UNIVERSITY OF PUNE

BOARD OF STUDIES IN BOTANY

T.Y.B.Sc. Botany Revised Syllabus

As Per Semester System

(Subject to modifications to be made time to time)

Applicable From June 2010

Minimum Requirements For Under Graduate Courses in Botany

Infrastructure-Laboratoey and Equipment, Instruments etc.

- Laboratory-30'x40'-at least two laboratories.
- Staff room-15'x10'-1
- Head Cabin with w.c15'x10'
- Instrument Room 10'x10'
- Research Lab 30'x30'
- A well established tissue culture room with AC
- Mushroom cultivation room
- Fungal culture room

Instrument :

- 1. Autoclave-minimum -1
- 2. Laminar air flow cabinet-minimum-1
- 3. Binocular microscope(Dissecting)-60
- 4. Compound Microscope -30
- 5. Dissecting Microscope-24
- 6. Microtome-Rotary-01 and hand microtome-01
- 7. Centrifuge machine 01
- 8. Spectrophotometer and Calorimeter-01 each
- 9. pH meter-01
- 10. Tilak air sampler-01
- 11. Rotorod air sampler-01
- 12. Chromatography plates and Jars-12 each
- 13. Computer with printer, Internet connection and scanner-minimum-2(recent P4)
- 14. Burette potometer-12
- 15. Arc indicator-2
- 16. Water bath-01
- 17. Electronic balance (Digital)-01
- 18. Analytical Balance-03
- 19. Rough Balance-01
- 20. Respirometer-06
- 21. Gas connection-01
- 22. Charts as per syllabus
- 23. Permanent slides & class work material and specimen as per syllabus.
- 24. Over Head Project(OHP)-minimum-01
- 25. Slide Projector minimum-01
- 26. Projection microscope-minimum-01
- 27. Camera Lucida-12
- 28. Stage micrometer and ocular 06
- 29. Hair hygrometer-02

- 30. Minimum and maximum thermometer-02
- 31. Water distillation plant-01
- 32. Suction pump-01
- 33. Buchner funnel-06
- 34. Oven-01
- 35. Culture racks with Lux meter-01
- 36. Paleobotany slides and specimen as per syllabus
- 37. Zoom lens camera and digital camera-01 each
- 38. Soil and water analysis kit-01 each
- 39. Imbibition pressure apparatus-01
- 40. Chromatography chamber-04
- 41. Museum specimen as per syllabus
- 42. Construction of poly house naturally ventilated at least 100 sq. meter area
- 43. Construction of shade net 120 sq. meter area
- 44. Construction of polyhouse-Tunnel type(80 sq. meter) for B.G.A. biofertilizer with concrete types of 3 mtrs X 1 mtrs size and 21 cm depth.
- 45. Vasculum, plant press and cabinet plankton Net-01 Each
- 46. B. O. D.Chamber-01
- 47. Conductivity Meter-01
- 48. Digital Camera-01

In addition to above list the Instruments & Equipments mentioned in earlier syllabus of T.Y.B.Sc. and S.Y.B.Sc. must be procured.

UNIVERSITY OF PUNE

BOARD OF STUDIES IN BOTANY

T.Y.B.Sc. Botany Revised Syllabus As Per Semester System

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Class-T.Y.B.Sc.(To be implemented From June 2010) Theory Courses					
Paper	Course	Semester-III	Course	Semester-IV	
Ι	BO.	Algae, Fungi and	BO.	Plant Physiology and	
	331	Bryophytes	341	Biochemistry	
II	BO.	Molecular Biology	BO.	Plant Pathology	
	332		342		
III	BO.	Angiosperms and	BO.	Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms	
	333	Evolution	343	and Palaeobotany	
IV	BO.	Genetics and Plant	BO.	Plant Biotechnology	
	334	Breeding	344		
V	BO.	Biometry and Computer	BO.	Botanical Techniques	
	335	Applications	345	_	
VI	BO.	Cell Biology and seed	BO.	Pharmacognosy	
	336	technology	346		

Practicals based on theory papers-

Γ

Practical No.	Course	Practicals based on
Practical I	BO. 347	BO. 331 Algae, Fungi and Bryophytes
		BO. 332 Molecular Biology
		BO. 341 Plant Physiology and Biochemistry
		BO. 342 Plant Pathology
Practical II	BO. 348	BO. 333 Angiosperms and Evolution
		BO. 334 Genetics and Plant Breeding
		BO. 343 Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms and Palaeobotany
		BO. 344 Plant Biotechnology
Practical III	BO. 349	BO. 335 Biometry and Computer Applications
		BO. 336 Cell Biology and seed technology
		BO. 345 Botanical Techniques
		BO. 346 Pharmacognosy

UNIVERSITY OF PUNE Equivalence of The T.Y.B.Sc. Botany Revised Syllabus Semester III

Paper	Course	Semester-III New Syllabus	Course	Semester-III Old Syllabus
Ι	BO. 331	Algae, Fungi and Bryophytes	BO. 331	Biology of lower Cryptogams
II	BO. 332	Molecular Biology	BO. 332	Biology of higher cryptogams
III	BO. 333	Angiosperms and Evolution	BO. 333	Biology of seed Plants I (Angiosperms
				and Environmental Biology)
IV	BO. 334	Genetics and Plant Breeding	BO. 334	Cell Biology and Biometrics
V	BO. 335	Biometry and Computer	BO. 335	Microbiology and Plant pathology
		Applications		
VI	BO. 336	Cell Biology and seed	BO. 336	Botanical Techniques and Computer
		technology		Applications.

Semester IV					
Paper	Course	Semester-IV(New Syllabus)	Course	Semester-IV(Old Syllabus)	
Ι	BO. 341	Plant Physiology and	BO. 341	Biology of Seed Plants II	
		Biochemistry		(Gymnosperms and Palaeobotany)	
II	BO. 342	Plant Pathology	BO. 342	Biology of Seed Plants III (Anatomy	
				and Embryology)	
III	BO. 343	Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms and	BO. 343	Plant Physiology and Biochemistry	
		Palaeobotany			
IV	BO. 344	Plant Biotechnology	BO. 344	Genetics and Plant Breeding	
V	BO.345	Botanical Techniques	BO.345	Molecular Biology	
VI	BO. 346	Pharmacognosy	BO. 346	Optional Paper	

Semester III Paper I: BO.331 ALGAE, FUNGI AND BRYOPHYTA (48 L)

