Syllabus for M. A. Pali (The course applicable to students of the University Departments) SEMESTERS I, II, III, and IV From the Academic Year 2008-2009 Approved by B. O. S. in Sanskrit, Pali and Prakrit

Savitribai Phule Pune University

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M. A. (Pali)

General Instructions about the Course and the Pattern of Examination

1. General Structure:

The post-graduate (M.A.) course is a full time course of the duration of two years. It is divided into two parts: M.A. part I (consisting of two semesters: Semester I and Semester II) and M.A. part II (consisting of two semesters: Semester III and Semester IV). Eligibility for the admission to this course is basically graduation in Pali, Sanskrit, Prakrit or Buddhist studies/Literature but graduates in other subjects or from other faculties are also eligible provided they have certified knowledge of Pali, Sanskrit, Prakrit or Buddhist Studies/literature. The course is conducted in the form of lectures, seminars, and tutorials. Teaching of semesters I and II will be sequential and also that of semesters III and IV. Syllabus for each paper will be discussed in 50 to 60 clock hours (approximately) during each semester.

External students will be admitted to appear for semester exams of semesters I, II, III and IV in a sequential order.

2. Pattern of Examination:

A post-graduate student is assessed for his/her performance at a written test of 1600 marks i.e. sixteen papers of 100 marks each. In the existing examination pattern, a student is assessed for each paper at the end of each semester. The question paper will be set for 50 marks for the students of the University departments and for 80 marks for external students. The question papers will be set according to the revised pattern.

3. Internal Assessment:

Students will also be assessed for their performance in a mid-semester test conducted by the department and for overall performance in each semester course for 50 marks. This provision, however, is not applicable to external students. Performance of external students in semester-end examination will be counted as a whole.

4. The revised syllabi are structured in the following way:

For all the four semesters first three papers are compulsory. The remaining papers marked with an asterisk (*) from the fourth paper onwards in each semester are optional. Students can select any one paper out of these optional papers.

Note:

- 1) All the compulsory papers will be mandatory for external students as well.
- 2) All the optional courses will be available to external students and students from other departments.

3) Students are expected to choose at least one optional paper per semester. They are also free to take additional credits by choosing other optional papers from within the subject or from outside.

SEMESTER I

(Compulsory Papers)

- PA I.1: History of Pāli Language & Literature
- PA I.2: Sutta Literature: Dhammapada and Suttanipāta
- PA I.3: Vinaya Literature: Mahāvagga

SEMESTER I

(Optional Papers)

- *PA I.4: Milindapañho: Bāhirakathā to Nibbānavagga
- *PA I.5: Introduction to Buddhism and its Socially Engaged Aspects
- *PA I.6: Rise and Development of Buddhism up to the Asokan Period
- *PA I.7: Introduction to Buddhist Psychology

(Note: To opt for the optional paper PA I.4 Milindapañho: Bāhirakathā to Nibbānavagga the knowledge of Pali language is essential.)

SEMESTER II

(Compulsory Papers)

- PA II.1: Pāli Grammar, Translation & Composition: Kaccāyaṇa Vyākaraṇa (Sandhikappa and Kārakakappa)
- PA II.2: Sutta Literature: Saṃyuttanikāya and Aṅguttaranikāya
- PA II.3: Cullavagga: Kammakhandhaka & Bhikkhunikhandhaka

SEMESTER II

(Optional Papers)

- *PA II.4: Visuddhimagga Chapter I: Sīlaniddesa
- *PA II.5: Interdisciplinary Role of Buddhism
- *PA II.6: Development of Buddhism in India after the Asokan period up to the 12th Century
- *PA II.7: Methods of Mind Cultivation: (Meditation & Psychotherapies)

(Note: To opt for the optional paper PA II.4 Visuddhimagga Chapter I: Sīlaniddesa the knowledge of the Pali language is essential.)

SEMESTER III

(Compulsory Papers)

- PA III.1: Sutta Literature: Dīghanikāya and Majjhimanikāya
- PA III.2: Vinaya Literature: Bhikkhupātimokkha
- PA III.3: Abhidhamma Literature: Abhidhammatthasangaho and Rūpārūpavibhāga

SEMESTER III

(Optional Papers)

- *PA III.4: Grammatical Literature: Saddanīti (Samāsakappa)
- *PA III.5: Comparative Linguistics
- *PA III.6: Buddhism and Indian Philosophy
- *PA III.7: Resurgence of Buddhism in India
- *PA III.8: Buddhist Art & Architecture
- *PA III.9: Human Experience and Personality

(Note: To opt for the optional paper PA III.4 Grammatical Literature: Saddanīti (Samāsakappa) the knowledge of Pali language is essential.)

SEMESTER IV

(Compulsory Papers)

- PA IV.1: Kāvya Literature: Telakaṭāhagāthā, Vuttodaya, Subodhālaṃkāra
- PA IV.2: The Mahāvaṃsa & the Samantapāsādikā: Three Buddhist Councils & Spread of Buddhism
- PA IV.3: Abhidhamma Literature: Paṭṭhāna Paccayauddesa & Paccayaniddesa

SEMESTER IV

(Optional Papers)

- *PA IV.4: Grammatical Literature: Moggallānavyākarana (Tyādikanda)
- *PA IV.5: Comparative Philology
- *PA IV.6: Buddhism and Western Philosophy
- *PA IV.7: Buddhism and Modern World
- *PA IV.8: Buddhist Inscriptions
- (Note: To opt for the optional paper PA IV.4: Grammatical Literature: Moggallāna Vyākaraṇa (Tyādikaṇḍa) the knowledge of Pali language is essential.)

SEMESTER I

Note: Students can opt any four papers out of the seven. Papers I.1 to I.3 are compulsory whereas papers I.4 to I.7 are optional.

(Compulsory Papers)

PA I.1: History of Pāli Language & Literature (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Linguistic Position of Pāli Language

Origin of Pāli

Homeland of Pāli

Credit 2: Classification of the Buddhavacana

The Study of the Tipitaka

Credit 3: Development of the Pāli Commentarial Literature & Major Pāli Commentators: Buddhadatta, Buddhaghosa, and Dhammapāla

Credit 4: Non-Canonical & Non Commentarial Pāli Literature up to the Modern Period: Milindapañho, Nettippakaraṇa, Peṭakopadesa, Vaṃsa Literature, Pāli Prosody and Rhetoric, Kāvya Literature, Mahābuddhavatthu, Nīti Texts of Burma etc.

Books for Reference:

ADIKARAM, E. W. Early History of Buddhism in Ceylon. Buddhist Cultural Centre, Dehiwala, Sri Lanka, 1994.

BARUA, D. K. Analytical Study of the Four Nikāyas. Calcutta, 1991.

DHRAMARAKSHITA BHIKSHU. *Pāli Sāhitya kā Itihāsa*. Gyanamandala Limited, Varanasi, 1971.

HAZARA, K. L. Studies on Pali Commentaries. B. R. Publishing Corporation, Delhi, 2000.

LAW, B. C. A history of Pāli Literature. Indica Books, Varanasi, India, 2000.

LAY, U Ko. Guide to Tipitaka, www.buddhanet.net

MALALASEKERA, G. P. *The Pali Literature of Ceylon*. India Bharatiya Kala Prakashan, New Delhi, 2010.

NORMAN, K. R. Pāli Literature, Including the Canonical Literature in Prakrit and Sanskrit of all the Hinayāna Schools of Buddhism. Otto Harrassowitz, Wiesbaden, 1983.

PANDE, G. C. Studies in the Origins of Buddhism. Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi, India, 1995.

UPADHYAYA, B. S. *Pāli Sāhitya kā Itihāsa*. Hindi Sahitya Sammelana, Prayaga, 1994.

