

Department of Politics and Public Administration

University of Pune

**Syllabus for M. A. (Political Science) course under
Credit and Semester System**

M.A. (Political Science)
Semester and Credit System
Rules and Regulations

I. General Information

- The M.A. degree will be awarded to students who complete a total of 64 credits in a minimum of two years taking four courses per Semester (4 X 4 = 16 Credits). Each course will be of 4 credits.
- For the students doing M.A. degree in Politics the courses are divided into compulsory and optional. Every student has to take one optional course in each semester along with the three compulsory courses.
- A student may take three courses (totaling to twelve credits) per semester from the Department of Politics and Public Administration and therefore one course of four credits from any other department per semester. **In case a student wishes to take all courses from the Department of Politics and Public Administration he/she can do so.**
- Students from other departments can opt for Optional Courses being offered by this department. Eligibility for registering for each course will be decided by the departmental committee.

II. Evaluation

- Each course will have 50% marks as semester end examination and 50 % marks for in-semester assessment.
- The student has to pass in the combined total of internal assessment and semester end examination.
- In order to pass a student shall have to get minimum 40% marks (E and above on grade point scale) in each course.
- The system of evaluation will be as follows : Each assignment/test will be evaluated in terms of marks. The marks for separate assignments and the final (semester end) examination will be added together and then converted into a grade and later grade point average. Results will be declared for each semester and the final examination will give total marks, grades and grade point average.

Marks	Grade	Grade Point
100 to 75	O: Outstanding	06
74 to 65	A: Very Good	05
64 to 55	B: Good	04
54 to 50	C: Average	03
49 to 45	D: Satisfactory	02
44 to 40	E: Pass	01
39 to 0	F:Fail	00

- The formula for conversion of Grade Point Average (GPA) into the final grade

05.5	-	06	-	O
04.5	-	05.49	-	A
03.5	-	04.49	-	B
02.5	-	03.49	-	C
01.5	-	02.49	-	D
00.5	-	01.49	-	E

- If a student misses an internal assessment examination he/she will have a second chance **subject to permission of the teacher concerned.**
- Students who have failed for the entire course may reappear at the semester-end exam. Their internal marks will not change. They can also repeat during the 5th /the 6th semester whichever is applicable.
- Grade point average will be calculated as per the following formula : GPA

$$= \frac{\text{Total No. of Grade Points X 4}}{64}$$

Grades

O : Outstanding (75% and above)	Excellent analysis of the topic, Accurate knowledge of the primary material, wide range of reading, logical development of ideas, originality in approaching the subject, neat and systematic organization of content, elegant and lucid style.
A : Very Good (65 to 74%)	Excellent analysis of the topic, Accurate knowledge of the primary material, acquaintance with seminal publications, logical development of ideas, neat and systematic organization of content, effective and clear expression.
B : Good (55 to 64%)	Good analysis and treatment of the topic, Basic knowledge of the primary material, logical development of ideas, neat and systematic organization of content, effective and clear expression.
C : Average (50 to 54%)	Some important points covered, basic knowledge of the primary material, logical development of ideas, neat and systematic organization of content, good language or expression.
D : Satisfactory (45 to 49)	Some point discussed, basic knowledge of the primary material, some organization, acceptable language or expression.
E : Pass (40 to 44%)	Any two of the above
F : Fail (O to 39%)	None of the above

There will be an evaluation of each course by students at the end of every semester.

List of Compulsory Courses (C = Compulsory)

PO-C1: Modern Political Thinkers
PO-C2: Public Administration
PO-C3: Constitutional Process in India

PO-C4: Public Policy
PO-C5: Theory of International Politics
PO-C6: Comparative Politics

List of Optional Courses (O = Optional)

PO-O1: Modern Political Ideologies
PO-O2: Twentieth Century Political Thinkers
PO-O3: Modern Political Thought in India
PO-O4: Political Thought in Maharashtra
PO-O5: Political Thought of Dr. Ambedkar

PO-O6: Indian Administration
PO-O7: Public Policy in India

PO-O8: Politics of International Economic Relations
PO-O9: Globalization and the State
PO-O10: India's Foreign Policy
PO-O11: Foreign Policy of USA
PO-O12: Global Security
PO-O13: WTO and India
PO-O14: International Political Economy

PO-O15: Marxist Political Sociology
PO-O16: Class
PO-O17: Development Studies
PO-O18: Social and Political Movements in India
PO-O19: Political Movements in Maharashtra

PO-O20: Politics in Developing World
PO-O21: Politics of Non-democratic Regimes
PO-O22: Political Process in South Asia

PO-O23: State Politics in India
PO-O24: Party System in India
PO-O25: Political Economy of India
PO-O26: Political Process in Maharashtra

PO-O27: Research Methodology
PO-O28: Gender and Politics
PO-O29: Human Rights
PO-O30: Environment and Global Politics

PO-OA: Open Course
PO-OB: Open Course

Note : Optional Courses will be common for all students.

PO C1: Modern Political Thinkers

1. Machiavelli
2. Locke
3. Rousseau
4. Hegel
5. Marx
6. Gandhi

Readings:

1. Adams Ian and R. W Dyson., 2004, *Fifty Great Political Thinkers*, London, Routledge
2. Bholay Bhaskar, 1995, *Paschimaty Rajakiya Vicharvanta*, Nagpur, Pimpalpure
3. Boucher David and Paul Kelly, 2003, *Political Thinkers*, Oxford, Oxford University Press.
4. Jones W. T. (series editor), 1959, *Masters of Political Thought*, (Vols.2 & 3), London, George Harrap & Co
5. Mehta V. R., 1996, *Foundations of Indian Political Thought*, New Delhi, Manohar
6. Nelson Brian, 2004, *Western Political Thought*, Pearson Education
7. Parekh Bhikhu and Thomas Pantham, *Political Discourse: Explorations in Indian and Western Political Thought*, 1987, New Delhi, Sage
8. Rege, M. P., 1974, *Pashchatya Nitishastracha Itihas*, Pune, Samaj Prabodhan Sanstha
9. Sabine G. H., 1971, *A History of Political Theory*, Calcutta, Oxford & I.B.H.

