species diversity? Give concise account of species diversity indices.
- **Q2)** What is Agrobiodiversity? Give detailed account of diversity in domesticated species.

Q3) Explain:

- a) Determinants of genetic diversity.
- b) Bio-diversity values.

Q4) Write notes on any two:

- a) Arid and Semiarid Ecosystem.
- b) Species diversity in urban habitats.
- c) Centers of diversity.

- **Q5)** Give concise account of loss of genetic diversity with respect to founder effects. Demographic Bottlenecks and Inbreeding Depression.
- **Q6)** Explain in detail Ex-situ conservation of Bio-diversity.

Q7) Explain:

- a) Role of bio-technology in Bio-diversity conservation.
- b) Impact of Ecotourism in Biodiversity conservation.
- **Q8)** Write notes on any two:
 - a) Eco-tourism and Bio-piracy.
 - b) Conservation of Ecosystem diversity.
 - c) Organizations associated in biodiversity management.