VON HINUEBER, OSKAR. A Handbook of Pāli Literature. Volume 2 of Indian Philology and South Asian Studies. Walter de Gruter, Berlin, 1996.

WINTERNITZ, M. A. A History of Pāli Literature, Vol. 2. Reprint, New Delhi, 1968.

PA I.2: Sutta Literature: Dhammapada and Suttanipāta (Four Credits)

- **A. Dhammapada:** First Five Vaggas: Yamakavagga, Appamādavagga, Cittavagga, Pupphavagga, Bālavagga
- **B. Suttanipāta:** Dhaniyasutta, Khaggavisāṇasutta, Kasibhāradvājasutta, Vasalasutta, Dhammikasutta
- Credit 1: Introduction of the *Dhammapada*, Its Importance, Comparison with Various Recensions of the *Dhammapada* etc., Yamakavagga, Appamādavagga
- **Credit 2**: Cittavagga, Pupphavagga, Bālavagga
- Credit 3: Introduction to the *Suttanipāta*, Its Place in the Pāli Tipiṭaka Literature, Language of the *Suttanipāta* in Comparison with Vedic Language etc., Dhaniyasutta, Khaggavisānasutta
- **Credit 4**: Kasibhāradvājasutta, Vasalasutta, Dhammikasutta

Books for Reference:

MULLER, F. Max and FAUSBOLL V. *Dhammapada and Sutta-Nipāta*. SBE Vol. 10, Motilal Banarsidass Publishers Private Limited, Delhi, 2003.

NORMAN, K. R. The Word of the Doctrine (Dhammapada). Oxford, PTS, 1997.

RADHAKRISHNAN, S. The Dhammapada. Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2006.

SASTRI, SWAMI DWARIKADAS (Ed. & Trans.). *Suttanipāta Pāli with Hindi Translation*. Bauddha Bharti, Varanasi, 2005.

SASTRI, SWAMI DWARIKADAS (Ed.& Trans.). *Dhammapada Pāli with Hindi and Sanskrit Translation*, Bauddha Bharti, Varanasi, 2001.

SRI DHAMMANANDA, K. *The Dhammapada*, The Corporate Body of the Buddha Educational Foundation, Taiwan, 1998.

VON. HINUBER O. & NORMAN K. R. (eds.). Dhammapada. Oxford, PTS, 1994.

PA I. 3: Vinaya Literature: Mahāvagga (Four Credits)

- Credit 1: Introduction of the Vinayapiṭaka with Special Reference to the Mahāvagga in Comparison with Different Recessions etc., Bodhikathā to Brahmayācanakathā
- **Credit 2**: Pañcavaggiyakathā Pabbajjākathā
- **Credit 3**: Mārakathā Bimbisārasamāgamakathā

Credit 4: Sāriputtamoggallānapabbajjākathā - Abhiññātānam pabbajjā

Books for Reference:

HORNER, I. B. The Book of the Discipline. The Pali Text Society, Oxford, 2001.

DAVIDS, T. W. Rhys and Oldenberg, Hermann. *Vinaya Texts*. SBE Vol. 13, 17, 20; Motilal Banarsidass Publishers Private Limited, Delhi, 2003.

S., RAHULA. *Vinaya-Piṭaka Hindi Translation*. Bauddha Akāra Granthamāla, M. G. Kashi Vidyapitha, Varanasi, 1994.

Mahāvagga. Vipassana Research Institute, Igatpuri, 1998.

SEMESTER I

(OPTIONAL PAPERS)

*PA I.4: Milindapañho: Bāhirakathā to Nibbānavagga (Pages 1-73) (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Introduction to following topics

Importance of the Milindapañha in the Theravāda Buddhism, Description of the Pāli Text in Comparison with its Chinese Counterpart, the Rise of the Bactrian Kingdom and Historicity of King Milinda, Date of the Milindapañha, and the Authorship of the Milindapañha etc.

Credit 2: Bāhirakathā (Pages 1-20)

Credit 3: Mahāvagga & Addhānavagga (Pages 22-49)

Credit 4: Vicāravagga & Nibbānavagga (Pages 50-73)

Books for Reference:

CHAU, BHIKKHU THICH MINH. Milindapañha & Nāgasena Bhikshu Sutra - A Comparative Study (Through Pali and Chinese Sources). www.buddhanet.net

HORNER, I. B. Milinda's Questions, Vol. I. The Pāli Text Society, Oxford, 1996.

PESALA, BHIKKHU. The Debate of King Milinda. www.buddhanet.net

RHYS DAVIDS, T. W. The *Questions of King Milinda*, Vol. I. SBE Vol. 35, Motilal Banarsidass Publishers Private Limited, Delhi, 2003.

SHASTRI, SWAMI DWARIKADAS. *Milindapañhapāli with Hindi Translation*. Bauddha Bharati, Varanasi, 1998.

*PA I.5: Introduction to Buddhism and Its Socially Engaged Aspects (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Buddha's Life and Teachings

Credit 2: Socially Engaged Aspects of Buddhism (Theravada and Mahayana Sources): Rational Approach, Philosophical Foundation, Rites and Rituals, Varna, Caste and Gender Issues, Social Conflicts, Social and Political Order

- **Credit 3:** Socially Engaged Aspects of Buddhism (Theravada and Mahayana sources): Bodhisattva Ideal, Ideal Social Order, Interpersonal Relationship, Householder's Discipline, Monastic Order, Language and Culture
- Credit 4: Contemporary Issues before Buddhism: (i) Compatibility with Science (ii) Karma and Rebirth (iii) Capitalism, Communism (iv) Caste and Gender Inequalities (v) Environmental Crisis (vi) Post-Modernism (vii) Conflict Resolution and World Peace

*PA I.6: Rise and Development of Buddhism up to the Asokan period (Four Credits)

- Credit 1: India Before the Rise of Buddhism: Indus Civilization, Vedic period, Mahājanapadas
- Credit 2: Rise of Buddhism and Contemporary India: Life of Lord Buddha, Contemporary Teachers and Their Philosophy
- Credit 3: Pre-Aśokan Development of Buddhism, Buddhism under Haryanka Dynasty, Buddhism under Śuṅga Dynasty, Early Mauryan Empire and Buddhism
- **Credit 4:** Aśoka and Expansion of Buddhism, Life of Aśoka and His Contribution to Buddhism

Books for reference:

BAPAT, P. V. 2500 Years of Buddhism

-----. Bauddha Dharma ke 2500 Varṣa

BASHAM, A. L. History and Doctrine of Ajīvajkas

DIXIT, K. N. The Indus Civilization

GHOSA, A. N. Pracīna Bharata ka Itihāsa

KANE, P. V. History of Dharmaśāstra

KOSAMBI, D. D. Culture and Civilization of Ancient India

MAJUMDAR. Ancient India

MUKHERJI, Radhakumud. Ashoka

MUKHERJI, Radhakumud. Chandragupta Maurya and His Time

NARAIN, A. K. Date of the Buddha. B. P. Publishers, Delhi.

DAVIDS T. W. Rhys. Buddhist India

SANKALIA, H. D. Pre-History and Proto-History of India

SARAO, K. T. S. *Origin and Nature* of Ancient Indian Buddhism, 4th rev. ed. Corporate Body of the Buddha Education Foundation, Taipei, 2004.

SARAO, K. T. S. *Prācīna Bhāratīya Buddha Dharma ki Utpatti, Savarupa aur Patana*. Director of Hindi Medium Implementatiom, Delhi University, 2004.