ALGAE	:	(16 L)
	1. Introduction :	(2 L)
	General Characters, Classification of algae as per Chapman and	
	Chapman (1973) upto classes only.	
	2. Study of general characters, thallus structure, reproduction with example	(9 L)
	of –	
	Cyanophyta, Chlorophyta, Charophyta, Phaeophyta, Rhodophyta, Pyrrophyta, Bascillariophyta, Euglenophyta, Xanthophyta.	
	3. Study of life cycle of algae with respect to Taxanomic position occurance, thallus structure, reproduction and economic importance of-	(5L)
	Nostoc, Chlorella, Chara, Sargassum, Batrachopermum.	
FUNGI :		(16 L)
	1. Introduction :	(3 L)
	General Character	
	Classification of fungi as per Ainsworth et al 1971	
	Mycorrihzae: Types and application.	
	2. Study of general characters, somatic and reproductive phase of following	(7 L)
	classes of fungi with example-	
	Myxomycetes, Chytridiomycetes, Oomycetes, Zygomycetes,	
	Ascomycetes, Basidiomycetes, Deuteromycetes.	
	3. Life cycle of fungi with reference to systematic position, thallus structure,	(6 L)
	reproduction and economic importance of following fungi-	
	Stemonites, Pythium, Rhizopus, Saccharomyces, Puccinia, Cercospora	
BRYOP	HYTA :	(16 L)
BRYOP	HYTA : 1. General characters and economic importance, of brayophyta, Classification up to order levels as per Schuster (1957)	(16 L) (2 L)
BRYOP	 HYTA : 1. General characters and economic importance, of brayophyta, Classification up to order levels as per Schuster (1957) 2. Study of general characters, thallus structure and reproduction with examples of- 	(16 L) (2 L) (4 L)
BRYOP	 HYTA: 1. General characters and economic importance, of brayophyta, Classification up to order levels as per Schuster (1957) 2. Study of general characters, thallus structure and reproduction with examples of- Hepaticopsida, Anthocerotopsida and Bryopsida. 	(16 L) (2 L) (4 L)
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BRYOP	 HYTA: 1. General characters and economic importance, of brayophyta, Classification up to order levels as per Schuster (1957) 2. Study of general characters, thallus structure and reproduction with examples of- Hepaticopsida, Anthocerotopsida and Bryopsida. 3. Study of life cycle of <i>Marchentia, Anthoceros, Polytrichum</i> with respect to thallus (Morphology and Anatomy), Sporophyte structure and reproduction. te Books : Vashistha B.R.Singh Botany for degree students-Algae Das, Datta, Gangulle-College Botany Vol I O.P. Sharma-Algae 	(16 L) (2 L) (4 L) (10 L)
BRYOP	 HYTA: 1. General characters and economic importance, of brayophyta, Classification up to order levels as per Schuster (1957) 2. Study of general characters, thallus structure and reproduction with examples of- Hepaticopsida, Anthocerotopsida and Bryopsida. 3. Study of life cycle of <i>Marchentia, Anthoceros, Polytrichum</i> with respect to thallus (Morphology and Anatomy), Sporophyte structure and reproduction. be Books : Vashistha B.R.Singh Botany for degree students-Algae Das, Datta, Gangulle-College Botany Vol I O.P. Sharma-Algae 4. Vashishta B.R. et al Botany for degree students- Fungi 	(16 L) (2 L) (4 L) (10 L)
BRYOP	 HYTA: 1. General characters and economic importance, of brayophyta, Classification up to order levels as per Schuster (1957) 2. Study of general characters, thallus structure and reproduction with examples of- Hepaticopsida, Anthocerotopsida and Bryopsida. 3. Study of life cycle of <i>Marchentia, Anthoceros, Polytrichum</i> with respect to thallus (Morphology and Anatomy), Sporophyte structure and reproduction. be Books: 1. Vashistha B.R.Singh Botany for degree students-Algae 2. Das, Datta, Gangulle-College Botany Vol I 3. O.P. Sharma-Algae 4. Vashishta B.R. et al Botany for degree students- Fungi 5. P.D.Sharma -The Fungi 	(16 L) (2 L) (4 L) (10 L)
BRYOP	 HYTA: 1. General characters and economic importance, of brayophyta, Classification up to order levels as per Schuster (1957) 2. Study of general characters, thallus structure and reproduction with examples of- Hepaticopsida, Anthocerotopsida and Bryopsida. 3. Study of life cycle of <i>Marchentia, Anthoceros, Polytrichum</i> with respect to thallus (Morphology and Anatomy), Sporophyte structure and reproduction. be Books : Vashistha B.R.Singh Botany for degree students-Algae Das, Datta, Gangulle-College Botany Vol I O.P. Sharma-Algae Vashishta B.R. et al Botany for degree students- Fungi P.D.Sharma -The Fungi O.P.Sharma -Fungi 	(16 L) (2 L) (4 L) (10 L)
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- 12. Puri P. 1980. Bryophytes. Atma Ram and Sons, Delhi.
- 13.Alexopoulus C.J , Mims C.W. and Blacwel M.I 1996. Introductory Mycology. John Wiley and Sons Inc.
- 14.Kumar H.D. 1988. Introductory Phycology. Affiliated East-West Press Ltd., New Delhi.

Semester III Paper II : BO. 332 MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (48 L)

1. Molecular Biology Introduction and Concept:	(6 L)
1.1 Introduction	× ,
1.2 Definition, Importance and application.	
1.3 Central Dogma of molecular biology.	
1.4 Model Organism for studying molecular biology.	
1.5 Molecules of cell- Carbohydrates, Lipid, Nucleic Acid, Proteins	
2. Nature of genetic material :	(4 L)
2.1 Brief History-Emphasizing characteristics of genetic material	
2.2 Physical and biological Evidences to prove DNA as genetic	
material (Transformation, Transduction, Conjugation)	
2.3 Chargoff's Law	
2.4 Franklin's and Wilkin's Work	
2.5 Watson and Crick's Model of DNA	
2.6 Forms of DNA A, C, D,, E, and Z and companion between of A, B and Z.	
2.7 DNA content of the cell and C-value paradox	
2.8 RNA as genetic material- TMV	
2.9 Comparison of RNA and DNA as genetic material	
3. Replication of DNA :	(4 L)
3.1 Introduction and types of DNA replication.	(12)
Dispersive, Conservative and Semi-conservative.	
3.2 Messelson and Stahl's Experiment.	
3.3 General feature of DNA replication.	
3.4 Molecular mechanism of DNA replication in Prokarvotes.	
3.5 Molecular mechanism of DNA replication in eukaryotes.	
4 DNA damage and renair ·	(5 L)
4.1 Introduction	(5 L)
4.2 Causes and Types of DNA damage	
4.3 DNA repair system: Photo-reaction method dark excision repair	
method. Mismatch repair system and Double Stranded break repair	
system.	
5 Organization of Cone -	(5 I)
5.1 Promoters-structure and function	(J L)
5.2 Terminators	
5.3 Units of Gene-Cistron recon muton	
5.4 Enhancers	
5 5 Split genes	
5 6 Overlapping genes	
5.7 Comparison in prokaryotic and eukaryotic genes	
6. Transcription :	(6 L)
6.1 Introduction related to formation of mRNA. tRNA. rRNA	(5 1)
6.2 Transcription apparatus in Prokarvotes and eukarvotes	
6.3 Transcription of mRNA in Prokaryotes	

