Syllabus for the

# M. A. POLITICS



**UNIVERSITY OF PUNE** 

## Publisher's Note

The University of Pune has great pleasure in publishing the syllabus for the **M.A.** (**Politics**) under the Faculty of Mental, Moral and Social Sciences.

On behalf of the University, I have to thanks experts and authorities of the University for the interest taken and co-operation extended by them whole-heartedly in bringing out this publication.

University of Pune Ganeshkhind, Pune-411 007.

**Dr.** (Capt) C. M. Chitale Registrar

## Syllabus for M.A. Politics "85 Pattern"

(Non-Semester from 1987-88) Introduction of '85 Pattern' Non-Semester **Examinations for Post-Graduate Courses.** 

- (I) In pursuance of the decisions of the University authorities it is hereby notified for the information of all concerned that the new system of examinations will be introduced, for the following Post-graduate courses from the academic year 1986-87. This system will be called "85 Pattern" (Non-Semester) Examinations.
- (II) M.A. and M.Com. under faculties of Arts; Mental, Moral and Social Sciences and Commerce:
  - There will be 'Term End' examination of the first term of the academic year. It will be held on convenient dates sometime in November/ December, as may be decided by the University authorities.
  - Each paper for the 'Term End' examination will 2. be of 60 marks and will have the duration of three hours. The marks obtained by the student out of 60 will then be converted into the marks out of 20.

- 3. There will be an 'Annual' examination at the end of academic year sometime in April/May as may be decided by the University authorities. Each paper at the 'Annual' examination will carry 80 marks and will be of three hours duration.
- 4. The question paper for the 'Term End' examination will be set on the syllabi prescribed for the first term. The question paper for the 'Annual' examination will be set on the syllabi of the entire academic year. The question is in the annual examination will be by marks, in the ratio of approximatly 40% on the syllabus prescribed for the first term approximately 60% on the syllabus prescribed for the second term.
- 5. The syllabi as prescribed for the Semester I and II at M.A. and M.Com. under semester system would continue to be the syllabi of the first term and second term respectively, under '85 Pattern'. Similarly the syllabi prescribed for Semester III and IV under semester system for M.A./M.Com. examinations would respectively be the same under the '85 Pattern'. The Boards of Studies are revising the syllabi according to the '85 Pattern'. The revised syllabi shall be introduced with the notification.

## (III) Standard of Passing at M.A., M.Sc. and M.Com.

- 1. The candidate is required to obtain atleast 32 marks out of 80 in each paper at the 'Annual' examination. He shall be declared to have passed in the paper provided he/she has secured an aggregate of 40% marks in the 'Term End' examination and 'Annual' examination taken together, in each paper.
- 2. The candidate having obtained 32 marks out of 80 marks in the annual examination but failing to obtain an aggregate of 40% in the Annual examination and the Term Endexamination taken together may improve his/her aggregate perfor mance in the paper either by appearing for Term-Endexamination or for Annual examination or both. Passing at the Term-Endexamination is not compulsory.
- 3. The candidate failing to secure 32 marks in the Annual examination shall have to appear for sub sequent annual examination in that papers.

## IV. Award of Class:

The class in respect of M.A., M.Sc. and M.Com. examinations be awarded to the students on the basis of aggregate marks obtained by the candidates in all the papers at the first and second year taken together.

The award of class shall be as under:

- 1. 70% and above First class with Distinction
- 2. 60% and above but less than 70% First Class
- 3. 55% and above but not less than 60% Higher Second Class.
- 4. 50% and above but less than 60% Second Class
- 5. 40% and above but less than 50% Pass Class
- 6. Less than 40% Failure

#### V. New Examination Pattern:

- The Term-End examination will be conducted once in the academic year only. The rules/ordinances given in Circular No. 210 of 1982-83, dated 21st January, 1983, will be made applicable for 'Annual' examinations only.
- 2. The candidate at the M.A., M.Sc. and M.Com. will be allowed to join the Second Year of the same course irrespective of the number of backlog at the First Year.
- 3. In respect of the external candidate, for M.A. or M.Com. examination, he will have to register and appear for the annual examination of 80 marks per paper only. These marks will be converted into marks out of 100 and the result will be declared accordingly.