SHARMA. Sudras in Ancient India

SINGH, Madan Mohan. Buddhakālīna Samāja aur Dharma

SRIVASTAV, K. C. Pracīna Bharata ka Itihāsa

THAPAR, Romila. Ashoka and the Decline of the Mauryas

-----. Aśoka or Maurya Sāmrājya kā Patana

THAPLIYAL, K. K. Sindhu Sabhyatā

UPADHYAYA, B. Vedic Sāhitya aur Saṃskṛti

*PA I.7: Introductions to Buddhist Psychology (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Historical Review of Psychology

Questions Guiding Psychological Science

Major Milestones & Key Ideas in the History of Psychology

Nature of Human Being Emerged Out of Psychological Studies

Important Conceptual Issues in Psychology: Nature vs. Nurture Debate, Concept of Consciousness, Mind-Body Relationship, Brain as an Abode of Mind

Credit 2: Review of Buddhist Ideas Relevant to Psychology

The Four Noble Truths as the Starting Point

The Truth of Suffering

The Cause of Suffering

The Destruction of Suffering

The Way of Liberation

Nature of Human Being According to Buddhism:

Nāma (Mind) and Rūpa (Body) and Their Relation to Each Other

Khandha (Aggregates), Āyatana (Spheres), Dhātu (Elements)

Paramattha Dhamma (Essential Elements of Experience):

Citta (Mind), Cetasika (Mental Factors), Rūpa (Material Factors), Nibbāna (Liberation)

Conceptual Issues:

Anicca (Impermanence), Dukkha (Dissatisfaction), Anattā (Non-substantiality), Paṭiccasamuppāda (Dependant Origination), Kamma (Action), Punabbhava (Rebirth)

Development of Buddhist Theory of Human Mind in Buddhist Traditions:

Theravāda, Vaibhāsika, Sautrāntika, Yogāchāra, Mādhyamika

Credit 3: Methods of Disciplined Enquiry in Buddhism and Psychology

The Paradigm in Buddhist Way of Enquiry

The First Person Method:

Non-judgmental Awareness & Observation

Method of Analysis: Four Truths as Method of Enquiry (Dukkha, Samudaya, Nirodha & Māgga), Three Rounds (Tiparivaṭṭa) and Twelve Modes (Dvādasākāra)

Dependant Origination (Paţiccasamuppāda):

Inverse (Anuloma) and Reverse (Patiloma)

Threefold Cognition (Pariññā):

Discernment of Phenomenon (Natapariñña)

Investigation (Tiraṇapariñña) Overcoming (Pahāṇapariñña); & Associated Threefold Knowledge: Knowledge Based on Learning (Sutamayāpaññā), Knowledge Based on Thinking (Cintāmayāpaññā) and Wisdom Based on Mental Development (Bhāvanāmayāpaññā)

Main Paradigms Used for Social Scientific Enquiry: Positivism, Social Constructionism

Importance of First Person Methods for Psychological Science: Introspection, Neo-introspection etc.

Credit 4: Approaches of Buddhist Scholars and Scope of Buddhist Psychology

Approach of Buddhist Scholars to Buddhist Psychology

Scientific Studies of Abhidhamma: CAF Rhys Davids, Anāgārika Govinda.

H. V. Guenthar, Urgyen Sangharakshita, Bhikkhu Anālayo

The Work of Sri Lankan Buddhist Society and Vipassanā Research Institute

Scientific Studies of Tibetan Buddhism: Initiatives of the Fourteenth Dalāi Lāmā

Para-psychological Claims of Buddhism (Abhiññā) and Response of Scientists to Them

Nature and Scope of Buddhist Psychology: Concluding Remarks

Books for reference:

DFRIEDMAN H. S. & Schustack M. W. *Personality: Classic Theories and Modern Research.* Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003.

DREHER, H. Immune power personality: 7 Traits You Can Develop to Stay Healthy. Dutton, Canada, 1995.

GAZZANIGA M. S. & HEATHERTON T. F. *Psychological science* (2nd ed.). WW Norton & Co., New York, London, 2006.

GLASSMAN W. E. *Approaches to Psychology*. Open University Press, Buckingham, Philadelphia, 2000.

NISSANKA H. S. S. Buddhist Psychotherapy. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1993.

SCROGGS J. Key Ideas in Personality Theory. West Publishing Co., Minesotta, 1985.

WIGGINS J.S. The Five Factor Model of Personality. Guilford, NY, 1996.

VALENTINE E. Conceptual Issues in Psychology (2nd ed). Routledge, London & NY, 1997.

SEMESTER II

Note: Students can opt any four papers out of the seven. Papers II.1 to II.3 are compulsory whereas papers II.4 to II.7 are optional.

(Compulsory Papers)

PA II.1: Pāli Grammar, Translation & Composition: Kaccāyaṇa Vyākaraṇa (Sandhikappa and Kārakakappa) (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Saññā

Credit 2: Sandhi

Credit 3: Kāraka

Credit 4: English or Marathi to Pāli Translation, Pāli to English or Marathi Translation, Composition

Books for Reference:

COLLINS, Steven. Pāli Grammar for Students. Silkworm Books, Thailand, 2006.

DHAMMARAKKHITA, BHIKKHU. Pāli Vyākaraņa. Gyanamandala Limited, Varanasi, 1986.

DUROISELLE, CHARLES. Practical Grammar of the Pali Language. www.buddhanet.net

GAIR, J. W., KARUNATILLAKE, W. S. A New Course in Reading Pāli. Motilal Banarsidass Publishers Private Limited, Delhi 1998.

GEIGER, WILHEM. A Pāli Grammar, (Edited by K. R. Norman). Pali Text Society, Oxford, 1994

THERA, NĀRADA. An Elementary Pāli Course. www.buddhanet.net

TIWARI, LAXMINARAYAN and SHARMA. BIRBAL. *Kaccāyana Vyākaraṇa*, Tara Book Agency, Varanasi. (first edition 1962, revised ed. 1989).

PA II.2: Sutta Literature: Saṃyuttanikāya and Aṅguttaranikāya (Four Credits)

- **A. Saṃyuttanikāya**: Nidānasaṃyutta: Paṭiccasamuppāda Sutta & Vibhaṅgasutta of the Buddhavagga, Āhāravagga
- **B.** Aṅguttaranikāya: Eighth Vagga of the Tikanipāta: Ānandavagga
- Credit 1: Introduction to the Samyuttanikāya, Paṭiccasamuppādasutta, Vibhangasutta
- **Credit 2**: Āhāravagga
- **Credit 3**: Introduction to the Anguttaranikāya, Ānandavagga (1-3)
- **Credit 4**: Ānandavagga (4-10)

Books for Reference:

ANGUTTARA NIKĀYA. Vipassana Research Institute, Igatpuri, 1998.

SAMYUTTA NIKĀYA. Vipassana Research Institute, Igatpuri, 1998.

SHASTRI, SWAMI DWARIKADAS (Ed. & Tr.). *Anguttarnikāya*. Bauddha Bharti, Varanasi, 2002.

SHASTRI, SWAMI DWARIKADAS (Ed. & Tr.). *Saṃyuttanikāya*. Bauddha Bharti, Varanasi, 2002.

WOODWARD, F. L. The *Book of the Kindred Saying*. Motilal Banarsidass Publishers Private Limited, Delhi, 2005.

WOODWARD, F. L. *The Book of the Gradual Sayings*. Motilal Banarsidass Publishers Private Limited, Delhi, 2006.

PA II.3: Cullavagga: Kammakhandhaka & Bhikkhunikhandhaka (Chapter 1 & Chapter 10) (**Four Credits**)

- **Credit 1**: Introduction to the Cullavagga, Kammakhandhaka (Chapter 1 First Half)
- Credit 2: Kammakhandhaka (Chapter 1 Second Half)
- **Credit 3**: Bhikkhunikhandhaka (Chapter 10 First Half)
- **Credit 4**: Bhikkhunikhandhaka (Chapter 10 Second Half)

Books for Reference:

HORNER, I. B. The Book of the Discipline, Vol. V. The Pāli Text Society, Oxford, 2001.