	6.4 Transcription of mRNA in eukaryotes6.5 Post transcriptional event eukaryotes splicing, RNA editing and processing of mRNA.	
7. Gen	etic Code :	
	7.1 Concept	
	7.2 Work of Nierenberg and Khorana	
	7.3 Genetic code dictionary	
	7.4 Properties of genetic code with evidences	
8. Tran	slation-Protein synthesis :	(
	8.1 Introduction	
	8.2 Structure and role of mRNA	
	8.3 Structure and role of tRNA	
	8.4 Structure and role of ribosome	
	8.5 Mechanism of Translation-initiation, elongation and termination.	
9. Gen	e action and Regulation :	(
	9.1 Relation of Gene and enzymes- one gene one enzyme hypothesis	
	9.2 Regulation of metabolism	
	9.3 Inducible and repressible enzymes	
	9.4 Gene regulation in prokaryotes-Lac operon concept	
	9.5 Gene regulation in eukaryotes-Britten and Davidson's Model	
10. Gei	nomics and Proteomics :	(
	10.1 Introduction	
	10.2 Method of gene sequencing(BAC sequencing, Random shotgun	
	sequencing)	
	10.3 Types of Genomics- structural, functional and comparative genomics	
	10.4 Future of genomics	
	10.5 Proteomics-Scope and types.	
Refere	nce Books :	
	J.K.Pal and S.S.Ghaskadabi (2008) OxfordFundamentals of Molecular	
	B1010gy B C Dube(2008) A Text Book of Biotechnology S. Chand	
	Verma and Agrawal Molecular Biology S. Chand	
	Devi P 2000 Principles and Practices of Molecular Biology	
	Lewin B 2000 Genes VII Oxford University Press New York	
	Alberts B Bray D Lewis I Baff M Roberts K and Walter 1999	
	Molecular Biology of the Cell Garland Publishing Inc. New York	
	Krishnamurthy, K.V 2000 Methods in Cell Wall Cytochemistry CRC	
	Press Boca Raton Florida	
	Buchanan B.B. Gruissm W. and Jones R.L 2000 Biochemistry and	
	Molecular.	
	De D.N 2000. Plant Cell Vacuoles : An Introduction. CISRO Publication	
	Collingwood. Australia.	
	Kleinsmith L.J and Kish V.M 1995. Principles of Cell and Molecular	
	Biology (Second Edition), Happer Collins College Publishers, New York	

Lodish H., Berk A., Zipursky, S.L Matsudaira P., Baltimore D. and

Darnell J. 2000. Molecular Cell Biology (Fourth Edition). W.H. Freeman and Company, New USA.

Rastogi V.B Concepts in Molecular Biology.

Twxman R.M 2003 (Third Reprint). Advanced Molecular Biology. Viva Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

Watson J.D et al. Molecular Biology of Gene.

Semester III Paper III : BO.333 ANGIOSPERMS AND EVOLUTION (48 L)

1 Introduction :	(2 L)
Review of artificial, natural and phylogenetic systems (general account)	
2 Phylogenetic systems of classification :	(4 L)
Engler and Prantl and Hutchinson systems with reference to outline and	
assumptions, merits and limitations.	
3) Study of following families :	(16 L)
According to Bentham & Hookers system of classification with reference to	
systematic position, distinguishing characters, economic importance,	
phylogenetic significance (if any), floral formula and floral diagram of	
Magnoliaceae, Papavaraceae, Leguminosae, Asteraceae, Acanthaceae,	
Lamiaceae, Amaranthaceae, Nyctaginaceae, Orchidaceae, Cannaceae,	
Poaceae	
4) Origin of angiosperms :	(5 L)
Monophyletic or Polyphyletic origin	
Origin with reference to time, place and ancestry-	
1) Pteridosperms theory 2) Bennettitalean theory 3) Gnetalean theory	
5) Herbarium Technique :	(5 L)
Criteria for collecting plants for herbarium, preparation of specimen for	
herbarium, drying, specing and disinfecting the specimens, disinfecting or	
poisoning of specimen, mounting, labeling, preservation of specimens,	
arrangement and maintenance, identification of specimens, dichotomous	
key for identification, major herbaria of the world, importance of herbaria.	
6) Phytogeographical regions of India :	(2 L)
7) Endemism :	(3 L)
Types of endemism-	
True endemics, pseudoendmics, neoendemics and palaeoendemics.	
Endemic plants of Maharashtra.	
8) Botanical survey of India :	(2 L)
Organizations, aims and objectives of BSI, achievements and contribution	
of Western circle(Pune) of BSI	
9) Floristic studies :	(3 L)
Floristic studies in Maharashtra(major contribution)	
Contribution of J.D. Hooker and H. Santapau	
10) Evolution :	(6 L)
1a) Variations and speciations in plants:	
Sources of variations- Mutations and recombinations, natural selection,	
Allopatric and sympatric speciation, origin of deme, race and species	
b) Evolution at Molecular level.	
Refernces-	

Stewart W.N. and Rathwell G.W. 1993. Paleobotany and the Evolution of plants. Cambridge University Press.

Oniversity Press.

Cronquist, A. 1968. The Evolution and Classification of Flowering Plants. Thomas Nel and Sons,

Ltd. London.

Davis P.H and V.H Heywood 1963. Principles of Angiosperm Taxonomy. Oliver and Boyd London.

Heywood V.H 1967. Plant Taxonomy, London.

Lawrence, G.H.M 1951. Taxonomy of Vascular Plants. N.Y.

Lawrence G.H.M 1955. An Introduction to Plant Taxonomy N.Y.

Rendle A.B. 1925. The Classification of flowering plants. 2 Vols. London.

Santapau H. 1953. The Flora of Khandala on the Western Ghats of India.

Singh V. and D.K Jain, 1981 Taxonomy of Angiosperms. Rastogi Publication, Meerut.

Swingle D.B. 1946. A Text book of Systematic Botany. Mc Graw Hill Book Co. New York.

Takhtajan A. 1969. Flowering Plants; Origin and Disposal.

Pande B.P 1997. Taxonomy of Angiosperms. S.Chand.

Gurucharan Singh 2005- Plant systematics

Naik V.N.- Taxonomy of Angiosperms.

Yadav S.R. and Sardesai M.R.- Flora of Kolhapur District.

V.V.Shivrajan-Introduction to Principles plant taxonomy

Theodore Cooke(1903)- The flora of The Presidency of Bombay Vol. I, II, III

Chopra G.L.- Angiosperms

Datta S.C.- A Hand Book of Systematic Botany

Priti Shukla and Shital Mishra- An introduction to Taxonomy of angiosperms.

Semester III Paper IV : BO. 334 GENETICS AND PLANT BREEDING	
GENETICS 1. Mendel's contribution to inheritance pattern-experiments, laws/ principles, monohybrid, dihybrid, test cross, back cross.	(36L) (3 L)
2. Neomendelism- Deviations from mendelian dihybrid ratios (modified dihybrid ratios) Interaction of genes- complementary genes, supplementary duplicate/	(6 L)
3. Multiple allelism Concept, examples, <i>Drosophila</i> (eye colour), human(blood groups), self incompatibility in plants.	(2 L)
4.Quantitative genetics Multiple factor concept and heritabilsm. Qualitative and quantitative trait, inheritance of quantitative traits(<i>Nicotiana</i> and Maize)	(2 L)
 5. Cytoplasmic Inheritance: Involving chloroplast(<i>Mirabilis</i>) and mitochondria(cytoplasmic male sterlity). Mitochondrial and chloroplast genome, interaction between nuclear and cytolpasmic genes. 	(3 L)
 6. Linkage and recombination : Concept, types, applications, detection of linkage. Concept and type of recombination. Estimation of recombination percentage and map distance. Two and three point test crosses and significance in gene mapping. 	(5 L)
 7. Sex chromosomes in Drosophila, man and Melanodrium Balance concept of sex determination in Drosophila, Man and Melanodrium. Mechanism of sex determination. Sex linked inheritance in Drosophila and man Sex linked characters. 	(5 L)
 8.Alternation in genetic makeup Spontaneous and induced mutations. Mutagens- types and mode of action (Transaction, frame shift mutations transversions.) detection of mutations. Changes in chromosomes structure- Origin types and effects of auto and allopolyploidy origin and meiosis in nullisomics, monosomics and trisomics 	(10 L)