4. In respect of the practical examination in the subjects like Experimental Psychology, Anthropology at the Post-Graduate level, there will be no practical examination at the term end. Practical examinations will be conducted only ones at the time of annual examinations as is done in does of Under-Graduate classes.

# M.A. (Politics) (Revised Course)

## **COMPULSORY PAPERS**

#### **PART I**

- 1. Political Theory (Revised)
- 2. Public Administration (Revised)
- 3. Theory of International Politics (Revised)

## **PART II**

- 4. Political Sociology (Revised)
- 5. Comparative Politics and Government (Revised)
- 6. Constitutional and Political Process in India (Revised)

Please note that student shall have to offer any ONE of the optional papers out of sub-groups I to VI for each year.

#### **OPTIONAL PAPERS**

## Sub Group I

- 1. Major Thinkers in the West
- 2. Political Thought in India
- 3. Contemporary Political Thinkers

OR

Marxism after Marx

- 4. Political Thought in Maharashtra (Revised)
- 5. Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi
- 6. Political Thought of Dr. Ambedkar

#### **Sub Group II**

- 1. Indian Administration
- 2. Development Administration in India
- 3. Personnel and Financial Administration
- 4. Women and Development
- 5. Rural Development Administration in Maharashtra
- 6. Local Self Government
- 7. Advanced Administrative Theory.

#### **Sub Group III**

- 1. International Organisation (Revised)
- 2. Foreign Policies of China and Pakistan
- 3. Foreign Policy of the U.S.A.
- 4. India's Foreign Policy
- 5. International Law
- 6. Peace and Conflict Studies

#### **Sub Group IV**

- 1. Politics of Development and Underdevelopment
- 2. Marxist Political Sociology
- 3. Political Sociology of Marx Weber
- 4. Political Movements in Maharashtra
- 5. Dalit Movement

## Sub Group V

- 1. Political Process in the U.S.A.
- 2. Political Process in the Soviet Union
- 3. Political Process in China
- 4. Political Process in South Asia

#### Sub Group VI

- 1. Indian National Movement (Revised)
- 2. State Politics in India
- 3. Party System in India
- 4. Political Process in Maharashtra

## COMPULSORY PAPER I Political Theory (Revised) Section I

## **Political Ideologies**

- 1. Idealism
- 2. Liberalism
- 3. Marxism
- 4. Fascism
- 5. Democratic Socialism
- 6. Gandhi's Thought

#### **Section II**

## **Key Concepts in Political Theory**

- 1. Liberty
- 2. Equality
- 3. Justice
- 4. Political Obligation
- 5. Rights
- 6. Satyagraha

- 1. Benn, S. I. and R. S. Peters: Principles of Political Thought, British Edition, Social Principles and the Democratic State, New York: Collier Books, 1964.
- 2. Coker, R. C.: Recent Political Thought, Calcutta: Scientific Books Agency, 1980.
- 3. Crespigay, Anthony de and Alan Wertheimer (Eds.): Contemporary Political Theory, London: Nelson, 1971.

- 4. Oakeshoutt, Michael: The Sociology and Political Doctrine of Contemporary Europe, New York: Cambridge University Press, 1950.
- 5. Raphel, D. D.: Problems of Political Philosophy, London: Macmillon.
- 6. Bondurant Joan V.: Conquest of Violence: The Gandhian Philosophy of Conflict, New Jersey: Princeton, 1958.
- 7. Ebenstein: Today's Isms, Delhi: Prentice Hall, 1970.

#### **COMPULSORY PAPER II**

#### **Public Administration (Revised)**

(The subject is to be studied mainly with reference to the Public Administration systems in the U.K., U.S.A. and India.)

#### **Section I**

- 1. Nature and scope of Public Administration Methodology and relations with other social sciences-various approaches to the study of Public Administration, New Public Administration, Public Policy.
- 2. Organisation: Theories Chief Executive Staff and Line Agencies Department Commission and Board Public Corporation.
- 3. Management: Leadership, Policy Formation, Decision-making Planning, Co-ordination, Delegation, Communication and Supervision, Public Relations and Publicity.