Kabilsingh, Chatsumarn. *The Bhikkhunī Pātimokkha of the Six Schools*. www.buddhanet.net

KABILSINGH, CHATSUMARN. Women in Buddhism (Questions & Answers). www.buddhanet.net

DEWARAJA, L. S. The position of Women in Buddhism. www.buddhanet.net

SANKRITYAYANA, RAHULA. *Vinaya-Piṭaka*, Hindi Translation. Bauddha Akara Granthamala, M.G. Kashi Vidyapith, Varanasi, 1994.

SEMESTER II

(Optional Papers)

*PA II.4: Visuddhimagga Chapter I: Sīlaniddesa (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Introduction to the Visuddhimagga and Comparison with the Vimuttimagga

Credit 2: Nidānakathā - Pātimokkhasamvarasīla (Pages 1 - 20)

Credit 3: Indriyasamvarasīla - Dutiyasīlapañcaka (Pages 20 - 48)

Credit 4: Sīlasaṃkilesvodāna (Pages 48 - 56)

Books for Reference:

BAPAT, P. V. Vimuttimagga & Visuddhimagga: A Comparative Study. Ferguson College, Poona, 1937.

DHARMARAKSHITA, BHIKSHU. *Visuddhi Mārga*, Hindi Translation, Mahabodhi Sabha, Saranath, Varanasi, 1956

REWATADAMMA (ED.). Visuddhimaggo with Paramatthamanjusatika. Sampurnananda Sanskrit University, Varanasi, 1969

SHASTRI, SWAMI DWARIKADAS, (Ed.). Visuddhimagga. Bauddha Bharati, Varanasi, 1984.

TIWARY, M. *Sīla, Samādhi and Prajñā* (The Buddha's Path of Purification). K. P. Jayaswal Research Institute, Patna, 1987.

UPTISSA, ARHANT. *The path of freedom (Vimuttimagga)*, translated into Chinese as Cieto-tao-lun by Tipitaka Sanghapala of Funan. Translated from the Chinese to English by Rev. N. R. M. Ehara, Soma Thera, Buddhist Publication Society, Kandy, Sri Lanka. (1st BPS edition 1997, reprint 1995).

Visuddhimaggo. Pathamo Bhāgo, Vipassana Research Institute, Igatpuri, 1998.

*PA II.5: Interdisciplinary Role of Buddhism (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Role of Buddhism with Reference to Social Issues: Caste, Class and Status of Women

Credit 2: Buddhism: State, Politics and Economics

Credit 3: Buddhist Engagements with Science: Psychology and Ecology

Credit 4: Buddhist Engagements with Culture: Language, Media, Arts and Religious Practices

*PA II.6: Development of Buddhism in India after the Asokan Period up to the 12th Century (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Development of Buddhism in Śunga & Sātavāhana Period, Śunga Empire

Sources - Purāṇa, Harṣacarita, Mahābhāṣya, Divyāvadāna etc.

Origins, Buddhism at the Time of Śunga, Wars of the Śungas

Cultural Contributions- Sāñcī, Bodhagayā

Kings Śung, Sātavāhanas Sources, Origins

Early Rulers - Simuka (c. 230- 207 BCE)

Sātakarņī (c.180-124BCE), Kāņva Suzerainty (75-35 BCE)

Gautamīputra Sātakarņī (78-106 CE), Successors, Decline of the Sātavāhanas

Cultural Achievements - Art of Amarāvati, Art of Sāñcī, Buddhism at the Time of Sātavāhana

Credit 2: Development of Buddhism in the Post Śunga & Sātavāhana Period Upto the Kuṣāṇa Period

Indo-Greek Kingdom - Background, Early Rulers, and the Fall of

Bactria and the Death of Menander, Ideology/Religion

Indo-Scythians - Origins, Settlement in Sakastan, Settlement in India

Early Rulers, the Indo-Scythians and Buddhism

Indo -Parthian Kingdom - Secession from Parthia, Indo - Parthians in Gāndhāra-Indo-Parthians and Indian Religions, Representation of Indo-Parthian Devotees, Buddhist Sculptures, Stone Palettes

Kuṣāṇa Empire - Origins, Early Kuṣāṇa, A Multi-cultural Empire

Main Kuṣāṇa Rulers, the Kuṣāṇa's and Buddhism, Contacts with Rome, Contacts with China, Decline

Credit 3: Development of Buddhism in Gupta and Vardhana Dynasty

Guptas' Ascendance - Main Gupta Rulers – Candragupta, Samudragupta, Candragupta II, Kumāragupta I, Skandagupta

Military Organization, Hūṇa Invasions and the End of Empire, Legacy of the Gupta Empire, Contributions to the World and Achievements

Vardhana Dynasty- Sources, Harşavardhana's Ancestors, Harşa's Ascendance, Harşa's Wars, Patron of Buddhism and Literature, After Harsa

Credit 4: Development of Buddhism in Pāla Dynasty and Its Downfall

Pāla Dynasty - Origin of the Pālas, Matsyanyāya and the Ascendance of the Pālas, Main Pāla Rulers, Buddhism under the Pāla Rulers

Peace and Expansion, Pāla Administration, Islamic Empires in India

The Rise of Islām in South -West Asia, Delhi Sultanate and Decline of Buddhism

Books for Reference:

AGRAWAL, V. S. Harşacarita: Eka Sāmskṛtika Adhayana

ALTEKAR, A. S. Education in Ancient India

AYANGAR, S. Krisnaswami. Studies in Gupta History

BAGCHI, P. C. Decline of Buddhism

BAPAT, P. V. Bauddha Dharma ke 2500 Varsa

CHATERJI, G. S. Harsavardhan

DANDEKAR, R. N. A History of the Guptas

MAJUMDAR. Ancient India

PALA, P. L. Early History of Bengal

SRIVASTAV, K. C. Pracīna Bhārata kā Itihāsa

TORN, W. W. Greeks in Bactria and India

UPADHYAY, Vasudev. Gupta Sāmrājya kā Itihās

*PA II.7: Methods of Mind Cultivation (Four Credits)

(Note- A Vipassanā retreat and writing of first person account based on that would be a part of the internal assessment for this paper.)

Credit 1: Causes of Human Distress, Defilements and Development

Unwholesome Roots of Behaviour: Lobha (Greed or Passion), Dosa (Hatred or Malice), Moha (Delusion or False Belief)

Wholesome Roots of Behavior: Alobha (Generosity), Adosa (Friendliness), Amoha (Understanding)

Factors which Bemuddle with Development of Mind: Cankers (Āsava)

Hindrances (Nīvarana), Fetters (Samyojana), Proclivities (Anusayakilesa)

Factors Supporting Development of Mind: Right Exertion (Sammappadhāna)

Faculties (Indriya), Powers (Bala), Factors of Enlightenment (Bojjhanga)

Credit 2: Methods of Meditation for Cultivation of Mind

Remedy of Ti-sikkha and Eight-fold Path: Sīlasamādāna (Undertaking of Precepts), Samādhi (Concentration); Kammaṭṭhāna (Object of Concentration Meditation)

Vipassanā ñaṇa: Seven-fold Purity (Visuddhi)

Samatha & Vipassanā Meditation & Scientific Research Related to Them

Sati Meditation: Four-fold Satipatṭṭhānas: Kāyānupassanā, Vedanānupassanā, Cittānupassasnā, Dhammānupassanā

Modern Adaptations of Buddhist Meditations: S. N. Goenkā, Mahāsi Sayādāw, Thich Nhāt Hānh, Urgyen Sanghrakshita

Cognitive Analysis of Process During Meditation: Buddhist & Psychological Perspective

Credit 3: Other Techniques of Mind Cultivation

Seven-fold Techniques of Removing Defilements (Sabbāsavasutta) Techniques for Changing Manasikāra (Thought) Practice of Brahmavihar etc.

