Inter exchange Programme of N.S.S. Volunteers between Maharashtra (University of Pune) and Karnataka State N.S.S.

Introduction:-

During the past three years, around 200 N.S.S. volunteers from Maharashtra have benefited from the above programme, which was conducted on a self-supporting basis. was a mutual learning process and has resulted in creating a lot of good will among the N.S.S. volunteers in these neighborhood stats.

Under the kind guidance of Hon. Vice-Chancellor, Pune University Pune. Prof. Nilufer Ahmed, State Liaison officer, N.S.S., Maharashtra State, Captain Subhash Chand, Programme Adviser, Regional Centre, Maharashtra, Dr. Sanjay Chakane, Programme N.S.S., Pune University and the continuous efforts of Dr. H.S. Suresh Programme Advisor, N.S.S. Regional Centre, Karnataka State. The programme for inter-exchange of N.S.S. Volunteers to Inter State Special N.S.S. camp was made during the period 29th April 2006 to 6th May 2006 students of Shri Siddhivinayak Mahavidyalaya and Pune University N.S.S. Department organised cultural interexchange programme with Karnataka state of Nagathihalli.

The characteristic of this camp is that Programme Co-coordinator Dr. Sanjay Chakane, Programme officers Dr. Kulkarni V.V. and Prof. S.Y. Kelkar and ten volunteers participated in this camp under inter-exchange programme of Reginal office of Maharashtra and Karnataka state.

At the same time volunteers were successful in exchanging language through cultural upbringings among of themselves.

A group of ten volunteers and Programme Co-ordinator Dr. Sanjay Chakane, Programme officers Dr. V.V. Kulkarni and Prof. S.Y. Kelkar participated in the N.S.S. camp. When we reached at Banglore Railway station. We were warmly welcomed by Dr. H.S. Suresh and their N.S.S. Volunteers.

The Programme was organised at Nagathihalli, Dist- Mondya.

Pune University N.S.S. Department &

Shri Siddhivinayak Mahavidyalaya, Karvenagar Inter-Exchange Programme.

(29th April 2006 to 6th May 2006)

Co-ordinator of Programme :- Dr. Sanjay Chakane

N.S.S., Co-ordinator, Pune University

Programme Officers :- 1) Dr. Vandana Kulkarni

2) Prof. S.Y. Kelkar

Participant Volunteers :- 1) Sarade Renuka (T.Y. B.Com)

2) Joshi Archana (T.Y. B.Com)

3) Sakare Poonam (T.Y. B.Com)

4) Kale Hemangi (S.Y. B.Com)

5) Kaduskar Sheetal (F.Y. B.Com)

6) Shinde Deepali (F.Y. B.Com)

7) Pandagale Vidya (F.Y. B.Com)

8) Tam Savita (FY. B.Com)

9) Joshi Rupali (F.Y. B.Com)

10) Shinde Nirmala (Pune University)

Aims & Objectives

- ❖ To Participate in inter exchange Programme between Maharashtra & Karnataka.
- ❖ To know culture and tradition of Nagathihalli village as well as Karnataka State.
- ❖ Teach our Maharashtrian Culture and tradition to other participants and teach them Rangoli & Mehendi.
- ❖ Perform Maharashtrian sanskruti, dance, food etc.
- Visit places of interest.

Report of Habba

Cultural Programme

In Karnataka State at Nagathihalli village our Maharashtra team celebrated 'Maharashtra Day' on 1st May 2006.

In this inter exchange programme, students from Maharashtra, Karnataka, Mengalore & Pondicheri together performed various cultural programmes. Such as, singing song, dances of their sates, Bharatnatyam, Kolidance, Drama, Mime etc. The Maharashtrian students displayed the beautiful songs, "Maharashtra Lokadhara" (The dance about Bharud, Powada, Bhajan, Lawani, Jagar, Gondhal, Through Maharashtra darshan) a 'Glipse of Maharashtra. Total 30 girls (10 from Maharashtra, 10 from Mangalore and 10 from Pondicheri) participated in this programme.