#### **Section II**

- 1. Personnel Administration: Buraucracy and Civil Service—Structure-Recruitment-Training, Emoluments, Promotion, Conditions of Service and Retirement Benefits, Discipline and Moral—Employer-Employee Relations.
- 2. Financial Administration: Significance—Budgetary Process, Financial Committee of the Legislature. Administrative control over finance—Accounting process, Audit—Economy.
- 3. Administrative Law: Delegated Legislation Administrative Tribunals-Lokpal and Lokayukt-Writs.
- 4. Administrative Improvement-Scientific Management-O and M.-Work Study and other Methods-Aids to Efficiency.

- 1. White, L. D.: Introduction to the study of Public Administration, New York: Macmilan, 1948.
- 2. Nigro, F. A.: Modern Public Administration, New York: Harper and Row, 1970.
- 3. Calden, G. E.: The Dynamics of Public Administration, New York: Holt-Rinehard, Winston, 1971.
- 4. Avashti, A. and Maheshwari, S.: Public Administration, Agra: Laxmi Narain Agarwal (Latest Edition).

- 5. Indian Journal of Public Administration–Relevant Articles.
- 6. Gladden, E. N.: Central Government Administration, London: Staples Press, 1972.
- 7. Fesher, James, W.: Public Administration: Theory and Practice, New Jersey: Prentice Hall, 1980 (To remember subsequent entries).
- 8. Indian Institute of Public Administration : Organisation of the Government of India (Latest Edition).

## References

- 9. Indian Institute of Public Administration, Maharashtra Branch: Organisation of Government in Maharashtra, Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1965.
- 10. Administrative Reforms Commission (Govt. of India):
  - (1) Report on Machinery of Government
  - (2) Report on State Administration.
- 11. Self, P.: Administrative Theories and Politics, London: George Allen and Unwin, 1972.

#### **COMPULSORY PAPER III**

#### **Theory of International Politics (Revised)**

#### **Section I**

- 1. Historical Background
  - The diplomatic/Historical/Marxian approaches—Human Survival approach—Idealist / Realist Controversy.
- 2. Limits of Power Approach

Ideology and National Interest–Collective Security–Balance of Power.

- 3. Behaviourial Approach
  - Systems Approach—Decision making Approach—Scientific Vs Traditional Approach Controversy.
- 4. Theories of International Conflict
  - War in the Nuclear Age–Arms Control–Disarmament Arms race.
- 5. Ecological World Order Theories
  - Theories of Integration–North-South Conflict–New International Economic Order (NIEO).

## **Section II**

- 6. Instruments of Foreign Policy
  - Diplomacy–Foreign Aid–Force and Intervention.
- 7. International Actors
  - State–Non-State–Multinational Corporations Religion and Ethnic Groups.

8. Stability Vs Change

Terrorism in International Politics–Cold War–East/ West conflict.

9. Third World in International Politics

Theory of Non-alignment–Dependency-Imperialism.

- 1. Dougtherty, J. E. and Pfaltzgnaff, R. L.: Contending Theories of International Relations (New York: Harper and Row, 1981).
- 2. Holsti, K. J.: International Politics: A Framework of Analysis (Englewood Cliffs, Prentice Hall, 1991).
- 3. Coloumbis, T. A. and Wolfe, J. H.: Introduction to International Relations: Power and Justice (Englewood Cliffs, Prentice Hall, 1986).
- 4. Burton, J. W.: International Relations: A General Theory, 1971 (Bombay: Allen and Unwin, 1971).
- 5. Kegley, Charles. W. Jr. and Wittkopf, Eugene, R.: World Politics Trend and Transformation (Hampshire: Macmillan, 1989).
- 6. Johari, J. C.: International Relations and Politics (New Delhi: Sterling, 1991).
- 7. Morganthau, H. J.: Politics among Nations (Calcutta References Scientific Book Agency, 1981).