Application of Mind Cultivation Methods for Treating Psychological Disorders and Their Limitations

Credit 4: Comparison with Western Psychotherapies

Psychoanalysis and Psychodynamics Psychotherapies

Cognitive and Behaviour Modification Therapies

Humanistic and Existential Therapies

Books for reference:

DFRIEDMAN H. S. & Schustack M. W. *Personality: Classic Theories and Modern Research.* Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003.

DREHER, H. Immune power personality: 7 Traits You Can Develop to Stay Healthy. Dutton, Canada, 1995.

GAZZANIGA M. S. & HEATHERTON T. F. *Psychological science* (2nd ed.). WW Norton & Co., New York, London, 2006.

GLASSMAN W. E. *Approaches to Psychology*. Open University Press, Buckingham, Philadelphia, 2000.

NISSANKA H. S. S. Buddhist Psychotherapy. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1993.

SCROGGS J. Key Ideas in Personality Theory. West Publishing Co., Minesotta, 1985.

WIGGINS J.S. The Five Factor Model of Personality. Guilford, NY, 1996.

VALENTINE E. Conceptual Issues in Psychology (2nd ed). Routledge, London & NY, 1997.

SEMESTER III

Note: Students can opt any four papers out of the nine. Papers III.1 to III.3 are compulsory whereas papers III.4 to III.9 are optional.

(Compulsory papers)

PA III.1: Sutta Literature: Dīghanikāya and Majjhimanikāya (Four Credits)

- A) **Dīghanikāya**: Brahmajālasutta, Sāmaññaphalasutta
- B) **Majjhimanikāya**: Sabbāsavasutta, Satipatthānasutta
- **Credit 1**: Introduction to the Dīghanikāya, Brahamajālasutta
- **Credit 2**: Sāmaññaphalasutta
- **Credit 3**: Introduction to the Majjhimanikāya, Sabbāsavasutta
- **Credit 4**: Satipatṭhānasutta

Books for Reference:

Dīghanikāya. Vipassana Research Institute, Igatpuri, 1998.

HORNER, I. B. *The Middle Length Sayings*. Motilal Banarsidass Publishers Private Limited, Delhi, 2004.

MAJJHIMANIKĀYA. Vipassana Research Institute, Igatpuri, 1998.

Ñaṇamoli Bhikkhu and Bodhi Bhikkhu. *The Middle Length Discourses of the Buddha*. Pāli Text Society, Oxford, 2001.

RHYS DAVIDS, T. W. and C. A. F. RHYS DAVIDS. *Dialogues of the Buddha*, Vol. I. Motilal Banarsidass Publishers Private Limited, Delhi, 2000.

Shastri, Swami Dwarikadas, (Ed. & Tr.). *Dighanikāya Pāli*. Bauddha Bharati, Varanasi, 1997.

Shastri, Swami Dwarikadas, (Ed. & Tr.). *Majjhimanikāya*. Bauddha Bharati, Varanasi, 2000.

PA III.2: Vinaya Literature: Bhikkhu Pātimokkha (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Introduction to the Pātimokkha Literature, Pārājikakaṇḍa, Sanghadisesakaṇḍa, Aniyatakaṇḍa

Credit 2: Nissaggiyakanda, Pācittiyakanda (Vaggas 1-3)

Credit 3: Pācittiyakaṇḍa (Vaggas 4-9), Patidesaniyakaṇḍa

Credit 4: Sekhiyakanda, Adhikaranasamatha

Books for Reference:

NORMAN, K. R., & PRUIT WILLIAM (Ed. & Tr.), *The Pātimokkha*. Pāli Text Society, Oxford, 2001.

SASTRI, SWAMI DWARIKADAS. Bhikkhu Patimokkha. Bauddha Bharati, Varanasi, 2006.

PA III.3: Abhidhamma Literature: Abhidhammatthasangaho and Rūparūpavibhāga (Four Credits)

A) Abhidhammatthasangaho Chapters I, II & VI: Citta, Cetasika, Rūpa, and Nibbāna

B) Rūparūpavibhāga

Credit 1: Introduction to the Abhidhammatthasangaho, Citta

Credit 2: Cetasika

Credit 3: Rūpa and Nibbāna

Credit 4: Rūparūpavibhāga

Books for Reference:

BARUA, D.K. Rūparūpavibhāga of Ācāriya Buddhadatta. Kolkata, 1997.

BUDDHADATTA, A.P. Buddhadatta's Manuals. The Pāli Text Society, London, Reprint 1980.

CHAUDHURY, B. N. *Abhidhamma Terminology in the Rūparūpavibhāga*. Calcutta Sanskrit College Research Series No. CXIII, Sanskrit College, Calcutta, 1983.

EXELL, R. H. B. *The Classification of Forms and Formless Things (English translation of Rūparūpavibhāga)*. Journal of Pāli Text Society, Volume XVI, Pāli Text Society, Oxford, 1992.

NĀRADA MAHĀ THERA. *A Manual of Abhidhamma (Abhidhammatthsaṇgaho*). www.buddhanet.net

TRIPATHI, RAM SHANKAR. *Abhidhammatthasaṅgaho*, Vol. I & II. Sampurnannanda Sanskrit University, Varanasi, 1992.

SEMESTER III

(Optional Papers)

*PA III.4: Grammatical Literature: Saddanīti (Samāsakappo) (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Introduction to the Saddanīti and Its Tradition

Credit 2: Samāsakappa (Rules 675 - 700)

Credit 3: Samāsakappa (Rules 701 - 725)

Credit 4: Samāsakappa (Rules 726 - 750)

Books for Reference:

BODE, MABEL HAYNES. *Pali Literature of Burma*. R.A.S., London, 1909 (Prize Publ. fund, Vol. II).

BODE, MABEL HAYNES. Early Pali Grammarians in Burma. JPTS, 1908, (pp. 81-101).

KAHRS, E. J. *Exploring the Saddanīti*. PTS Journal, Vol. 17.

SMITH, HELMER. Saddanīti, Pali Text Society (1st Published 1930, reprint 2001).

TIWARI, LAXMINARAYAN and SHARMA, BIRBAL. *Kaccāyana Vyākaraṇa*. Tara Book Agency, Varanasi (first edition 1962, revised ed. 1989).

UPADHAYA, BHARATSINGH. Pali Sahitya ka Itihas. Hindi Sahitya Sammelana, Prayag, 1994.

*PA III.5: Comparative Linguistics (Four Credits)

Credit 1: General Introduction to Linguistics

Definition of Language

Linguistics as a Science of Language, Levels of Language Study: Phonology, Morphology, Syntax and Semantics

History of Linguistics: Discovery by Sir William Jones, Contributions of Comparative Philology, Halt Because of Saussure, Present Scenario

Classification of Languages: a) Typological b) Genealogical

Language Families of the World, Language Families of India & Their Peculiar Features, Indo-European Language Family

Credit 2: Language Families

Synchronic and Diachronic Approach to Language Study, Descriptive and Historical Linguistics, Basic Assumptions of Historical Linguistics

Principles of Language Change: Assimilation, Dissimilation, Syncope Haplology Elision, Metathesis, Morphological Change, Borrowing etc.