PO-C 2: Public Administration

1. Introduction and Basic Concepts: Meaning, Scope, Evolution, New Public Administration, Importance
2. Theories and Approaches: Classical, Scientific Management, Bureaucratic, Human Relations, Systems, Public Choice
3. Structure of Public Organizations: Forms of public organizations; Public Sector Undertakings
4. Accountability and Control: Financial Administration, Role of civil society, people's participation
5. Globalization, Liberalization and Public Administration: Administrative Reforms, Changing role of Public Sector in the context of liberalization, public-private relations.
6. Good Governance: New Public Management, Public Policy

Readings

1. Avasthi R. and Maheshwari S.R., 2004, *Public Administration*, Agra, Laxmi Narian Agrawal.
2. Goel S.L., 2003, *Public Administration, Theory And Practice*, New Delhi, Deep & Deep Publishers.
3. Maheshwari Shriram, 1998, New Delhi, Macmillan.
4. Maheshwari S.R., 1991, *Issues and Concepts In Public Administration*, New Delhi, Allied Publishers.
5. Naidu S.P., 1996, *Public Administration: Concepts and Theories*, Hyderabad, New Age International Publishers
6. Nigro Felix A. and Llyod Nigro, 1970, *Modern Public Administration*, N.Y., Harper & Row
7. Shafritz Jay M. and Hyde Albert C., 1987, *Classics of Public Administration*, Chicago, Illinois, The Dorsey Press
8. Sharma M.P. and Saldana B. L., 2001, *Public Administration in Theory and Practice*, Allahabad, Kitab Mahal

PO-C3: Constitutional Process in India

1. Nature of the Indian Constitution: Achievements of the Constituent Assembly--Democracy and Active State
2. Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles:
Judiciary and Fundamental Rights, Individual and Group Rights
Relations between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles
3. Federalism: Strong Center Framework; Centre-State Relations-Sarkaria Commission Recommendations; Autonomy and Devolution-Multilevel Federalism
4. Executive: President and Prime Minister; Role of Governor
5. Legislature: Norms of Representation; Parliamentary Sovereignty; Performance of the Parliament; Electoral Reforms
6. Judiciary: Nature of Judicial Review; Judicial Activism

Readings

1. Austin Granville, 1972, *The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation*, New Delhi, OUP
2. Austin Granville, 1999, *Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience*, New Delhi, OUP
3. Basu D.D., 1999, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, Calcutta, Prentice Hall (latest edition)
4. Hasan Zoya, E. Shridharan and R. Sudarshan (eds.) 2002, *India's Living Constitution*, New Delhi, Permanent Black
5. Kapur Devesh and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (eds.), 2005, *Public Institutions in India*, New Delhi, OUP
6. Saez Lawrence, 2004, *Federalism without a Center*, New Delhi, Sage.
7. Sathe S.P., 2002, *Judicial Activism*, New Delhi, OUP
8. Sharma Brij Kishor, 2002, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, New Delhi, Prentice Hall

PO-C4: Public Policy

1. Introduction to Public Policy
2. Stages of Policy Making
3. Models and Theories of Policy Making
4. Actors in the Policy Process (Government, NGOs, Business, Media)
5. Public Policy in India (Sectors: Education, Health)
6. Globalization and Public Policy

Readings

1. Dye Thomas, 2002, *Understanding Public Policy*, Singapore, Pearson Education
2. Parsons Wayne, 1995, *Public Policy: An Introduction to The Theory of Policy Analysis*, Massachusettes, Edward Elgar Publishres.
3. Rathod P.B. 2005, *Framework of Public Policy: The Discipline and its Dimensions*, New Delhi, Commonwealth.
4. Stone Deborah, 2001, *The Policy Paradox*, NY, Norton
5. Woll Peter 1974, *Public Policy*, Mass., Winthrop Publishers,

PO-C5: Theory of International Politics

1. Realism: Classical, Neo-realism, Structural Realism, Balance of power
2. Liberalism and Neo-liberalism
3. International Society and Rationalist theories; Environmental and Geo-political theories
4. International Political Economy: Classical theories;
5. Contemporary Theories of Conflict: Microcosmic, Macrocosmic theories, Deterrence
6. New Issues: Ecology, Gender, Sovereignty, New Security Challenges

Readings

1. Baylis John and Steve Smith, 2005, *Globalization of World Politics*, London, OUP
2. Dougherty James. E. and Robert L. Pfaltzgraff, 1999, *Contending Theories of International Relations: A Comprehensive Survey*, New York, Longman
3. Jackson Robert and George Sorensen, 2005, *Introduction to International Relations*, New Delhi, OUP
4. Mingst Karen, 2005, *Essentials of International Relations*, New York, W. W. Norton and Co.
5. Walker R.B.J., 2004, *International Relations as Political Theory*, Cambridge, CUP

PO-C6: Comparative Politics

1. Approaches to the Study of Comparative Politics: System Theories, Culture Theories, Class Theories, Developmental Theories
2. Organizing the state: Constitutions and constitutionalism.
3. Challenges of accommodating diversity: Federalism and Devolution of power
4. Government Structures: Legislature, Political executive, Judiciary, Bureaucracy, Military and Police.
5. Representation and Elections: Types of Representations, Electoral Systems.
6. Groups and Parties.