On 1st May 2006 Maharashtra Volunteers showed 'Lawani' and dance about cultural and traditional activities. Karnataka and Pondicheri students showed their dances and cultural programmes. People appreciated 'Lawani' very much, Maharashtrian Volunteers performed their programme in 'Marathi' Pondicheri Volunteers performed in 'Tamil' and Mengalore Volunteers in 'Kannad'. All Volunteers tried their best to teach our language to other students and leam others language.

On 2nd May 2006, Mehandi programme started at 10 a.m. and continued till 5.00 p.m. Every participant from Maharashtra teaches mehandi to minimum 30 people in

Nagathihalli village. Gents also participated in it. At evening they draw 'Sanskar Bharati' rangoli all around the 'Maria Temple' Village organised rangoli competition for the villagers. Mrs. Chakane and Dr. V.V. Kulkarni examined these rangolies and gave numbers.

On the same day, Medical Check camp was held for villagers. Our students take part in this medical check up camp and helped to doctors.

In the evening and night there was film show programme (film – Gora Kumbhar).

On 3rd May Maharashtrian Volunteers again performed their Lawani and dance in front of the famm Kannad actor 'Vishveshwara' and famm actress 'Tara' on their request.

Prizes were distributed by the hands of their actor and actress. They distributed certificates and idol of 'Ganesh' to every students and participant.

Thus we celebrate three days inter-exchange programme in Nagathihalli very happily, We understand their language, culture, status food and all other things.

We hope due to such programmes the dispute may minimize or disappear between these two states.

Achievements and Conclusion: -

- 1) There is no barrier of language or other, for understanding each other.
- 2) One man, like Nagathihalli Chandrashekhar, Can do much about his village, if he wants to do it.
- 3) Famms people do not try to expose us in front of others.
- 4) If I do any good for others, we can get it back by multiplication.
- 5) If people want homogeneity within state it can be achieved.
- 6) We can develop fast if we left our quarrels, ego's and other small things.
- 7) Do not remain so much calculated, it keep far away from each other.
- 8) Unity is strength, if we want to be successful, in any circumstances, we should be united.
- 9) When we participated in any programme by heart, we can develop our personality.

10) Such types of programmes are necessary for widening the sight of students about their state as well as nation.

Conclusion and Achievements:-

- 1) Personality development was certainly done by every participant through this inter-exchange programme.
- 2) Every participants was ready to fase any problem like language, food, climate, staying facility etc. They can manage very easily within a day.
- 3) Many students are staying in residence home and they learn some kannada word and statements which required regularly.
- 4) Many participants perform dances like Maharashtrachi lokdhara and one Lavani. This may to connect the mind of Karnataka and Maharashtra people.
- 5) All participants realize that every person should learn at least 3 to 4 language.
- 6) One can do his/her best, if he/she wish to do it, without exposing himself/herself, without any publicity.

Food habits:-

- 1) People in Karnataka especially in Nagthihalli eat more rice than other foodgrains.
- 2) The eat variety of products made up of rice like rice bhakari, types of various rice (tomato rice, lamon rice, pongal rice etc) rice khir, Idaly dosa, omlet, aappe etc.
- 3) They hardly use wheat in their lunch and dinner.
- 4) The fruits like Banana, Mango are available everywhere.
- 5) They like coffee very much.

Cultural and tradition:-

Though the art cultural and life style of Indians is different, they all are "Indian" by mind.

1) Home residence –

In Nagarthihalli we observe joint family having minimum 5 to 6 big rooms. They have sufficient space for there animals also. In front of every house there is space and they draw Rangoli every day.

Every house has bathroom. They use big copper pot vessel voiling water. They use waste of coconut tree as fuel. The construction is such that smoke should not gathered inside the bathroom. They use gas stove for preparing food.