PLANT BREEDING 1. Introduction, scope and importance	(12 L) (1 L)
2. Plant introduction and acclimatization Concept , objectives Advantage, disadvantage and achievement.	(3 L)
3. Selection Concept , types-mass, pure line and clonal selection. Advantage and diadvantage	(2 L)
4. Hybridization Concept, difficulties and precaution Procedure Achievement	(2 L)
5. Heterosis and hybrid vigour Concept Causes of heterosis- dominance hypothesis Application	(3 L)
6. Mutation breeding Gamma gardens Application	(1 L)

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Semester III

Paper V · RO 335 BIOMETRY AND COMPLITER APPLICATIONS (48	L)
BIOMETRY:	(24 L)
1. Introduction :	$(2 \cdot 2)$
1.1 Importance and scope of statistical methods in biology	(12)
1.2 Important terms in biometry	
1.3 Sampling of data: random and non random sampling	
1.4 Graphic representation of data Histograms and line graphs	
2. Measures of central tendency and desperation ·	(5 L)
2.1 Measurement of central tendency mean (arithmetic) mode median	(U L)
2.7 Measure of disperation- Range mean deviation variane standard errors	
standard deviation & coefficient of variation	
3 Probability and probability distribution ·	(6 L)
3.1 Concept of probability definition and rules for combining probability	(0 L)
estimation of probability and its applications	
3.2 Probability distribution. Introduction Discrete distribution	
3.3 Binomial distribution and Poison distribution. Continuous distribution	
Normal distribution	
4 Statistical method for testing goodness of fit ·	(5 L)
4.1 Testing of hypothesis- Null hypothesis	(5 L)
4.2 Chi-square test level of significance	
4.3 Degree of freedom application of chi-square limitation of chi-square	
5 Correlation and regression :	(4 I.)
5.1 Correlation Introduction types measures of correlation coefficient of	(4 L)
correlation and application	
5.2 Regression-Introduction, linear regression	
one regression indocation, inten regression	
COMPUTER APPLICATIONS :	(24 L)
1. Introduction of Computer :	(3 L)
Basic Structure, ALU, CPU, memory/Input and output devices.	(-)
2. Operating devices and environment :	(6 L)
2.1 Windows.	
2.2 Operating environment, GUI desktop, task bar control panel, clip	
board, running window, applications accessories, calculator, paint	
brush, coral draw, Photoshop.	
2.3 Windows applications.	
3. Microsoft Office :	(9 L)
3.1 MS-Word	
3.2 MS-Excel	
3.3 MS-PowerPoint	
4. Computer Networking :	(3 L)
4.1 Introduction	(-)
4.2 Modem	
4.3 LAN and WAN.	
5. Internet :	(3 L)
5.1 Introduction	

Internet browsing and searching biological data by using search engines. (Web page, E-mail, Chatting, Website, Blog etc.)

References:-

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Purohit S.G., V.D. Ranade, A.V.Dusane 2002 Introduction to Biometry Narendra Prakashan

Pune-2.

Veer Bala Rastogi- Fundamentals of Biostatistics

Wayne W. Daniel-Biostatistics

Basendra- Computer Today

Evice A. Smith Ctall- V.B.6 Programming Files

V.Rajaraman- Fundamentals of Computer

Semester III

Paper VI: BO. 336 CELL BIOLOGY AND SEED TECHNOLOGY

CELL BIOLOGY	(36L)
1. The Cell : Cell theory, comparative account of prokaryotic and	(2 L)
eukaryotic cell	
2. Evolution of eukaryotic cell	(3 L)
Development of eukaryotic cell as a predator cell, development of	
mitochondria and chloroplast in eukaryotic cell, development of genome.	
3. Cell Division (Cell replication) Types – Mitosis, Meiosis, significance,	(6 L)
cell cycle and regulation of cell cycle.	
4. Structural organization of plant cell :	(3 L)
Sub cellular organization, properties and organization of cytoplasmic	
matrix.	
5. Biogenesis, ultra structure, chemical composition, types, role	(22 L)
(functions) of -cell wall, cell membrane, endoplasmic reticulum(ER),	
Golgi bodies, mitochondria, plastids, ribosomes, peroxisomes, lysosomes,	
glyxysomes, nucleus, chromosomes(normal, lamp brush, polytene).	
Concept and significance of apoptosis	
SEED TECHNOLOGY	(12 L)
1.Introduction :	(2 L)
Definition of seed, Stages of Seed Production, Classes of Seed (nucleus	
seed, breeders seed, foundation seed, certified seed and truthful seed), Role	
of sees technology.	
2. Seed certification :	
General procedure of seed certification, field inspection, observation during	(2 L)
inspection, field count, duties of seed inspector.	
	$(2\mathbf{I})$
3. Seed processing :	(2 L)
Principle, complete processing sequence for cereals, pulses, oil seeds,	
vegetables and legumes.	
4 Sand storage	$(2\mathbf{I})$
4. Seed storage :	(2 L)
Definition, factor affecting seed storage and need of seed storage, types of	
storage structure, methods of protection and control, integrated pest	
funigation of seed stores	
5 Seed sampling :	$(2\mathbf{I})$
Seed sampling and dividing Types of seed samples sampling equipment	(2 L)
seed sampling and drytaing, Types of seed samples, sampling equipment.	

6. Seed Marketing :		(2 L)
	Demand forecasting, Seed pricing, projection of supply and demand for	
	different kind of seeds	

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Verma P.S and Agarwal V.K 2006 Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution, Ecology. S.Chand and Company, New Delhi.

Gerald Karp 1999 Cell and Molecular Biology- Concept and Expts. John Wiley and Scne Ine., USA.