Credit 3: Indo-Aryan Language Family

Prehistory of Indo-Aryan Language Family, the Aryan Problem and Linguistic Theories, Migration of Indo-Aryans to India

Introduction to the Indo-Iranian Language Family: Indo-Aryan Language Family

A Brief Introduction to the Vedic Literature

Peculiarities of Old Indo-Aryan: Vedic Language: a) in Contrast to Indo-European b) in Contrast to Classical Sanskrit, Borrowings in the Vedic Language

Vedic Dialects

Epic Sanskrit and Its Peculiarities

Panini and Development of Classical Sanskrit

Credit 4: Middle Indo-Aryan Languages

Various Theories About Origin and Development of Middle Indo-Aryan

Old Stage of Middle Indo Aryan, Language of the Ashokan Inscriptions, Its Peculiarities, Pali Language and Literature

Middle Stage of Middle Indo-Aryan: The Prakrits and Their Peculiarities

New Stage of Middle Indo-Aryan: Apabhramsa and Its Peculiar Features

New Indo-Aryan Languages

Books for Reference:

BEANS, JOHN. A Comparative Grammar of Modern Aryan Language of India. Munshiram Manoharlal, Delhi, 1872-1879

BLOCH, JULES. *Indo Aryan From the Vedas to Modern Times*. Adrien-Manisonneuve, Paris, 1965.

BUBENIK, VIT. 'Prakrits & Apabhramsa', In: The Indo- Aryan Languages, Edited by Cardona & Jains, 2003 (page no. - 204-249).

BURROW, THOMAS. *The Sanskrit Language*. Faber & Faber Limited, London, 1965 (second edition).

CARDONA, GEORGE. 'The Indo-Aryan Languages'. Encyclopedia Britannica (15th Edition), vol. 9, (page no.s 439-450), 1974.

CARDONA, GEORGE. 'Sanskrit'. In: The Major Languages of South Asia, the Middle East & Africa, Edited by Bernard, Routledge, London, 1990, (page no.s 31-52).

CARDONA, GEORGE; JAIN, DHANESH (EDS.). *The Indo-Aryan Language*. London & New York, Routledge, 2003.

CARDONA, GEORGE. 'Sanskrit' In: The Indo-Aryan Languages, Edited by CARDONA & JAIN, 2003 (page no.s 104-160).

GHATGE, A. M. *Introduction to Ardha Magadhi*. Sanmati Tirtha, Pune, 1941 (reprint 1993).

GHATGE, A. M. *Historical Linguistics & Indo-Aryan Language*. University of Bombay, Bombay, 1962.

GONDA, JAN. Old Indian, LAIDEN & KOLN, E. J. BRILL, 1971.

KATRE, S. M. Prakrit Languages & their Contribution to Indian Culture. Deccan College, Poona, 1964.

LAZZERANI, ROMENO. 'Sanskrit' In: The Indo-European Languages. Edited by ROMAT & ROMAT, London & New York: Routledge, 1998 (Page no - 99-124).

*PA III.6: Buddhism and Indian Philosophy (Four Credits)

(Objective: To introduce major schools of Indian philosophy and highlight points of comparison between Buddhism and other schools)

Credit 1: The Three-fold Division of the Schools: Vedic (Āstika), Shramaṇa and Lokāyata

Lokāyata: Dehātmavāda, Materialistic Hedonism, Criticism of Paraloka and Ritualism

(Points for Comparison in Buddhism: Anattavāda, Madhyamā Pratipadā Rebirth, the Role of Experience and Reason)

Jainism: The Concept of Sat, Triratna, the Doctrine of Karma, Mahāvrata Anuvrata, Jīva, Ajīva, Kaivalya

(Points for Comparison: Anityatā, Anātmatā, Madhyamā Pratipadā, Nirvāna the Concept of Pudgala)

Credit 2: Brahmanical Ritualism and Purvamimāmsā: Sacrifices and Their Justification, Vedapramāṇya and Hierarchical Social Order, Vaidic Apauruseyavāda

(Points for Comparison: Criticism of Sacrifices, Varṇa / Caste Hierarchy, Karma, Ahiṃsā)

Upanishadic Philosophy and Advaita-vedānta: The Doctrine of Ātman, Brahma, Non-dualism, Moksha

(Points for Comparison: Vijñānavāda, Anattā, Śūnyatā, Nirvāna)

Credit 3: Sāṇkhya: The Nature of Puruṣa & Prakṛti, Discriminative Knowledge & Kaivalya, Satkāryavāda, Pariṇāmavāda

(Points for Comparison: Anityatā, Anātmatā, Pratityasamutpāda, Nirvāna)

Yoga: Citta, Citta-vṛttis, Ashṭāngayoga, Samādhi, Kaivalya

(Points for Comparison: Nirodha, Klesha, Avidyā, Brahmavihāra, Rūpadhyāna, Arūpadhyāna, Prajñā, Śīla)

Credit 4: Nyāya: Four Pramāṇas, Prameya, Apavarga, Iśvara

(Points of Comparison: Two Pramāṇas, the Nature of Anumāna, Dvādasa-nidāna)

Vaiśeśikas: The Nature of Six Padārthas, Abhāva

(Points for Comparison: Svalakshaṇa & Samānyalakshaṇa, Criticism of Jāti, Criticism of Dravya & Relations)

Books for References:

DASGUPTA, S. N. History of Indian Philosophy. Cambridge University Press, London, 1940.

HIRIYANNA, M. Outlines of Indian Philosophy. London, 1956.

MOHANTY, J. N. Introduction to Indian Philosophy. Oxford University Press.

*PA III.7: Resurgence of Buddhism in India (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Rediscovery of Buddhism and Resurgence of Buddhism in Modern India

Credit 2: Dr. Ambedkar: Life and Mission: His Social Philosophy and Constitutional Vision

Credit 3: Dr. Ambedkar's Writings and Speeches on Buddhism

Credit 4: Dr. Ambedkar's "The Buddha and His Dhamma"

*PA III.8: Buddhist Art & Architecture (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Origin of Buddhist Art & Architecture, Stupa, Development through Ages, Art & Architecture of the Stupas, Bharhut, Sanchi, Amaravati, Sanghol

Credit 2: Rock- cut Art & Architecture in Western India, Chaityagriha and Vihara

Credit 3: Origin of the Buddha Image - Gandhara and Mathura, Gupta and Later Developments - Terracotta, Stone, Bronze and Stucco Images

Credit 4: Paintings: Ajanta, Bagh, Alchi and Pala, Buddhist Architecture in Eastern India

Books for Reference:

FERGUSSON and BURGESS. Cave Temples of India. Munshiram Manoharilal, New Delhi.

HUNTINGTON, Susan. *Art of Ancient India*. Weatherhill Publication, New York Brown, Percy. Indian Architecture, Taraporwala & CO., Mumbai.

MATE, M. S. *Prachin Bharatiya Kala*. Maharashtra Rajya Sahitya Sanskriti Mandal (out of print).

MATE, M. S. Prachin Kalabharati. Continental Prakashan, Pune.

MITRA, Debala. *Buddhist Monuments*. Sahitya Samsad, Calcutta.