2) Cloths –

They wear Lungi, Kurta as well as pant shirt and marital women wear saru abd girls wear Punjabi dress.

3) Occupation –

The main occupation of Nagarthihalli villagers is agricultural. Mainly coconut and rice are main products of their agriculture. They supply rice and coconuts to other states also.

4) Other facilities –

There are only three hundred homes but there is one school up to 7th standard. After 7th standard they learn in the school is one which is 20 km away from village. In village school there are library, one computer lab, one volleyball ground and auditorium. They have T.V. Cable and electricity and mobile facility. There are three small shops and one small hotel, to fulfill regular needs.

5) Transport facility –

The village is situated near by national highway No. 48 (Mangalore, Bangalore highway) so villagers used public vehicle as well as privet vehicle for traveling and transport.

1) Brindavan Garden :-

This garden is near to K.R.S. Dam. This is very big garden. There are lots of fountains. They are dancing on music. With lighting fountain are looking very nice. K.R.S. Dam is built on Kaweri river. For fountain use K.R.S. Dams water. Brindavan Garden is famous for movie shooting. It is very famous tourist place in Mysore.

2) Bharat Ratna Dr. M. Visvesvarya Industrial and Technological Museum opend by Shri Jawaharlal Nehru.

There are 7 sections

- 1) Industrial
- 2) Technical
- 3) Biological
- 4) Space
- 5) Electronical
- 6) Genetic
- 7) Movement of Daenaswar

3) Palace of Tipu Sultan :-

This palace made by wood. This palace is special made for summer session. By outside palace looks one floor but inside it has 2 floors. This palace built by Hydar Ali Khan in 1781 and 1791 Tipu Sultan completed it. This wood kept in Kaveri River for 3 years. Tipu sultan was very brave king.

4) Lal Bag :-

This garden made by Hydar Ali Khan before 300 years ago. This garden has 4 gate. There are lot of trees. In that some trees life is 300 years. There are boncy trees and very highted tree. There is rose garden. Flour clock. There is electronic motor for wondering in garden. One big Rain tree.

5) Chirch :- Sant Filomina

This is very higher church. A shooting of the film Amar, Akbar, Anthoni was done in this church.

6) Escon Temple :-

This temple built by Escon Company. It is very huge temple. It is very clean temple. There are statues of Radha, Krushna, Narsinha, Hanuman, Prahlad.

7) High Court, Vidhan Sabha

8) Chunchungiri:-

Shree Shree Bal Gongadhar Swami Matha Established this matha. It is very big matha. Swami opened many colleges. There is very big temple. He spent 30 croare & 70 croare will be spend.

10) Bahubali Gometeshwar ;-

A famous statue of Bahubali also known as Gometeshwar was situated near Shravan Delgol. This place 30 to 40 km away from Nagathihalli. It is on the way of Banglore-Manglore highway (N.H.48). The total height of statue is near about 54 feet and it is made only in one rock.

11) Bellur Keshav Temple :-

This temple is 120 km away from Nagathihalli on N.H.-48. A temple is well known in India many Indian tourists as well as foreign tourists visited here from 21 Avatar of 'God Vishnu', 'God Keshava' mandir was built by king Hosal in 8th century. The temple architecture was very marvelous. Many statues of Gods, Godess, and Animals were hang in the walls from them many statues was cawed in wall stone. Along

the temple there was huge Angan. One big piller, many Raths, and temples, around the main temple.

12) Halebidu - Shiv Mandir :-

This temple is 20 km away from Bellur temple. This temple also made in Carving rocks and Aller. There are two big statues of Shivpindi and two big Nandi. This statue also made in Granite rocks. Around temple there is big lawn and Garden many types of trees are grown there. Near temple there was one Museum of statues of God & Godess. It is run by Archeology Department of India. A big lake near the temple was enhancing the beauty of temple.

Many tourists also visited to this place. This temple also made by king Hosal in 7^{th} Century.