Verma and Agarwal – Seed Technology

Semester IV Paper I : BO. 341 PLANT PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY(48 L)

PLANT PHYSIOLOGY(24 L) :	
1. Photosynthesis :	(8 L)
Ultra structure of chloroplast, accessory pigments and their role in	(-)
photosynthesis, light reaction, electron transport chain, light harvesting	
complexes, Calvin cycle and its regulation, photorespiration and its	
significance, HSK and CAM pathways, Bacterial photosynthesis.	
2. Respiration :	(8 L)
Ultra structure of mitochondria, types of respiration, Glycolysis – EMP and PPP, TCA cycle and its regulation, mitochondrial ETS, chemiosmotic theory of ATP synthesis, balance sheet of ATPs in aerobic and anaerobic respiration, complexes of respiratory chain, gluconeogenesis.	
3. Translocation of organic solutes	(3 L)
Mechanism of translocation – diffusion, Munch hypothesis, source and	
sink relationship, phloem loading and unloading.	
4. Seed physiology :	(2 L)
Types and causes of seed dormancy, methods of overcoming seed	
dormancy.	<i>(</i> - -)
5. Stress physiology :	(3 L)
Concept of biotic, abiotic and xenobiotic stresses, Types of stresses –	
salinity, drought, heavy metals and alleloblogenesis.	
BIOCHEMISTRY \cdot (24 I)	
1. Energy transformations :	(2 L)
Laws of thermodynamics, free energy, redox potentials, activation and	()
binding energy	
2. Amino acids and proteins :	(5 L)
Structure of Proteins-primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary	
proteins), synthesis and properties of amino acids and proteins,	
importance of amino acids and proteins, Nonprotein amino acids –	
types, structure and role in plants.	
3. Carbohydrates :	(4 L)
Classification, structure and properties of carbohydrates, synthesis and	
breakdown of starch and cellulose	
4. Lipids :	(2 L)
General classification of lipids, properties and functions of lipids, β	
oxidation.	/ - - \
5. Enzymology :	(5 L)
Classification, properties and mechanism of enzyme action, lock and	
key hypothesis, active sites of enzyme and coenzyme, enzyme kinetics	
- Michaelis – Menton equation, factors affecting enzyme activity – pH ,	
temperature, inhibitors (Competitive, uncompetitive and non	
6 Matabalia pool and gagandawy matabalitag a	(5 T)
UNITERADDIC POOL AND SECONDARY MELADONIES : Metabolic pool and production of secondary metabolites through	(5 L)
malonic mevalonic shikimic acid Acetyl CoA. TCA nethways	
Role of secondary metabolites in plant defense	
Role of secondary metabolites in plant defense.	

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R. G. S. Bidwell (revised edn.)-Plant Physiology

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Semester IV

Paper II : BO. 342 PLANT PATHOLOGY

1	 Fundamentals of plant pathology Introduction, Important terminology- Incitants, Host, Parasite, Pathogen, Inoculum, Penetration, Infection, Incubation, Disease, Disease development, Symptom, Sign, Disease cycle, Endophyte, Predisposition, Suscept, Resistance, Epidemic, Epidemiology, Etiology. Concept of plant disease, common symptoms of plant disease, types of plant diseases according to major causal agents. Economic importance of plant diseases, general account of history of plant pathology, Introduction to Indian Agricultural Research Institute (IARI), International Crop Research Institute for Semi Arid Tropics 				
Ref.	(ICKISAT), Contribution of Anton Bary and Pior. B.B. Mundkur. 2,4,5,7,11,12.				
2 Ref.	Disease Development Concept of disease cycle, Inoculation, Prepenetration, Penetration, Infection, Dissemination. Epidemics- Forms, Decline,, Exponential model. Disease forecasting, Measurement of plant disease and yield loss. 2,3,4,5,8.	6			
3 Ref.	Defence Mechanisms Concept and Definition, Types- Preexisting- Structural and chemical, Induced- Structural and Biochemical 1,2,4,5.	3			
4 Ref.	Methods of Studying Plant Diseases Macroscopic study, Microscopic study,, Koch"s postulates. Culture technique, Media Types and Preparation, Pure culture methods- streak plate, Pour plate, spread plate, Serial dilution. 5,7,8,9,10.	5			
5 Ref.	Fungal Plant Diseases Introduction to fungi as plant pathogens. Study of Diseases- Club root of Crucifers, Downy mildew of Grapes, Head smut of Jowar, Leaf spot of Turmeric, Tikka disease of Groundnut with reference to causal organism, symptoms and signs, disease cycle and control measures. 1,2,4,5,7,11,12.	4			

6

6 Bacterial Plant Diseases

Introduction to bacteria as plant pathogens., Study of Diseases- Citrus Canker, Black arm of Cotton with reference to causal organism, symptoms and signs, disease cycle and control measures. **Ref.** 1,2,4,5,7,11,12.

7 Mycoplasma Plant Diseases

Introduction to Mycoplasma as plant pathogens., Study of Diseases- Grassy shoot disease of sugarcane, Little leaf of brinjal with reference to symptoms and signs, disease cycle and control measures.

Ref. 1,2,4,5,7,11,12.

8 Nematodal Plant Diseases

Introduction to Nematodes as plant pathogens. Study of Diseases- Root knot disease of vegetables, Ear cockle of Wheat

with reference to causal organism, symptoms and signs, disease cycle and control measures.

Ref. 1,2,4,5,7,11,12.

9 Viral Plant Diseases

Introduction to Viruses as plant pathogens. Study of Diseases- Tobacco Mosaic Disease, Bunchy top of Banana with reference to causal organism, symptoms at

with reference to causal organism, symptoms and signs, disease cycle and control measures.

Ref. 1,2,4,5,7,11,12.

10 Principles of Plant Disease Control

General account, Quarantine, Eradication, cultural control practices, Biological control, Curative measures, Chemical control, Use of EMS, Microbial Pesticides, Plant Quarantine, IPM

Ref. 1,2,3,4,5,7,8,11.

11 Molecular Diagnostics

Introduction, Classical approaches, Use of antibodies- Polyclonal antibodies, Monoclonal antibodies Serological test-Lateral flow technique

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Ref. 6,7

12 Transgenic approaches for Crop Protection

Pathogen derived resistance against bacterial and fungal diseases Plantibodies, Expression of vaccines in plants

Ref. 3,6,7

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- 2 .Mehrotra, R.S. 1991, *Plant Pathology*, Tata Mc Graw Hill Co.Delhi
- 3 Chattergee, P.B., 1997, *Plant Protection Techniques*, Bharati Bhawan, Publ. Patana
- 4 Agrios, G.N. 2006-*Plant Pathology*, Elsevier Academic Press.
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Semester IV

Paper III: BO. 343 PTERIDOPHYTES, GYMNOSPERMS AND PALAEOBOTANY (48 L)

PTERIDOPHYTES:	(16 L)
classification upto order as per Sporne	(2 L)
 Salient features of Psilopsida, Lycopsida, Sphenopsida and Pteropsida, with examples. 	(2 L)
3. Study of life cycle of <i>Psilotum</i> , <i>Seleaginella</i> , <i>Equisetum</i> and <i>Marsilea</i> with reference to distribution, morphology, anatomy, reproduction, gametophyte, sporophyte and alternation of generations.	(10 L)
4. Heterospory and seed habit in Pteridophytes	(2 L)
GYMNOSPERMS :	(16 L)
1. Introduction, economic importance and classification according to Chamebrlain(1934).	(2 L)
2. Study of life cycle of <i>Cycas, Pinus</i> and <i>Gnetum</i> with reference to distribution, morphology, anatomy, reproduction, gametophyte, sporophyte, seed structure and alternation of generations.	(14 L)
PALAEOBOTANY :	(16 L)
1. Geological time scale.	(1L)
 Fossil- Definition, process of fossil formation, types of fossils impression, compression, petrifaction, pith cast and coal ball. 	(3L)
3. Study of following fossil groups.a) Psilopsida- Salient features of order Psilophytales, external and internal morphology of <i>Rhynia</i>.	(12 L)
b) Lycopsida- Salient features of order Lepidodendrales, external and internal morphology of <i>Lepidodendron</i> , <i>Sitgmaria</i> , <i>Lepidostrobus</i> , <i>Lepidocarpon</i> , <i>Lepidophyllum</i> .	
 c) Sphenopsida- Salient features of Calamitales, external and internal morphology of <i>Calamites, Annularia, Calamostachys & Paleostachys</i> d) Pteridosperms- External and internal morphology of <i>Lyginopteris oldhamia</i>. 	
e) Pentoxylae- Salient feature, external and internal morphology of stem [<i>Pentoxylon</i>], Leaf [<i>Nipaniophyllum</i>].	
Keferences:-	
1. Sporne K.K. 1991. The Morphology of Pteridophytes. B.I Publishing Pvt. Ltd.	Bombay.
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Cambridge University Press.	