Readings

1. Almond G. and G. Powell., 1988, *Comparative Politics Today: A Worldview*, Chicago, Foresman
2. Chilcote Ronald H., 1994, *Theories of Comparative Politics: The search for a Paradigm Reconsidered*, Oxford, Westview Press.
3. Hague Rod, Harrop Martine and Breslin Shaun, 2004, *Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction*, Hampshire, Macmillan.
4. Landman Todd, 2000, *Issues and Methods in Comparative Politics: An Introduction*, London, Routledge
5. Mayer Lawrence, 1989, *Redefining Comparative Politics: Promise Vs Performance*, Thousand Oaks, Sage
6. O'Neil Patrick, 2004, *Essentials of Comparative Politics*, New York, W.W. Norton and Co
7. Ray S.N., 1999, *Modern Comparative Politics: Approaches, Methods and Issues*, New Delhi, Prentice Hall

PO-O1: Modern Political Ideologies

1. Liberalism
2. Conservatism
3. Socialism
4. Nationalism
5. Fascism
6. Feminism

Readings

1. Adams Ian, 1993, *Political Ideologies Today*, Manchester, Manchester University Press
2. Bholay Bhaskar, 2002, *Rajakiya Siddhanta ani Vishleshan*, Nagpur, Pimplapure
3. Goodin Robert and Philip Petit (eds.), 1993, *A Companion to Contemporary Political Philosophy*, London, Blackwell
4. Graham Gordon, 1986, *Politics in its Place- A Study of Six Ideologies*, Oxford, Clarendon Press
5. Heywood Andrew, 1992, *Political Ideologies*, London, Macmillan
6. Macridis Roy C, 1985, *Contemporary Political Ideologies*, Boston, Little Brown and Co.
7. Vincent Andrew, 1992, *Modern Political Ideologies*, London, Blackwell

PO-O2: Twentieth Century Political Thinkers

1. Gramsci
2. Ambedkar
3. Arendt
4. Rawls
5. Foucault
6. Habermas

Readings:

1. Adams Ian and R. W. Dyson, 2004, *Fifty Great Political Thinkers*, London, Routledge
2. Ball Terence and Richard Bellamy (ed.), 2003, *The Cambridge History of Twentieth Century Political Thought*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press
3. Benewick Robert and Philip Green (eds.), 1998, *The Routledge Dictionary of Twentieth-Century Political Thinkers*, London, Routledge
4. Finlayson Alan, 2003, *Contemporary Political Thought*, Edinburgh, Edinburgh University Press
5. Kolakowski Leszek, 1978, *Main Currents of Marxism*, Oxford, OUP
6. Mehta V. R. and Thomas Pantham, 2006, *Political Ideas in Modern India*, New Delhi, Sage
7. Parekh Bhikhu, 1982, *Contemporary Political Thinkers*, Oxford, Martin Robertson
8. Trivey Leonard and Anthony Wright, 1992, *Political Thought Since 1945*, Aldershot, Edward Elgar

PO-O3: Modern Political Thought in India

1. Tilak
2. Gandhi
3. M. N. Roy
4. Nehru
5. Ambedkar
6. Lohia

Readings

1. Appadorai A., 1987, *Indian Political thinking in the 20th century*, New Delhi, South Asian Publishers
2. Lohia Rammanohar, 1976, *Marx Gandhi and Socialism*, Hyderabad, Scientific Socialist Educational Trust
3. Mehta V. R., 1996, *Indian Political Thought*, New Delhi, Manohar
4. Mehta V. R., and Thomas Pantham (eds.), 2006, *Political Ideas in Modern India: Thematic Explorations*, New Delhi, Sage
5. Pantham Thomas and Kenneth Deutsch (eds.), 1986, *Political Thought in Modern India*, New Delhi, Sage
6. Parekh Bhikhu 1995, *Gandhi's Political Philosophy*, New Delhi, Ajanta Interntional
7. Parekh Bhikhu and Thomas Pantham (eds.), 1987, *Political Discourse: Explorations in Indian and Western Political Thought*, New Delhi, Sage
8. Rodrigues Valerian (ed.), 2002, *The Essential Writings of B.R.Ambedkar*, New Delhi, OUP
9. Sharma G. N. and Moin Shakir, 1976, *Politics and Society: Rammohan Roy to Nehru*, Aurangabad, Parimal Prakashan

PO-O4: Political Thought in Maharashtra

1. Chiplunkar
2. Ranade
3. Phule
4. Savarkar
5. Vinoba
6. Javdekar

Readings

1. Brown D.M. 1964, *Nationalist Movement: Indian Political Thought form Ranade to Bhave*, Berkeley, University of California Press
2. Javdekar S.D., 1994, *Adhunik Bharat*, Pune, Continental Prakashan
3. Lederle Matthew, 1976, *Philosophical Trends in Modern Maharashtra*, Mumbai, Popular Prakashan
4. Pandit Nalini, 1972, *Maharastratil Rashtravadacha Vikas*, Pune, Modern Book Depot
5. Pantham Thomas and Kenneth Deutsch, (eds.), 1986, *Political Thought in Modern India*, New Delhi, Sage
6. Phadke Y.D., 1979, *Vyakti ani Vichar*, Pune, Shrividya Prakashan
7. Sharma G N and Moin Shakir, 1976, *Politics and Society: Rammohan Roy to Nehru*, Aurangabad, Parimal Prakashan
8. Sumant Yeshwant and D.D. Punde (eds.), 2006, (Reprint), *Maharashtratil Jaatisansthavishayak Vichar*, Pune, Pratima Prakashan
9. Vora Rajendra (ed.), 2000, *Adhunikta ani Parampara*, Pune, Pratima Prakashan

PO-O5: Political Thought of Dr. Ambedkar

1. Intellectual and socio-political Background of Ambedkar's Thought
2. Critique of Indian Nationalism
3. Interpretation and critique of Caste System
4. Interpretation of Buddhism
5. Views on Liberal Democracy and role of State
6. Economic Thought

Readings

1. Gore M. S. 1993, *Social Context of an Ideology: Political and Social Thought of Dr. Ambedkar*, New Delhi, Sage
2. Jaffrelot Christophe 2004, *Dr. Ambedkar and Untouchability*, New Delhi, Permanent Black
3. Kasabe, Raosaheb, 1985, *Ambedkar ani Marx*, Pune, Sugava Prakashan
4. Omvedt Gail, 2004, *Ambedkar: Towards an Enlightened India*, New Delhi, Penguin
5. Omvedt Gail, 2003, *Buddhism in India*, New Delhi, Sage
6. Omvedt Gail 1994, *Dalits and the Democratic Revolution in Colonial India*, New Delhi, Sage
7. Rodrigues Valerian, (ed.), 2002, *The Essential Writings of B. R. Ambedkar*, New Delhi, OUP