## References

- 8. Deutsch, Karl. W.: The Analysis of International Relations (New Delhi: Prentice Hall, 1989).
- 9. Keohne, Robert and Neje, Joseph.: Power and Interdependence (Boston: Little, Brown, 1977).
- Levine, Herbert M.: World Politics Debated:
   A Reader in Contemporary Issues (New York: McGraw Hill, 1986).
- 11. Bull, Hedly: The Anarchial Scoiety (London: Macmillan, 1978).
- 12. Donelan, Michael: Elements of International Political Theory (London: Claredon Press, 1990).
- 13. Hollis, Martin and Smith, Stence: Explaining and Undestanding International Relations (London: Claredon Press, 1990).
- 14. Alexander, Yonnah, et. al: Terrorism: Theory and Practice (Boulder, Westview, 1979).
- 15. Light, Margot and Groom A. J. R.: International Relations (London: Frances Pintu, 1985).
- 16. McGrawn, Pat., and Kegley, Charles, W. (Ed.): Foreign Policy and the Modern World System, (1983).
- 17. Spero, Joan, Edelman.: Politics of International Economic Relations (London: Allen and Unwin, 1982).
- 18. Bhagawati, Jagdish: New International Economic Order.

#### **COMPULSORY PAPER IV**

## **Political Sociology (Revised)**

#### **Section I**

- 1. Nature and Scope of Political Sociology.
- 2. Intellectual Foundations of Political Sociology:
  - (i) Marx,
  - (ii) Weber,
  - (iii) Behavioural Approach.
- 3. Political Culture and Political Socialisation
- 4. Political Participation.
- 5. Political Ideology.
- 6. Power, Authority, Legitimacy.

#### **Section II**

- 7. The Pluralist Model.
- 8. The Elite Model.
- 9. Class.
- 10. Caste.
- 11. Political Change, Political Development.
- 12. Revolution.

- 1. Bendix, Reinhard (ed.): State and Society (Boston: Little, Brown and Co., 1968).
- 2. Bottomore, T. B.: Political Sociology, (Bombay: B. I. Publications, 1980).

- 3. Cozier, Lewis (Ed.): Political Sociology-Selected Essays (New York: Harper and Row, 1967).
- 4. Dowse, Robert, E. and Hughes, John : A Political Sociology (New York : Basic Books, 1971).
- 5. Duverger, Maurice: The Idea of Politics: The Uses of Power in Society (London: Methuen, 1967).
- 6. Eisenstadt, S. N.: Political Sociology (New York: Basic Books, 1971).
- 7. Horowitz, Irving L.: Foundation of Political Sociology (New York: Harper & Row, 1972).
- 8. Nordlinger, Eric A.: Politics and Society (Englewood Cliffs: Prentice Hall, 1970).
- 9. Runciman, W. C.: Social Science and Political Theory (London: Cambridge University Press, 1965).
- 10. Verma, S. P.: Modern Political Theory (New Delhi: Vikas, 1982).
- 11. Wasburn, P. C.: Politics & Sociology (Englewood Cliffs) Prentice Hall, 1982).
- 12. Galtung, Johan: Structural Theory of Revolution (Rotterdam, Rotterdam University Press, 1974).

#### **COMPULSORY PAPER V**

## **Comparative Politics and Government (Revised)**

#### **Section I**

- 1. Natural and Scope of Comparative Politics:
  - (i) Recent Approaches to the study of Comparative Politics.
  - (ii) Distinction between Traditional and Modern Approaches.
  - (iii) Limits of Contemporary approaches to the study of Comparative Politics.
- 2. Group Theory:

Nature and Types of interest groups and their role in different Political Systems.

- 3. Role of Elites in various Political Systems.
- 4. Role, Functions and Typology of Party Systems. Typologics of Political Systems.
- 5. Problems of Political Instability
- 6. (i) Violence and Terrorism,
  - (ii) Role of Military.

#### **Section II**

- 7. Constitutionalism : Nature, Meanings and Challenge.
- 8. Federalism:
  - (i) The Theory of Classical Federalism,
  - (ii) Recents Trends and the Future significace of Federalism.

- 9. Executive:
  - (i) Structural Characteristics, Role and Functions,
  - (ii) Relations with Legislature.
- 10. Legislature:
  - (i) Structure, Role and Functioning,
  - (ii) Relations with Executive.
- 11. Judiciary:
  - (i) Structure, Role and Functioning,
  - (ii) Judicial Review.
- 12. Bureaucrcy:
  - (i) Theories of Bureaucracy,
  - (ii) Role and Functions of Bureaucray.