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- 16. Arnold C.R.-An Introduction to Palaeobotany
- 17. E.H.N.Andrews-Studies in Palaeobotany (Botany for Degree Students Vol.-V)
- 18. Shukla A.C. and Mishra S.P.- Essentials of Palaeobotany.

Semester IV Paper IV : BO. 344 PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY -(48L)

1. Introduction to Biotechnology

- 1.1 Introduction
- 1.2 History of Biotechnology
- 1.3 Traditional and Modern Biotechnology
- 1.4 Global Impact and Current excitements of Biotechnology Health care, Human genome project, Environment, genomics and proteomics, bioinformatics
- 1.5 Biotechnology in India and Global Trends
- 1.6 Achievements of Biotechnology-

Genetic Foods (GMO's), Prevention and Misused biotechnology, Biodiversity conservation, Gene bank Intellectual Property Rights and Protection- forms of protection, patenting biological materials, significance of patenting in India, Cryopreservation of plant stock cells

2. Genetic Engineering

- 2.1 Introduction
- 2.2 Brief history of G.E.
- 2.3 Molecular Tools of G.E.-Restriction endonuclease, DNA ligase, Alkaline Phosphatase, DNA modifying enzymes.
- 2.4 Tools in G.E: Gel permeation, PAGE, SDS-PAGE, 2-D gel electrophoresis, spectroscopy, colorimeter,
- 2.5 UV-Spectrometry, Fluorescent Micrometry
- 2.6 Genetic engineering and human welfare-

Insulin, Somatotropin, Human interferon genes, Genes for Vaccine, Gene Therapy Diagnosis and Cure of Disease- DNA probe, Monoclonal antibodies, Hybridoma

3. **Bioinformatics**

- 3.1 Introduction
- 3.2 History
- 3.3 Database
- 3.4 Sequence and Nomenclature
- 3.5 Information sources
- 3.6 Use of Bioinformatics tools in analysis

4	Agricultural Biotechnology	(18L)
	4.1 Introduction	
	Bio fertilizers-Algal, Bacterial, Azolla, Frankia, Mycorrhizal with reference to	(5L)
	Structure, Characterization, Mass production and application	

4.2Biotechnology of Biological Nitrogen Fixation-

Non symbiotic Nitrogen Fixation-Diazotrophs and their ecology, special features, Mechanism of N₂ Fixation

(12L)

(8L)

)

(5L)

Symbiotic N₂ Fixation- establishment of symbiosis, factors affecting and mechanism of symbiotic N₂ Fixation

- 4.3 Genetics of Diazotrophs- Nod genes, Nif gene
- Plant Tissue Culture
 - 1. Brief History
 - 2. Plant protoplast culture
 - 3. Somaclonal variation
 - 4. Plant tissue culture in Forestry
 - **5.** Application of Tissue culture in GMO's, Plant pathology, Plant breeding, molecular farming
 - 6. Nutritional quality (cyclodextrins, Vit. A, quality of seed protein, Immunotherapeutic drugs, edible vaccines, edible antibodies, edible interferons)
 - 7. Bioethics in plant genetic engineering
 - 8. Gene Conservation banks

Reference Books:-

R. C. Dube(2008)- A Text Book of Biotechnology, S. Chand

P.K. Gupta-Elements of Biotechnology

Satyanarayana-Biotechnology

Kalyan Kumar De-Plant tissue culture

Pal J.K. and Ghaskadabi S.S.(2008)- Fundamentals of Molecular Biology.

Verma and Agrawal- Molecular Biology

Devi P.2008-Principle and Methods of plant Molecular Biology, Biochemistry and Genetics Agrobios, Jodhpur, India.

Glick B.R. and Tompson J.E. 1993 Methods in Plant Molecular Biology and Biotechnology CRC Press Boca Raton, Florida.

Hall R.D. (Ed.)1999 Plant cell culture Protocol human press Inc., New Jersey, USA **Kumar H.D.** 2002 A Text Book of Biotechnology 2nd Edn. Affiliated Easyt-West Press Private Ltd New Delhi.

Ramawat K.G. 2003 Plant Biotechnology, S. Chand & Co. Ltd . Ramnagar New Delhi. 110055

Trivedi P.C.2000 Plant Biotechnology, Panima Publishing Carpation, New Delhi. **Rajdan-** Plant tissue culture.

Semester IV Paper V : BO. 345 BOTANICAL TECHNIQUES (48 L)

1	Microscopy Introduction, Image formation(properties of light), Lens-refraction, dispersion of light , Images, Intricacies of seeing objects, Image quality, Magnification concept, expression, Choice of eye piece and objective combinations to ensure optimal magnification, magnification power, Resolution -phenomenon, resolving power of microscope, contrast and resolution of images.	(6 L)
Ref. 2	1,2,3,6. Microscopes Introduction, history, purpose of microscopic examination, Types-Dissecting-uses, stereoscopic- optic principle and uses, Compound- Construction-parts, working, optic principle, uses,	(4 L)
Ref. 3	1,2,3,6. Image Documentation Camera lucida- principle, types, Photomicrography-principle, use of SLR cameras, Digital imaging- New opportunities, Advantages of digital camera, advantages of digitization.	(4 L)
Ref. 4	2,6. Micrometry Introduction, principle, micrometer types, Eye piece Reticle/inserts , stage micrometer, calibration of ocular scale and microscope.	(3 L)
Ref. 5	 1,5,6. Microtechnique Introduction, preparations for microscopic observation- WM, smears, squashes, sections, Materials- cover glass, microslides- types, culture slides, watch glass, embryo cup, syracause dish, stender dish, specimen phial, couplin jar. Equipment-Working and Use of- Hot air oven, slide warming table, Stains-nature and use of- Brazilin, Haematoxyline, Cotton blue, Fast green, Light Green, Safranin O, Sectioning-Free hand, Microtome Types-Hand and Rotary, Technique – Killing, fixation, dehydration, paraffin infiltration, embedding, Fixing of wax block, Microtoming, Fixing the ribbon of micro sections on slides, Dewaxing, Staining, mounting , Advantages. 	(10 L)
Ref. 6	2,5,8 Chromatography Introduction, definition, concept of partition coefficient, Paper chromatography- principle, method, Advantages.	(4 L)

TLC-. principle, method, Advantages.