PO-O6: Indian Administration

1. Colonial legacy and organization of the administrative system: a) Nature of colonial administration; b) Value premises of the Constitution –Democracy and welfare; c) Recruitment and regulation—Civil service commissions, reservation policy
2. Union Government: a)Constitutional structures—Parliamentary form, Cabinet system and federalism; b) PMO and Cabinet secretariat; c) Ministries and departments; d) Boards and Commissions
3. State Government: a) Role of Governor; b) Chief Minister and Council of Ministers; c) Secretariat and Directorates; d) Liaison with union government; e) Development and welfare responsibilities of State government
4. Local Government: a) Constitutional provisions before 1992; b) Changes effected by 73rd and 74th amendments; c) Development activities and the rural local government; d) Challenges of urban governance
5. Accountability: a) Legislative control; b) Executive control and relationship between political executive and the administration; c) Lok Pal and Lok Ayukta, Vigilance Commissioners, d) Right to Information
6. Challenges before Indian Administration: a) Governance challenges; b) Development challenges; c) New economic policies; d) Socio-political challenges

Readings

1. Arora Ramesh K 1996, *Indian Public Administration: Institutions and Issues*, New Delhi, Vishwa Prakashan
2. Debroy Bibek (ed.), 2004, *Agenda for Improving Governance*, New Delhi, Academic Foundation
3. Jain L.C. (ed.), 2005, *Decentralisation and Local Governance*, New Delhi, Orient Longman
4. Kapur Devesh and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (eds.) 2005, *Public Institutions in India*, New Delhi, OUP
5. Maheshwari S.R., 2001, *Indian Administration*, New Delhi, Kitab Mahal.
6. Prasad Kamala, 2006, *Indian Administration: Politics, Policies and Prospects*, Delhi, Dorling Kindersley India Pvt Ltd.
7. Singh Hoshiar, 2001, *Indian Administration*, New Delhi, Kitab Mahal

PO-07: Public Policy in India

1. Significance of Policy making in Public Administration.
2. Policy making structures and processes in India
3. Policy implementation; feedback and problems of policy implementation.
4. Policy Impact and Evaluation.
5. Analysis of sectoral policies for women, education and health.
6. Public Policies in the age of Globalisation and Liberalisation.

Readings

1. Dayal Ishwar, et al, 1976, *Dynamics of Formulating Policy in Govt. of India*, New Delhi, Concept
2. Ganapathy, R. S., et. al., (eds.), 1985, *Public Policy and Policy Analysis in India*, New Delhi, Sage
3. Kashyap, Subhash, C., (ed.), 1990, *National Policy Studies*, New Delhi, Tata McGraw-Hill
4. Madan, K. D., et al, 1982, *Policy Making in Government*, New Delhi, Publication Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting
5. *Indian Journal of Public Administration* (Relevant articles)

PO-08: Politics of International Economic Relations

1. The end of Cold war and its consequences for the World
2. The study of the Global Political economy- the management of international economic relations since world war II
3. The evolution of the global trade regime
4. The evolution of the international monetary and financial regime
5. The political economy of financial crises: The global South- Poverty, Inequality, Hunger
6. MNCs, Oil, Commodity cartels and Power

Readings

1. Ravenhill John, 2005, *Global Political Economy*, Oxford, OUP
2. Oatley Thomas, 2004, *International Political Economy- Interests and Institutions in the Global Economy*, Delhi. Pearson Education
3. Blake David.H. and Robert S. Walters, 2000, *The Politics of Global Economic Relations*, Englewood Cliffs, NJ, Prentice Hall
4. Spero Joan E. and Jeffery A. Hart, 2005, *The Politics of International Economic Relations*, London: Routledge
5. Strange Susan, 1998, *States and Markets: An Introduction to International Political Economy*, London: Basil Blackwell
6. Gilpin Robert, 2004, *The Political Economy: Perspectives, Problems and Policies*, Baltimore: John Hopkins University Press

PO-O9: Globalization and the State

1. The modern territorial state: limits to internationalization of the state's resources
2. The rule of law: internationalization and privatization.
3. The democratic nation-state: erosion or transformation of legitimacy.
4. The intervention state: the shifting welfare component
5. Modern and Post modern states
6. The security dilemma of Post colonial states- domestic dimensions

Readings

1. Sorensen George, 2001, *Changes in Statehood-The transformation of international Relations*, Hampshire, Palgrave
2. Leibfried Stephan and Michael Zurn, 2005, *Transformations of the State*, Cambridge, CUP
3. Clark Ian, 1999, *Globalization and International Relations theory*, Oxford, OUP
4. -----, 1997, *Globalization and Fragmentation: International Relations in the twentieth century*, Oxford, OUP
5. -----2005, *Legitimacy in International Society*, Oxford, OUP

PO-O10: India's Foreign Policy

1. Strategic Culture, Intelligence Capabilities, Role of Science and Technology, Military Power
2. India's options in a Changing Asia: India and Asia--Relations with China, Japan. Central-Asia, West-Asia,
3. Relations with neighbours: Pakistan, Myanmar, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal and Bhutan
4. Regional cooperation: SAARC, ASEAN
5. Security Concerns: Energy Security, Threats to Internal Security, Nuclear threats.
6. Globalization and India's Economic Interests

Readings

1. Sharma, R.R., (ed.), 2005, *India and Emerging Asia*, New Delhi, Sage
2. Chellaney Brahma, (ed.), 1999, *Securing India's Future in the New Millennium*, New Delhi, Orient Longman
3. Perkovitch George, 2002, *India's Nuclear Bomb-The Impact of Global Proliferation*, New Delhi, OUP
4. Cohen, Stephen.P., 2001, *India: Emerging Power*, New Delhi, OUP

PO-O11: Policy of USA

1. Determinants and Objectives of US foreign policy
2. Cold War and US foreign policy
3. US and Europe
4. US foreign policy towards China and Japan
5. Policy towards West Asia
6. Policy towards Central America and Latin America