*PA III.9: Human Experience and Personality (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Citta and Cetasika

Citta (Mind): Levels of Mind (Bhūmi), Types of Mind (Kusala, Akusala,

Vipāka and Kiriyā)

Cetasika (Mental States): Aññasamāna, Akusala, Sobhana, Association with Different Types of Mind

Credit 2: Matter and Mind Inter-relation

Rūpa (Corporeality) - Rūpakhanda

Rūpa-arūpakhanda: Rūpa (Material aggregates): Material Categories, Origin of Material Properties (samutthāna), Material Formation

Arūpa (Immaterial Aggregates): Vedanā (Feeling), Saññā (Perception), Sankhāra (Volitional Activity), Viññāṇa (Cognition)

Nāma-Rūpa: Nāma (Mind), Phassa (Contact), Vedanā (Feeling), Saññā (Perception), Cetanā (Volition), Manasikāra (Mode of Attention)

Paticcasamuppāda (Law of Dependant Origination) and Paccaya (Causal Relation) with Special Reference to Mind-Matter Relationship

Credit 3: Cognition, Emotion and Behavior & Their Relation to Suffering

Cognition, Citta-Vīthi, Analysis of Thought Process

Three Levels of Cognition: Saññā (Perception), Viññaṇā (cognition), Paññā (Penitration)

Speculative Non-speculative Cognitive Process with Special Reference to Sutta Literature, Papañca/ Ditthi: Erroneous Thinking as a Source of Suffering

Comparison with Different Models of Cognitive Psychology and Psychotherapy

Emotions: Explanatory Models of Emotion in Buddhism and Psychology

Buddhist Model of Emotion: Cetasika (Mental States), Sobhana (Wholesome) and Akusala (Unwholesome)

Psychological Models of Emotion: Dimensional, Discrete Emotions, Meaning Oriented, Componential

Emotional Intelligence: Buddhist and Psychological Perspective

Buddhist Perspective: Manasikāra (Mode of Attention): Yoniso (Proper) & Ayoniso (Improper), Sati (Mindfulness), Sampajañña (Understanding)

Psychological Perspective of Emotional Intelligence

Behaviour: Kamma (Action), Cetanā (Volition), Kammapath (Course of Action)

Kamma-dvāra (Door of Action) : Kāya (Bodily), Vaci (Verbal), Mano (Mental)

Viñnatti (Communication): Kāya & Vaci; Kusala (Wholesome), Akusala (Unwholesome) Abyākata (Undetermined) Kamma

Credit 4: Personality

Buddhist Concept of Person: Khandha (Aggregates), Pudgala (Individual) and Anattā (Non-self)

Personality Traits (Carita): Wholesome and Unwholesome Personality Traits

Review of Major Approaches to the Study of Personality in Psychology

Comparison of Buddhist and Psychological Concept of Personality: Concept of Personality

Concept of Ideal Personality: Characteristics of Arhat, Bodhisatta, Buddha & Concept of Fully Functioning Personality

Bases of Individual Differences: According to Buddhism: Habits (Saṅkhāra), Result of Karma (Kammavipāka)

According to Modern Psychology: Genes, Environment

Books for reference:

DFRIEDMAN H. S. & Schustack M. W. Personality: Classic Theories and Modern Research. Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003.

DREHER, H. Immune power personality: 7 Traits You Can Develop to Stay Healthy. Dutton, Canada, 1995.

GAZZANIGA M. S. & HEATHERTON T. F. *Psychological science* (2nd ed.). WW Norton & Co., New York, London, 2006.

GLASSMAN W. E. *Approaches to Psychology*. Open University Press, Buckingham, Philadelphia, 2000.

NISSANKA H. S. S. Buddhist Psychotherapy. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1993.

SCROGGS J. Key Ideas in Personality Theory. West Publishing Co., Minesotta, 1985.

WIGGINS J.S. The Five Factor Model of Personality. Guilford, NY, 1996.

VALENTINE E. Conceptual Issues in Psychology (2nd ed). Routledge, London & NY, 1997.

SEMESTER IV

Note: Students can opt any four papers out of the eight. Papers IV.1 to IV.3 are compulsory whereas papers IV.4 to IV.8 are optional.

(Compulsory papers)

PA IV.1: Kāvya Literature: Telakaṭāhagāthā, Vuttodaya, Subodhālaṃkāra (Four Credits)

- **Credit 1:** Introduction to the Kāvya Literature in Pāli, Telakaṭāhagāthā (gāthas 1 43)
- Credit 2: Telakaṭāhagāthā (gāthas 44 98)
- Credit 3: Vuttodaya: Development of Prosodic Literature in Pāli, Study of Meters: Anutṭhubha, Indavajirā, Upendavajirā, Vasantatilakā, Mālini, Sikharani Upajāti, Toṭaka, Dodhaka, Vaṃsattha
- Credit 4: Subodhalaṃkāra: Development of Alaṃkāra Śāstra in Pāli, Study of Alaṃkāras: Yamaka, Anuppāsa, Rūpaka, Upamā, Atisayutti, Vyatireka Nidassana, Atthantaranyāsa, Dīpaka, Ditthanta

Books for Reference:

ANANDAJOTI, BHIKKHU. An Outline of the Meters in the Pāli Canon www.buddhanet.net.

AVASTHI, B. M. Subodhālamkāra. Lal Bahadur Shastri Sanskrit Sansthan, New Delhi.

CHATTERJEE, H. N. Comparative Studies in Pāli & Sanskrit Alaṃkāra. Sanskrit Pustak, Kolkata. 1960.

DHARMARAKSHITA, BHIKSHU. Telakaṭāhagāthā. Sarnath, 1955.

WARDER, A. K. Pāli Metre. Pāli Text Society, London, 1967

PA IV.2: The Mahāvaṃsa & the Samantapāsādikā: Three Buddhist Councils & Spread of Buddhism (Four Credits)

- **Credit 1**: Mahāvamsa Third Chapter (First Buddhist Council)
- Credit 2: Mahāvaṃsa Fourth Chapter (Second Buddhist Council)
- Credit 3: Samantapāsādikā P. No. 40 Para No. 2 p. No. 55 (Gāthas of the Porānas)
- **Credit 4**: Samantapāsādikā p. No. 55 Para No. 2 p. No. 91

Books for Reference:

BAPAT, P. V. and HIRAKAWA, A. Shan-Chien-P'i-P'o-Sha A Chinese version of Samantapāsādikā by Sanghabhadra. Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, Poona, 1970.

BAPAT, P. V. 2500 Years of Buddhism. Publication Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting Government of India, Reprint 1997.

GEIGER, WILHELM. The Mahāvamsa. The Pāli Text Society, Lancaster, Reprint 2007.

JAYAWICKRAMA, N.A. *The Inception of Discipline and the Vinaya Nidana*. The Pali Text Society, London, 1986.

SHARMA, B. (ED.). Samantapāsādikā. Nava Nālandā Mahāvihāra, Nālandā, 1964.

SINGH, PARAMANAND (ED.). *Mahavamsa along with Hindi Translation*. Bauddha Akara Granthamāla, M. G. Kāshi Vidyapiṭh, Varanasi, 1996.

PA IV.3: Abhidhamma Literature: Paṭṭhāna: Paccayuddesa & Paccayaniddesa (Four Credits)

- Credit 1: Introduction to Patṭhāna, Hetūpaccayo, Ārammaṇapaccayo, Adhipatipaccayo, Anantarapaccayo, Samanantarapaccayo, Sahajātapaccayo
- Credit 2: Aññamaññapaccayo, Nissayapaccayo, Upanissayapaccayo, Purejātapaccayo Pacchājātapaccayo, Āsevanapaccayo
- Credit 3: Kammapaccayo, Vipākapaccayo, Āhārapaccayo, Indriyapaccayo Jhānapaccayo, Maggapaccayo
- Credit 4: Sampayuttapaccayo, Vippayuttapaccayo, Atthipaccayo, Natthipaccayo Vigatapaccayo, Avigatapaccayo

Books for Reference:

KASHYAP, BHIKSHU JAGDISH. (ED.). Paṭṭhānappakaraṇa. Nalanda, 1961.

KUMAR B. Theory of Relations in Buddhist Philosophy. Eastern Book Linkers, Delhi, 1988.

KUMAR, B. (ED.). *Patṭhānuddesadipani*. Sampurnānanda Sanskrit University, Varanasi, 2005.

SHARMA, B. N. Vibhajjavāda. Sampurnānanda Sanskrit University, Varanasi, 1960.