Ref. 1,3,7

7	Spectroscopy Definition and general principle, Beer and Lambert's law, Mechanics of measurement. Spectrophotometer- working and applications.	(4 L)
Ref. 8	1,3,7 Centrifugation Definition, factors affecting rate of sedimentation, Types-passing remark	(2 L)
Ref. 9	1,3,7 Electrochemical Techniques Principle, pH meter, reference electrode, indicator electrode, oxygen electrode, Calibration , applications.	(2 L)
Ref. 10	1,3,7 X - ray Microanalysis Concept, Principle, Instrumentation, applications.	(2 L)
Ref. 11	1, Techniques with Radioisotopes Isotopes and Radioactivity, Ionisation effects, Measurement units, Measurement technique- Scintillation counting system.	(3 L)
Ref. 12	1, Aeropalynological Techniques Acetolysis, slide exposure, culture plate technique, Air samplers-Tilak, Rotorod -Working	(4 L)
Ref.	4,	

REFERENCES

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- 4 .**Tilak, S.T** ,1987, *Air Monitoring-Practical manual*, VAIJAYANTI Prakashan, Aurangabad.
- 5 **Prasad and Prasad**, 1984, *Outlines of Microtechnique*, Emkay Publications, Delhi.

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Semester IV Paper VI : BO. 346 PHARMACOGNOSY (48 L)

1. Introduction to Pharmacognosy	(8L)
1.1 History, definition and Scope of Pharmacognosy	
1.2 Traditional and alternative systems of medicine	
1.3 Classification of crude drugs.	
1.4 Concept of active principle, and major metabolic Pathway leading to the	
Production of therapeutically active Chemical Constituents	
2. Ayurvedic Pharmacy	(10L)
2.1 Introduction	
2.2 Tridosha concept, Humoral, Indigenous Systems of medicine (Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani, Tibi)	
2.3 Ayurvedic principles- Ras. Guna, Vipaka, Virya, Prabhava,	
2.4 Ayurvedic formulations –	
Asava, Arishta, Kvatha, Churna, Ksharas, Leha, Vatika, Taila, Bhasma, 2.5 Nutraceuticals & Cosmeuticals,	
3 Analytical Pharmacognosy	(6L)
3.1 Drug adulteration	(01)
3.2 Methods of drug evaluation- Morphological Microscopic Chemical and Phys	sical
methods.	sicui
3.3 Biological and chemical evaluation of drugs	
4. Cultivation, collection and processing of herbal drugs	(8L)
4. Cultivation, collection and processing of herbal drugs 4.1 Cultivation- Methods, Factors affecting cultivation	(8L)
 4. Cultivation, collection and processing of herbal drugs 4.1 Cultivation- Methods, Factors affecting cultivation 4.2 Collection and Processing 	(8L)
 4. Cultivation, collection and processing of herbal drugs 4.1 Cultivation- Methods, Factors affecting cultivation 4.2 Collection and Processing	(8L)
 4. Cultivation, collection and processing of herbal drugs Cultivation- Methods, Factors affecting cultivation Collection and Processing Collection, harvesting, drying, garbling, packing, storage of crude drugs. 5. Study of drugs 	(8L) (10L)
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- Methodology, importance of Ethnobotany in research and conservation
 Ethnic Societies of india and world & their contribution

• <u>Ethnobotany of Aegle marmelos, Butea monosperma</u>, Neem (Azadirachta indica) <u>Ficus, bengalensis</u> w.r.t. Taxonomic description, distribution, phytochemistry and uses, Social & religious practices,

References:-

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PRACTICALS

	Practical I	BO. 347	BO. 331 Algae, Fungi and Bryophytes	
			BO. 332 Molecular Biology	
			BO. 341 Plant Physiology and Biochemistry	
			BO. 342 Plant Pathology	
Draatic	oola bacad an R(A 221 Algo	o Funci and Brayonhyta	(6 D)
Fracuc	Practicals based	J. JJI Alga Jsod on RO	331 Algae Fungi and Bryonhyta	$(0\mathbf{F})$
	1 Study of A	loae with re	spect to Thallus structure and reproduction	(21)
	of Nosotc	Chlorella (Thara Sargassum Batrachospermum	
	2 Study of Fi	ungi Stemor	nites Pythium Rhizonus Saccharomyces Puccinia	(2 P)
	and <i>Cercos</i> structure.	pora with re	espect to thallus structure and reproductive	(21)
	3. Study of bi	ryophyte (M	lorphology and anatomy), structure of	(2 P)
	reproductiv Polytrichu	ve bodies an m.	nd sporophyte of Marchantia, Anthoceros,	
Practic	cals based on BC	D. 332 Mol	ecular Biology	(6 P)
	1. Plant genor	mic- DNA i	solation(from Cauliflower).	(1 P)
	2. Estimation	of DNA by	DPA method.	(1 P)
	3. Purification	n and quant	ification of DNA	(1 P)
	4. Isolation a	nd estimatio	on of RNA by Arcinol method.	(1 P)
	5. Problems b	based on tra	nscription and translocation	(2 P)
Practic	cals based on BC). 341 Plan	t Physiology and Biochemistry :	(6 P)
	1.To determine	ne diurnal fl	uctuation in TAN values of CAM plants	(1 P)
	2. Estimation method.	of chloroph	nyll- a and b by spectrometric or calorimetric	(1 P)
	3. Estimation	of proteins	by <i>Lowery</i> et al. method	(1 P)
	4. Study activ	vity of enzy	mes peroxidase/ dehydrogenase/amylase	(1 P)
	5. Separation	of Amino a	cids by Paper Chromatography	(1 P)
	5. Demonstra	ation of:	1 • .•	(1 P)
	a.	Effect of I	normones on seed germination.	
	D.	Ringing e	xperiment for path of transfocation	
	C.	Qualitativ	e test for arkalolus, proteins, carbonyurates and	
	d.	Hill reacti	on.	
Practic	als hased on R() 342 Plan	t Pathology •	(6 P)
Tracin	1 Study of in	nportant nla	nt diseases- Fungal (2) Bacterial (1) Myconlasma	(01) (2 P)
	(1). Nemat	ode (1). Vir	(1) with reference to causal organism.	(21)
	symptoms.	signs and c	control.	
	Ref. 1.2.4.	5.7.11.12		
	2. Pathogenic	city Assay C	OR Demonstration of Koch's postulate for a	(1 P)
	bacterial O Ref. 3,7,9,	R Fungal p 10.	athogen.OR Disease diagnosis of fungal leaf spot.	~ ,
	3. Isolation a	nd maintena	unce of pure culture of bacterial OR fungal plant	(1 P)
	pathogen b	y streak/ Po	our/ Spread plate/ Serial dilution method.	
	Ref. 7,9,10).		

4. a) Study of Biological control OR Demonstration of Antagonism.	(1 P)
b) Demonstration Practical- Microbial pesticides, EMS, Serological	
test, culture media.	
Ref. 2,3,4,6,7,9,10	
5. a) Visit to plant protection lab,/plant disease clinic/Agri. clinic/Bio	(1 P)
control lab/Plant protection research institute/KVK and report writing.	
b) Survey of plant diseases in nearby area and report writing.	
Ref. 1,2,4,5,7,11,12.	