Readings

1. Spanier John 1988, *American Foreign Policy Since WWII*, Congressional Quarterly Press, New Delhi, Tata McGraw Hill Edition
2. Hartman Frederick, 1970, *The New Age of American Foreign Policy*, London, Hartmann Macmillan co.
3. Hollis W. Barber, 1953, *Foreign Policies of United States*, N.Y., Dryer Press
4. Jacobson, 1960, *America's Foreign Policy*, N.Y. Random Press.
5. Jervis Robert, 2003, Understanding The Bush Doctrine, *Political Science Quarterly*, vol. 118, no.3.
6. Walt Stephan M., 2001, Beyond Bin Laden: Reshaping U.S. Foreign Policy, *International Security*, Winter

PO-O12: Global Security

1. Security and Securitization
2. Military threats to security: States and Non-state actors
3. Economic threats: Poverty and food security; Depression
4. Environmental and Health threats
5. Natural and Accidental threats: Rise of human vulnerability, preparing for the unexpected; the global politics of natural disaster management
6. Role of International Organizations

Readings

1. Hough Peter, 2004, *Understanding Global Security*, London, Routledge
2. Gray Colin S., 2003, *Strategy for Chaos*, London, Frank Cass
3. Huysmans Jef, 2006, *The Politics of Insecurity*, London, Routledge
4. Sorensen Georg, 2001, *Changes in Statehood*. New York, Palgrave
5. Baylis John, James Wirtz, et al, 2005, *Strategy and the Contemporary World*, Oxford, OUP

PO-O13: WTO and India

1. Introduction and History of the WTO.
2. Role, Structure and Decision Making in WTO.
3. Key Issues: Agriculture and Intellectual Property Rights
4. Services and other areas
5. Challenges from Social movements
6. India's Approach and Future Strategy

Readings

1. Chaudhuri Sudip, 2005, *The WTO and India's Pharmaceuticals Industry Patent Protection, TRIPS And Developing Countries*, New Delhi, OUP.
2. Mathur Vibha, 2005, *WTO and India : Development Agenda for the Twenty-first Century*, New Delhi, New Century
3. Mehta Pradeep S, 2002, *WTO and India : An Agenda For Action In Post Doha Scenario*, Jaipur, Cuts Centre for International Trade, Economics & Environment

PO-O14: International Political Economy

1. Major Theories of International Political Economy
2. Political Economy of Development
3. International Debt
4. Trade Policy and the Role of International Institutions
5. Intellectual Property Rights and the Knowledge Economy
6. Globalization, Global Governance and Civil Society

Readings

1. Frieden Jeffrey A., 1995, *International Political Economy: Perspectives on Global Power and Wealth*, London: Routledge
2. Goddard, et al, 1996, *International Political Economy: State-Market Relations in a Changing Global Order*, Boulder: Lynne Reiner Publishers
3. Gilpin, Robert, 1987, *The Political Economy of International Relations Princeton*, Princeton University Press
4. Milner, Helen V., 1999 The Political Economy of International Trade, *Annual Review of Political Science*, pp. 91-114
5. Thacker Strom C., 1999, The High Politics of IMF Lending, *World Politics*, pp. 38-75
6. Gadbow R.M. and Richards, 1988, (eds.), *Intellectual Property Rights: Global Consensus, Global Conflict?*, Boulder, Colorado: Westview Press
7. Sell Susan K., 1999, Multinational Corporations as Agents of Change: The Globalization of Intellectual Property Rights, in Cutler et al, *Private Authority and International Affairs*, Albany: State University of New York
8. Haggard Stephen and Maxfield Sylvia, 1996, The Political Economy of Financial Internationalization in the Developing World, *International Organization*, (Winter), pp. 35-68
9. Rodrick Dani, 1997, *Has Globalization Gone Too Far?*, Washington, Institute for International Economics

PO-O15: Marxist Political Sociology

1. Modes of Production
2. Social Class
3. Capitalism
4. State, Politics and Revolution
5. Culture and Ideology
6. Theories of Imperialism

Readings

1. Bottomore T.B. and Patrick Goode (eds.), 1983, *Readings in Marxist Sociology*, London, OUP
2. Brewar Anthony, 1986, *Marxist Theories of Imperialism: A Critical Survey*, London, Routledge & Kegan Paul
3. Carver Terry, 1982, *Marx's Social Theory*, London, OUP
4. Poulantza Nicos, 1973, *Political Power and Social Classes*, London, New Left Books
5. Sitton John F., 1996, *Recent Marxian Theory*, Albany, State University of New York Press

PO-O16: Class

1. Marxian Theories of Class
2. Weberian Theories of Class
3. Class, Gender and Caste
4. Dominant Classes and Intelligentsia
5. Middle Classes and Contradictory Class Locations
6. The Working Classes

Readings

1. Johnson Dale (ed.) 1982, *Class & Social Development*, Beverly Hills, Sage
2. Milner Andrew, 1999, *Class*, London, Sage
3. Wright Erik Olin, 1985, *Classes*, London, Verso
4. Wright Erik Olin, 2000, *Class Counts*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press

PO-O17: Development Studies

1. History of Development
2. Theories of Development
3. From Economic Modernization to Development Economics
4. Poverty, Agriculture and Rural Development
5. Rent-seeking, Corruption and Development
6. Global Economics, Local Politics

Readings

1. Held David,(eds.), 2003, *The Global Transformation Reader: An Introduction To The Globalisation Debate*, New York, Polity Press.
2. Corbridge Stuart, (eds.), 1995, *Development Studies: A reader*, Oxford., OUP.
3. Stiglitz J.F., 2002, *Globalization-Its Discontents*, UK, Allen Lane.
4. Chang H.J., (ed.), 2003, *Rethinking Development Economics*, UK, Anthem Press.