- 1. Blondel, Jean: An Introduction to Comparative Government, London: Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1969.
- 2. Blondel, Jean: Comparing Political Systems, London: Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1973.
- 3. La Palombara, Joseph: Politics within Nations, Englewood Cliffs: Prentice Hall, 1974.
- 4. Eckstein, Harry and Apter, David E. (Eds.): Comparative Politics: A. Reader, New York: The Free Press, 1968.

- 5. Almond G. A. and Powell G. B.: Comparative Politics: A Developmental Approach, New Delhi: Amerind Publishing Co., 1972.
- 6. Mayer Lawrence C.: Redefining Comparative Politics: Promise Vs. Performance, Newbury Park, California; Sage, 1989.
- 7. Sudipta Kaviraj et al : The State of Political Theory : Some Marxist Essays, Calcutta : Research India Publication, 1978.
- 8. Roberts Geoffery: What is Comparative Politics? London: Macmillan, 1972.

# COMPULSORY PAPER VI Constitutional and Political Process in India (Revised)

## Section I Constitutional Process

- 1. *Indian Constitution*: Making of the Constitution, Philosophy of the Constitution, Amendment.
- 2. Fundamental Rights, Duties and Directive Principles.
- 3. Federalism:
  - (a) Federal Structure,
  - (b) Unitary Trends in the Constitution,
  - (c) Growing Centralization.
- 4. Executive:
  - (a) Union Executive–President, Vice-President, Prime Minister and Cabinet.
  - (b) Organization of Union Government,
  - (c) Officers under the Constitution,
  - (d) State Executive–Governor, Chief Minister,
  - (e) Civil Services.
- 5. *Legislature*:
  - (a) Structure and Functions,
  - (b) Relationship with the Executive,
  - (c) Parliamentary Sovereignty.
- 6. *Judiciary* 
  - (a) Supreme Court and High Courts,
  - (b) Judicial Review.

#### **Section II**

## **Political Process**

- 1. India's Model of Nation-building,
- 2. Caste in Indian Politics.
- 3. Political Economy:
  - (a) Planning and Liberalization,
  - (b) Class Structure.
- 4. Religion, Communalism and Secularism.
- 5. Regionalism–Issues of Autonomy, Ethnicity and Language.
- 6. Parties and Interest Groups:
  - (a) Major Parties, and their Ideologies,
  - (b) Electoral Performance of Parties,
  - (c) Interest Groups.
- 7. Democratic Decentralisation:
  - (a) Urban Political Process/
  - (b) Rural Political Process.

## Readings

#### Section I

- 1. Pylee, M. V.: Constitutional Government in India (Bombay: Asia Publishing House), 1968.
- 2. Austin Granville: The Indian Constitution Cornerstone of A Nation (Oxford University Press), 1972.

- 3. Tope, T. K.: The Constitution of India (Bombay: Popular Prakshan), 1970.
- 4. Chanda, Ashok: Federalism in India: A Study of Union-State Relations (London: Gergoe Allen & Unwin Ltd.), 1965.
- 5. Gupta, M. G. (ed.): Aspects of Indian Constitution (Allahabad: Central Book Depot),1964.

#### **Section II**

- 6. Weiner Myron: The Politics of Scarcity-Public Pressure and Political Reponse in India (Bombay: Asia Publishing House), 1963.
- 7. Kothari, Rajni (ed.): Party System and Election Studies (Bombay: Allied Publishers), 1967.
- 8. Kothari, Rajni (ed.) : Caste in Indian Politics (Orient Longmans Ltd.).
- 9. Kothari, Rajni: Politics in India (Orient Longmans Ltd., 1970).
- 10. Ram Gopal: Linguistics Affairs of India (Bombay: Asia Publishing House), 1966.
- 11. Ambedkar, B. R.: Caste in India.

#### References

#### **Section I**

- 12. Aiyer, S. P. and Mehta, Usha (ed.): Essays on Indian Federalism (Bombay: Allied, 1965).
- 13. Supreme Court on Amendment of Fundamental Rights in Indian Constitution (Allahabad: Law Publishing House, 1973).