Practical II	BO. 348	BO. 333 Angiosperms and Evolution
		BO. 334 Genetics and Plant Breeding
		BO. 343 Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms and Palaeobotany
		BO. 344 Plant Biotechnology

Practicals based on BO. 333 Angiosperms and evolution:	(6 P)
1. Study of any eight families (as per theory course)	(4 P)
2. Identification of plants with the help of regional flora	(1 P)
3. Preparation of an artificial key based on multiple characters/ androecium/	(1 P)
gynaecium/ vegetative characters (at least two keys)	
*Botanical excursion is compulsory for the students to study the endemic species, phytogeography and species of botanical interest. Student should submit visit report and ten herbarium specimens of local/common wild plants or photographs of rare, endemic or endangered plants species.	
Practicals based on BO. 334 Genetics and plant breeding :	(6 P)
1. Testing goodness of fit of the observed F_2 phenotypic ratio with excepted Mendelian ratios.	(1 P)
2. Genetic mapping using 3 points cross data.	(1 P)
3. Effect of physical or chemical mutagens on crop plants (photographs) of M_1 and M_2 population.	(1 P)
4. Induction of tetraploidy in onion root cells.	(1 P)
5. Demonstration of techniques of hybridization (emasculation, pollination, tagging and bagging etc.)	(1 P)
6. Multiple translocations in <i>Rhoeo discolor</i> .	(1 P)
*Visit to plant breeding station is compulsory	(1 P)
Practicals based on BO. 343 Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms and Palaeobotany	(6 P)
1. Study of Pteridophytes (Morphology and anatomy), structure of reproductive bodies of <i>Psilotum, Sileaginella, Equisetium</i> and <i>Marsilea</i>	(2 P)
2. Study of Gymnosperms (Morphology and anatomy), structure of reproductive bodies of <i>Cycas, Pinus</i> and <i>Gnetum</i> .	(2 P)
3. Study of fossil type Impression, Compression, Petrification, Pithcast and Coal balls.	(1 P)
 Study of Fossil groups as per theory syllabus- Psilopsida, Lycopsida, Sphenopsida, Pteridosperms and Pentoxylae. 	(1 P)
Practicals based on BO. 344 Plant Biotechnology :	(6 P)
1. Preparation and sterilization of the medium, slant preparation and inoculation-MS medium.	(1 P)
2. Micro propagation of some important	(1 P)
3.Aseptic seed germination-legume seed	(1 P)
4. Study of different bio fertilizers.	(1 P)
5. Gene data retrieval from the NCBI	(1 P)
6. Homology Modeling through the BLAST(For Genes)	(1 P)

	Practical III	BO. 349	BO. 335 Biometry and Computer Applications	
			BO. 336 Cell Biology and seed technology	
			BO. 345 Botanical Techniques	
			BO. 346 Pharmacognosy	
D	·	00 225 D:	and the second Commutant Area Basetines	
Practicals based on BO. 555 Biometry and Computer Applications				$(0 \mathbf{P})$
	1. Analysis	of correlation	measures of variation, estimation of Probability and	(3 P)
	2 Creation	of folders/ f	files for different types of document(letter/Bio-data/	(1 P)
	curriculum	vitae) usino	MS-Word	(11)
	3. Preparati	on of pivot	tables and generation of graphs using MS-Excel.	(1 P)
	Preparation	of a Power	Point presentation and Internet Browsing.	(11)
D				
Practicals based on BO. 336 Cell Biology and seed technology				(6 P)
	1. a) Cytolo (Aceto	gical techni o-carmine a	nd Aceto-orcein).	(2 P)
	D) Study 2 Study of	of various s	stages of mitosis and metosis.	$(1 \mathbf{D})$
	2. Study of	elle polyter	a chromosome)	$(\mathbf{I}\mathbf{F})$
	3 Procedure to adapted for obtaining certified seeds			
	5. 1 10ccuur		for obtaining certified seeds.	(11)
	4. Principles and working of different seed processing equipment.(conver, elevator, indented, seed separator, gravity separator)			
	5.Visit to se	ed processi	ng unit/ seed storage house.	(1P)
Practicals based on BO. 345 Botanical Techniques				(6 P)
1. Image documentation of suitable botanical microscopic preparation by				(1 P)
	using can Ref. 1,2,3	nera lucida 3,	and digital camera.	
	2. Microme Ref. 1,2,3	try of suita 3,5.	ble botanical material.	(1 P)
	3. Microton	ny- Prepara	tion and processing of suitable material.	(1 P)
	4. Microton	ny- Section	ning.	(1 P)
	5. Microton	ny- Fixing,	staining and mounting	(1 P)
	Ref. 2,3,5), 	Calman da anna Datair da anna la r	$(1 \mathbf{D})$
	6. Demonstr	rations- 1 L	C chromatogram, Rotorod sampler	(1 P)
	7 Vorificati	t, ion of Poor	and Lambatt's law	$(1 \mathbf{D})$
	Ref. 1,3,	7,	and Lambert S law.	(1 P)
Pract	icals based on B	BO. 346 Ph	armacognosy	(6 P)
	1. Study of	any six dru	g plants from theory syllabus(Macroscopic and	(2P)
	Microscopio	c		. ,
	2. Study of	ethno botan	y of any two locally available Plants	(1P)
	3. Study and	d preparatio	n of ayurvedic formulations - Asav, Arishtia, Churna	(1P)
	4. Visit to p	harmaceuti	cal industry where plant formulations are prepared	(1P)
	5. Extractio	n and Quali	tative analysis of Alkaloid, Glycoside and Tannin	(1P)

*All the tours and visits are compulsory as per the rules and regulations of University of Pune as an integral part of the curriculum.

UNIVERSITY OF PUNE T.Y.B.SC. BOTANY PRACTICAL COURESE AS PER RECISED SYLLABUS APPLICABLE FROM JUNE 2010

(EXAMINATION PATTERN 80:20 SEMESTER)

- 1. 20 marks internal (5 marks for attendance, sincerely, punctually, 5 marks for time to time journal completion. 5 marks for involvement of the student in the departmental activities and plantation and conversation of rare/ endangered/ plant/ medicinal/ plant in the botanical garden. 5 marks for attendance of excursion tours)
- 2. 80 marks for annual; examination e conducted by University and there will be two examiners one will be internal and second will be from any college of University which the examiners should have at least 5 years teaching experience at T.Y.B.Sc. level, there will be no restriction of district.
- 3. A batch of 12 students will be called for examination and not more than that.
- 4. The practical examination will be more than five hours. For which both the examiners will set the papers collectively before one hour of the examination for this the external examiners will visit the botanical garden as well by near by area and will select the required fresh plant material. All the colleges should plant mostly all the plants required for the practical and the plant which can not be planted in the garden or which are seasonal must be made available in the preserved from as class work material.
- 5. Each student should plant at least one medical/ plant/ endangered plant in the botanical garden and conserved it. He/ she will write a report about the growth of plants its importance, uses , status and submit at the time of examination for which certain marks will be reserved by the examiners.
- 6. The examiners should also reserve some marks at the time of annual examination for excursion tour report and the photographs of medicinal/ plant/ endangered plant taken during the excursion tour.