PO-O18: Social and Political Movements in India

1. Politics of Mobilisation: Class mobilisation, 'New' Social Movements
2. Agrarian Movements in Post-independence India Agitations of the Landless, Naxalite struggles, Farmers' movements.
3. Anti- caste Movements Legacy of Phule- Periyar-Ambedkar, Dalit movement, OBC Mobilisations
4. Movements for formation of states: Autonomy, Backwardness, Region as identity
5. Women's Movement: Issues of violence against women, demands for Empowerment
6. Civil Society Interventions: Grassroots movements, People's movements, Issues of Environment and Human Rights

Readings

1. Dasgupta Biplab, 1974, *The Naxalite Movement*, Delhi, Allied
2. Datta Ruddar (eds.), 1998, *Organising the Unorganised Workers*, Delhi, Vikas
3. Dhanagare D.N.1983, *Peasant Movements in India*, Delhi, OUP
4. Menon Nivedita (ed.), 1999, *Gender and Politics in India*, Delhi, OUP
5. Mohanty Manoranjan (ed.), 2004, *Caste, Class and Gender*, New Delhi, Sage
6. Mohanty Manoranjan, Partha Nath Mukherjee and Olle Tornquist (eds.), 1998, *People's Rights : Social Movements and the State in the Third World*, New Delhi, Sage
7. Omvedt Gail, 1993, *Reinventing Revolution: New Social Movements and the Socialist Tradition in India*, New York, M.E.Sharp
8. Phukon Giri (ed.), 2000, *Political Dynamics of North East*, New Delhi, S. Asian Publishers
9. Ray Raka and Mary Fainsod Katzenstein (eds.), 2005, *Social Movements in India: Poverty, Power and Politics*, New Delhi, OUP
10. Singha Roy Debal, 2004, *Peasants movements in Post Colonial India*, New Delhi, Sage
11. Shah Ghanshyam (ed.), 2002, *Social Movements and the State*, New Delhi, Sage

PO-O19: Political Movements in Maharashtra

1. Social Reform movement in 19th century
2. Hindu Nationalism and Hindutva Movement
3. Satyashodhak Movement – Non-Brahman Movement
4. Dalit Movement
5. Regional Movement and sub-regional movement
6. Peasants' and Farmers' Movements

Readings

1. Cashman Richard, 1975, *The Myth of Lokmanya Tilak and Mass Politics in Maharashtra*, Berkely, University of California Press
2. O'hanlan Rosalind, 1985, *Caste, Conflict and Ideology, Mahatma Jyotirao Phule and Low Caste Protest in Nineteenth Century Western India*, Bombay, Orient Longman
3. Omvedt Gail, 1976, *Cultural Revolt in a Colonial Society, the Non- Brahmin Movement in Western India, 1873-1930*, Bombay, Scientific Book Agency
4. Omvedt Gail, 1993, *Reinventing Revolution, New Social Movements and the Socialist Tradition in India*, New York, ME Sharp
5. Phadke Y.D., 1979, *Politics and Language*, Bombay, Himalaya

PO-O20: Politics in Developing world

1. The developing world in international politics
2. Theorizing the State
3. Ethno politics and Nationalism
4. Failed state and civil conflict
5. Democratization and Human Rights
6. Policy Issues: Poverty and Hunger; Migration and internal displacement

Readings

1. Burnell Peter and Vicky Randall, 2005, *Politics in the Developing World*, Oxford, OUP
2. Calvert and S. Calvert., 2003, *Politics and Society in the Third world*, Harlow, Pearson Education
3. Pogge T., 2002 *World Poverty and Human Rights*, Cambridge, Polity Press
4. Payne Anthony, 2005, *The Global Politics of Unequal Development*, Hampshire, Palgrave-Macmillan
5. Huysmans Jef, 2006, *The Politics of Insecurity*, London, Routledge

PO-O21: Politics of Non-democratic Regimes

1. Democratic and non-democratic regimes
2. Theories of non-democratic government
3. Types of Non-Democratic regimes
4. Legitimacy and Control in Non-Democratic regimes
5. Issues of Economic Development
6. Processes of Democratization

Readings

1. Brooker Paul, 2000, *Non-Democratic Regimes: Theory, Government and Politics*, New York, St. Martin Press
2. Cammack Paul, David Pool and William Tordoff, 1993, *Third World Politics: A Comparative Introduction*, London, Macmillan
3. Tornquist Olle, 1999, *Politics and Development: A Critical Introduction*, London, Sage

PO-O22: Political Process in South Asia

(This course deals with politics in South Asia excluding India)

1. Evolution of the region: Colonial Legacies
2. Governmental Institutions at work
3. Electoral and Party politics
4. Caste, Religion and Ethnicity
5. Social Movements
6. Political Economy

Readings

1. Ahmed Ishtiaq, 1996, *State, Nation and Ethnicity in Contemporary South Asia*, London, Pinter
2. Bjorkman James W. (ed.) 1991, *Fundamentalism, Revivalists and Violence in South Asia*, Delhi, Manohar
3. Bose Sugata and Ayesha Jalal, 1998, *Modern South Asia: History, Culture, Political Economy*, New Delhi, OUP
4. Jalal Ayesha, 1995, *Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press
5. Phadnis Urmila, 1991, *Ethnicity and Nation- Building in South Asia*, New Delhi, Manohar
6. Shastri Amita and Wilson Jayaratnam (eds.), 2001, *The Post-Colonial States of South Asia: Democracy, Identity, Development and Security*; Richmond, Curzon Press
7. Thakur Ramesh and Wiggen Oddney (eds.) 2004, *South Asia in the World: Security, Sustainable Development, and Good Governance*, Tokyo, United Nations University Press
8. Wink Andre Gunter (ed.) 1991, *Islam, Politics and Society in South Asia*, New Delhi, Manohar

PO-O23: State Politics in India

1. States as units of politics: Formation of States; Linguistic States; Regional Identity politics; New demands from sub-regions
2. Center-State and Inter-State Conflicts: a) Issues of center-State conflicts—president’s rule, autonomy and distribution of resources; b) Issues of Inter-State disputes—river waters, border disputes
3. Caste and State politics: Rise of middle peasant castes; Dalit politics; OBC politics
4. Religion and communal politics: legacy of partition and the early communal politics in North; Rise of communal politics in the nineties
5. Political economy and State politics: the issue of backwardness; Response to liberalization of economy
6. In - depth Study of politics in any one of the following States: Assam, West Bengal, Bihar, Uttar Pradesh, Gujarat, Tamil Nadu or Kerala