SHARMA, B. N. (ED.). *Vibhangamūlaţikā*. Sampurnānanda Sanskrit University, Varanasi, 1987.

SEMESTER IV

(Optional papers)

*PA IV.4: Grammatical Literature: Moggallāna Vyākaraņa (Four Credits)

- Credit 1: Introduction to the Moggallāna Vyākaraṇa and Its Tradition, Grammatical Technique of the Moggallāna Vyākaraṇa
- Credit 2: Tyādikaṇḍa (Rules 6.1 6.25)
- Credit 3: Tyādikaṇḍa (Rules 6.26 6.50)
- Credit 4: Tyādikaṇḍa (Rules 6.51 6.78)

Books for Reference:

TIWARI, LAXMI NARAYAN. *Kaccāyana Vyākaraṇa*. Tara Book agency, Varanasi (First Edition, 1962, revised edition 1989).

KASHYAP, BHIKSHU JAGDISH. *Pāli Mahāvyākaraṇa*. Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi (Second edition 1963, reprint 2000).

NORMAN, K. R. Pāli Literature, Including the Canonical Literature in Prakrit and Sanskrit of all the Hinayāna Schools of Buddhism. Otto Harrassowitz, Wiesbaden, 1983.

LAW B. C. History of Pali Literature. Indica books, Varanasi, 2000.

KAUSALYĀYAN, ĀNANDA. Moggallāna Vyākarana. 1905.

MALALASEKERA, G. P. *Pāli Literature in Cylon*. Buddhist Publication Society, Kandy, Sri Lanka, 1994 (originally published in 1928).

*PA IV.5: Comparative Philology (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Phonology of Indo-Aryan Languages

Alphabets of Vedic Sanskrit, Classical Sanskrit, Pāli, Prakrits and Apabhraṃsha

Vowels of Indo-Aryan and the Development Therein

Consonants and Their Development

Visarga and Anusvāra and the Change Therein

Consonant Clusters and Their Development

Credit 2: Morphology of Indo-Aryan Languages

Nominal Bases: Additions, Omissions and Innovations

Verbal Stems: Additions, Omissions and Innovations

Declension System

Conjugational System

Secondary Derivatives

Vocabulary

Credit 3: Syntactical and Semantic Changes in Indo-Aryan Languages

Sanskrit Syntax: an Introduction

Pāli Syntax: Peculiarities

Prakrit Syntax: Peculiarities

Credit 4: Modern Vernaculars and Their Development

Books for Reference:

BUBENIK, VIT. *The Structure & Development of Middle Indo-Aryan Dialects*. Motilal Banarsidass Publishers Private Limited, Delhi, 1996.

Bubenik, Vit. A Historical Syntax of Late Middle Indo-Aryan (Apabhraṃsa). John Benjamins Publishing Co., Amsterdam\ Philadelphia, 1998.

COLLINS, STEVEN. A Pali Grammar for Students. Silkworm Books, Chiang Mai (Thailand), 2005.

EDGERTON, F. Buddhist Hybrid Sanskrit Grammar. Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi, 1972.

GEIGER, WILHELM. *Pali Literature & Language* (English translation B. K. Ghosh). University of Calcutta, Calcutta, 1943.

GEIGER, WILHELM. *A Pali Grammar* (English Translation by B. K. GHOSH, 1943, edited by K. R. NORMAN). The Pali Text Society Oxford, 1994.

MEHENDALE, M. A. Historical Grammar of Inscriptional Prakrits. Deccan College, Poona, 1948

MEHENDALE, M. A. Some Aspects of Indo-Aryan Linguistics. University of Bombay, Bombay, 1968.

NORMAN K. R. Pali Literature, including the Canonical Literature in Prakrit & Sanskrit of all the Hinayana Schools of Buddhism (A History of Indian Literature 7.2). Ed. J. Gonda), 1983.

OBERLIES, THOMAS. Pali- A Grammar of the Language of the Theravada Tripitaka. De Gruyter, Berlin-New York, 2001

-----. 'Ashokan Prakrit & Pali' In: The Indo-Aryan Languages, Edited by Cardona & Jain, 2003 (page no.s 161-203).

OBUIBENINE, BORDS. *A Descriptive Grammar of Buddhist Sanskrit, Part I.* The Language of the Textual Tradition of the Mahasamghika – Lokottaravadins. (Forthcoming).

SEN, SUKUMAR. A Comparative Grammar of Middle Indo-Aryan. Deccan College (LSI) Poona, 1960.

SEN, SUKUMAR. *Syntactic Studies of Indo-Aryan Languages*. Institute for the Study of Languages & Cultures of Asia & Africa, Tokyo, 1995.

VARMA, SIDDHESHWAR. Critical Study in the Phonetic Observations of Indian Grammarians. Munshiram Manoharlal, Delhi,1929 (Reprint 1961).

*PA IV.6: Buddhism and Western Philosophy (Four Credits)

(Objective: To introduce the doctrines & discussions in the western philosophy on some important issues common to Buddhism. Students are not supposed to do comparison between Buddhism & Western philosophy as a part of this course, but to enrich the understanding of Buddhism in a broader framework.)

Credit 1: Common Issues between Buddhism & Western Philosophy

A Survey of Buddhist Approaches to the Following Issues:

The Nature of Reality: Permanent or Impermanent; Existence & Knowledge of the External World; Idealism vs. Realism

The Existence & Nature of Self; Mind & Matter, Universals & Particulars

The Role of Reason & Faith in Religious Life; the Idea of Inexpressible Egoistic/Altruistic/Universalistic Hedonism

Credit 2: Being & Becoming in the Western Philosophy: Parmenides, Heraclitus, Plato Bergson, Hume and Kant on Causation

Credit 3: Mind & Matter: Plato, Descartes, Berkeley, Hume, Ryle
Universals & Particulars: Plato, Aristotle, Locke, Berkeley, Hume, Hobbes
Wittgenstein

Credit 4: Moral & Religious Life

Aristotle: Doctrine of Virtues, Golden Mean

Kant: Goodwill, Religion within the Bounds of Reason

Mill: Utilitarianism / Universalistic Hedonism

Wittgenstein: The Un-sayable, the Mystical

Books for Reference:

COPLESTON, F. History of Philosophy, Vol. 1-7. Image Books, New York, 1962-94.

HOSPERS. An Introduction to Philosophical Analysis. Prentice Hall, London, 1953.

O'CONNOR, D. J. A critical history of western Philosophy. Collier Macmillan Publishers, London, 1964.

RUSSELL. Problems of Philosophy. OUP, London, 1978.

TITUS, H. H. Living Issues in Philosophy. Asian Publishing Home, New Delhi, 1968.

WOOZLEY. *Theory of knowledge: An Introduction*. Hutchinson University Library, London, 1969.

*PA IV.7: Buddhism and Modern World (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Post-Ambedkar Buddhist Movement in India: Activities of TBMSG, S. N. Goenka's Vippassana Movement, Buddhist Society of India, etc.

Credit 2: Socially Engaged Buddhism in Countries with Theravada Background: Sri Lanka, Thailand, Myanmar, etc.

Credit 3: Socially Engaged Buddhism in Countries with Mahayana Background: Vietnam, Tibet, Japan and Korea, etc.

Credit 4: Socially Engaged Buddhism in Other Parts of World: Europe, America and Africa

*PA IV.8: Buddhist Inscriptions (Four Credits)

Credit 1: Introduction to Indian Epigraphy, Origin & Development, Related Issues
Survey of Modern Research

Credit 2:	Origin & Development of Brahmī and Kharoṣṭhī Script
Credit 3:	Study of Selected Brahmi Inscriptions
Credit 4:	Study of Selected Kharoṣṭhī Inscriptions