Readings

1. Frankel Francine and M.S.A. Rao (eds.), 1990, *Dominance and State Power in Modern India*, vols. 1&2, Delhi, OUP
2. Jenkins Rob, 2004, *Regional reflections: Comparing Politics Across India’s States*, New Delhi, OUP
3. *Journal Of Indian School of Political Economy*, 2003, Special issue on Political Parties and Elections in Indian States: 1990-2003, Volume XV, nos.1 and 2, Pune
4. Narain Iqbal, (ed.), *State Politics in India*, 1976, Meerut, Meenakshi Prakashan
5. Roy Ramashray and Paul Wallace (eds.), 2000, *Indian Politics and the 1998 Elections, Regionalism, Hindutva and State Politics*, New Delhi, Sage
6. Wallace Paul and Ramashray Roy (eds.), 2002, *India’s 1999 Elections and Twentieth Century Politics*, New Delhi, Sage
7. Weiner Myron (ed.), 1965, *State Politics in India*, New Jersey, Princeton University Press
8. Wood John R.(ed.), 1984, *State Politics in Contemporary India: Crisis or Continuity*, Boulder, Westview Press

PO-O 24: Party System in India

1. Origins and Evolution of Indian Political Parties
2. Dominant Party System: Congress dominance, dilemmas facing the opposition parties and non-congressism
3. Decline of Congress party: electoral performance since 1977, ideological shifts and leadership crisis
4. Rise of BJP : Jan Sangh, ideology and politics of communalism
5. Regional Parties: role before 1977, rise of regional parties after 1977
6. Bipolarity and Politics of coalitions: role of Left, multiple bipolarities

Readings

1. Bhatnagar S. and Pradeep Kumar (eds.), 1988, *Regional Parties*, Delhi, Ess Ess Publications
2. Hartman Horst, 1977, *Political Parties in India*, Meerut, Meenakshi Prakashan
3. Hasan Zoya (ed.), 2002, *Parties and Party Politics in India*, Delhi, OUP
4. Prasad Nageshwar, 1980, *Ideology and Organization in Indian Politics*, Bombay, Allied
5. Sisson Richard and Ramashray Roy (eds.), 1990, *Diversity and Dominance in Indian Politics*, New Delhi, Sage
6. *Economic and political Weekly*, January 13-20, 1996 and August 21-28, 1999
7. *Seminar* No. 480, August 1999

PO-O25: Political Economy of India

1. Planning for Development:
Mixed Economy model and Planning as strategy for development, Review of Planning
2. Liberalisation:
Limits of Planning, Role of Public Sector, Political Context of Liberalization, Politics of Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization Aims and Achievements, Critiques of 'Economic Reforms'
Critiques of Development Model, Alternative/sustainable Development.
3. India's Class Structure:
Ruling Classes, Agrarian Class Structure, Middle classes, Informalisation and dispersal of the Working class
4. Class and Caste:
Caste composition of classes, class divisions within castes, class- distinctions
5. State in India:
Colonial Legacy, The question of autonomy, Dominant Coalition, Electoral Politics in a class-caste society
6. Hegemony and Democratic Struggles:
Nature of India's capitalism, Debate about Passive Revolution, Nature and Limits of Hegemony

Readings

1. Bardhan Pranab, 1998, *The Political Economy of Development in India*, Delhi, OUP
2. Byres Terence J. (ed.), 1998, *The State, Development Planning and Liberalisation in India*, Delhi, OUP
3. Corbridge Stuart and John Harris, 2000, *Reinventing India*, Cambridge Polity
4. Frankel Francine R., 2004, *India's Political Economy*, Delhi, OUP
5. Jenkins Rob, 2000, *Economic Reform in India*, Cambridge, CUP
6. Joshi Vijaya and L.M.D. Little, 1998, *India's Economic Reform 1991-2001*, Delhi, OUP
7. Hasan Zoya (ed.) 2000, *Politics and State in India*, New Delhi, Sage.
8. Kurien C.T., *Global Capitalism and the Indian Economy*, 1994, New Delhi, Orient Longman
9. Rudolph Lloyd I. and Susanne Hoeber Rudolph, 1987, *In Pursuit of Lakshmi : The Political Economy of the Indian State*, Orient Longman
10. Vanaik Achin, 1990, *The Painful Transition*, London, Verso
11. *Economic and Political Weekly*, 1988, No.5

PO-O26: Political Process in Maharashtra

1. Politics before 1960: a) Non-Brahman Movement and its impact on State politics b) Movement for the formation of Maharashtra State
2. Regionalisms and Sub-regionalism: a) Politics of regional and linguistic identity; b) Issue of backwardness and regional imbalances; c) Demand for separate Vidarbha State
3. Caste and Politics: a) Rise of Maratha hegemony; b) Dalit politics; c) Challenges to Maratha hegemony
4. Political Economy: a) The cooperative sector; b) Agrarian interests; c) Rise of urban interests
5. Electoral politics: a) Dominant party system—1957-76; b) Crisis of dominant party system—1977-1995; c) Rise of competitive coalition system—1990 to the present
6. Politics of Local governments: a) Rural local politics after since 1992; b) Politics in Mumbai; c) Politics of urban areas

Readings

1. Frankel Francine R. and M.S.A. Rao (eds.), 1990, *Dominance and State Power in Modern India*, Vol.2, Delhi. OUP
2. Palshikar Suhas and Rajeshwari Deshpande, 1999, *Maharashtra: Electoral Politics and Structures of Domination*, Pune, Department of Politics and Public Administration, University of Pune
3. Palshikar Suhas and Nitin Birmal (eds.), 2003, *Maharashtrache Rajkaran: Rajakiya Prakriyechे Sthanik Sandarbh* (Marathi), Pune, Pratima
4. Palshikar Suhas and Suhas Kulkarni, 2007, *Maharashtratil Satta Sangharsh*, Pune, Samkaleen.
5. Thakkar Usha and Mangesh Kulkarni (eds.), 1995, *Politics in Maharashtra*, Bombay, Himalaya
6. Vora Rajendra and Suhas Palshikar, 1996, *Maharashtratil Sattantar*, Mumbai, Granthali

PO-O27: Research Methodology

1. Research Methodology: Nature and Scope
2. Research Design: Formulation of Research Problem and Hypothesis
3. Quantitative and Qualitative Research
4. Data Collection
5. Data Analysis
6. Report Writing

Readings

1. Blackie Norman, 2000, *Designing Social Research*, Cambridge, Polity Press
2. Chatterji Rakahari, 1979, *Methods of Political Inquiry*, Calcutta, The World Press
3. Cole Richard, 1980, *Introduction to Political Inquiry*, New York, Macmillan
4. Johnson Janet and Richard Joslyn, 1987, *Political Science Research Methods*, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India
5. Manheim J. B. and Rich R. C., 1981, *Empirical Political Analysis*, Englewood Cliffs, Prentice-Hall
6. Neuman Lawrence W., 1997, *Social Research Methods: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches*, Boston, Allyn and Bacon
7. Shively P. W., 1980, *The Craft of Political Research*, Englewood Cliffs, Prentice-Hall
8. Trigg Roger, 2001, *Understanding Social Research*, Oxford, Blackwell
9. Vedung Evert, 1982, *Political Reasoning*, Beverly Hills, Sage

PO-O28: Gender and Politics

1. The Concept of Gender
2. Feminist Critique of Politics
3. Politics of Masculinity
4. Queer Politics
5. Gender, Law and Public Policy
6. Gender and Movement Politics

Readings

1. Blakeley Georgina & Valerie Bryson (eds.), 2002, *Contemporary Political Concepts*, London, Pluto Press
2. Butler Judith and Joan Scott (eds.), 1992, *Feminists Theorise the Political*, New York, Routledge
3. Connell R. W., 2005, *Masculinities*, Berkeley, University of California Press
4. Digby Tom (ed.), 1998, *Men Doing Feminism*, New York, Routledge
5. Gamble Sarah (ed.), 2001, *The Routledge Companion to Feminism and Postfeminism*, London, Routledge
6. Glover David and Cora Kaplan, 2000, *Genders*, London, Routledge
7. Hawkesworth Mary and Maurice Kogan (eds.), 1992, *Encyclopaedia of Government and Politics* (Vol. I), London, Routledge
8. Jackson Stevi and Sue Scott (eds.), 2002, *Gender*, London, Routledge

PO-O29: Human Rights

1. The Idea of Human Rights
2. Individual Rights and Group Rights
3. Universalist and Relativist Conceptions of Rights
4. Human Rights in the World: Safeguards and Challenges
5. Human Rights in India: Safeguards and Challenges
6. Human Rights Organisations and Movements

Readings

1. Baxi Upendra, 2002, *The Future of Human Rights*, New Delhi, OUP
2. Byrne Darren, 2003, *Human Rights*, Delhi, Pearson Education
3. Campbell Tom, Goldberg David et al., 1986, *Human Rights*, Oxford, Basil Blackwell
4. Coicaud J.M., Doyle M. W. et al., 2004, *The Globalization of Human Rights*, Tokyo, United Nations University Press
5. Evans Tony, 2005, *The Politics of Human Rights*, London, Pluto Press
6. Gupta, Vijay (ed.), 1996, *Perspectives on Human Rights*, Delhi, Vikas
7. Hawkesworth Mary and Kogan Maurice (ed.), 1992, *Encyclopaedia of Government and Politics* (Vol. II), London, Routledge

PO-O30: Environment and Global Politics

1. Environmental thought and Political Action Environmental Philosophy; Green Ideology
2. The Environmental movement: Green parties, pressure groups.
3. Environment Policy : Rationality and Power, Choosing the means, Valuation
4. Environmental Governance- International dimensions : European Integration
5. Sustainable Development: National responses, Local democracy, Climate change
6. Case studies of any one of the following: a. North- South – Energy debate
b. Water; c. Biosphere

Readings

1. Connelly John and Graham Smith, 2003, *Politics and the Environment- From Theory to Practice*, 2nd edn., London, Routledge
2. Dobson A., 2000, *Green Political Thought*, 3rd edn., London: Routledge
3. -----, (ed.), 1999, *Fairness and Futurity: Essays on Environmental Sustainability and Dimensions of Social Justice*, Oxford, OUP
4. Hanley Nick, Jason H. Shugren and Ben White, 2004, *Introduction to Environmental Economics*, Oxford, OUP
5. Calvert Peter and Susan Calvert, *The South, The North and the Environment*, 1999, London, Pinter
6. Cox Kevin R., 2002, *Political Geography-Territory, State and Society*, Oxford, Blackwell.

PO-O A Open Course

PO-OB Open Course

An Open Course gives an opportunity to the faculty and the student to choose a topic for detailed study with the flexibility of defining the course details as per the latest developments and/or the ongoing research work of the faculty member concerned. Therefore, it is proposed to introduce the system of Open course as an optional course. This will be governed by the following norms:

- The detailed framework of an Open course, along with availability of Reading material and specific requirements for offering that course, shall be notified by the teacher concerned on approval of the DC at least a month in advance of the commencement of the semester.
- A student can offer at the most only two Open courses during the M.A. Course.
- During each semester, there shall be only one Open Course offered by the department.
- An Open Course offered during the odd Semester (1 and 3) shall be identified as **OA1 and OA3** respectively and an Open course offered during an even semester (2 and 4) shall be identified as **OB2 and OB4**.
- An Open course shall be only an optional course and not a compulsory course.
- No teacher shall teach an Open course in two consecutive semesters.
- In the event of more than two teachers wanting to teach an Open Course at the same time, the DC shall take a decision and if it fails to arrive at a decision, the decision of the Head shall be final.