- 14. Venkateswaran, R. J.: Cabinet Government in India (London: Allen & Unwin, 1967).
- 15. Kashyap Subhash, C. (ed.): Union-State Relations in India (Institute of Constitutional and Parliamentary Studies, 1969).
- 16. Jain, M. P.: Indian Constitutional Law (Bombay: N. M. Tripati, 1970).
- 17. Bachal, V. M.: Freedom of Religion and Indian Judiciary (Poona: Saraswat, 1975).

#### **Section II**

- 18. Aiyer, S. P. and Srinivasan, R. (Eds.): Studies in Indian Democrary (Bombay: Allied, 1965).
- 19. Iqbal Narain: Twilight or Dawn: The political Chjange in India, 1967-71 (Agra: Shiva Lal Agrwal, 1972).
- 20. Smith, Donald: India as a Secular State (Bombay: Oxford University Press, 1970).
- 21. Ray Amal: Tension Areas in India's Federal System (Culcutta: World Press, 1970).
- 22. Maddick, Henry: Panchayati Raj, (London: Longman Group Ltd., 1970).
- 23. Sirsikar, V. M.: Sovereigns without Crowns (Bombay: Popular, 1973).
- 24. Economic and Political Weekly, Bombay.

#### **OPTIONAL PAPER**

## Sub Group I—Paper I

## Major Thinkers in the West

A study of political theory of the following Major Thinkers in the West:

## **Section I**

- 1. Plato.
- 2. Aristotle.
- 3. Machiavelli.
- 4. Hobbes.
- 5. Locke.

#### **Section II**

- 6. Rousseau.
- 7. Hegel.
- 8. Marx.
- 9. John Stuart Mill.
- 10. Max Weber.

- 1. Sabine, G. H.: A History of Political Theory, 3rd edn. (Calcutta: Oxford and I.B.H. Publishing Co., 1971).
- 2. Dunning, Willam Archibad: A History of Political Theory, Volumes I to III (Allahabad: Central Book Depot, Indian Edition, 1966).

- 3. Sinclair, T. A.: A History of Greek Political Theory (London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1966).
- 4. Vaughan, C. E.: Studies in the History of Political Philosophy, Vol.I, Hobbes to Hume, Vol. II Before and After Rousseau, Manchester, 1925.
- 5. Gough, J. W.: The Social Contract, 2nd Edn., Oxford, 1957.
- 6. Plamenatz, J. P.: Man and Society, Two Volumes, London, 1963.

#### **OPTIONAL PAPER**

# Sub Group I—Paper II Political Thought in India

#### **Section I**

- 1. Political Thought in Ancient India:
  - (a) Shanti Parvan, (b) Kautilya.
- 2. Raja Ram Mohan Roy (b. 1772).
- 3. Mahatma Jotirao Phule (b. 1827).
- 4. Justice Mahadeo Govind Ranade (b. 1856).
- 5. Lokmanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak (b. 1856).

#### **Section II**

- 6. Mahatma Gandhi (b.1869).
- 7. Sri Aurobindo (b. 1872).
- 8. Veer Vinayak Damodar Savarkar (b.1883).
- 9. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru (b. 1889).
- 10. Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar (b. 1891).
- 11. Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia (b. 1910).

- 1. Prasad, Beni: Theory and Government in Ancient India (Allahabad: Central Book Depot, 1968).
- 2. Ghoshal, U. N.: A History of Indian political Ideas (Bombay: Oxford University Press, 1959).
- 3. Spellman. John W.: Political Theory of Ancient India (Oxford: Clerendon Press, 1964).

- 4. Verma, Vishwanath Prasad: Modern Indian Political Thought, Third edn., 1967 (Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agrawal, 1967).
- 5. Karunakaran, K. P.: Continuity and Change in Indian Politics (Delhi: People's Publishing House, 1964).
- 6. Desai, A. R.: Social Background of Indian Nationalism, 4th Edition, 1966 (Bombay: Popular Book Depot, 1966).
- 7. Ghose, Shankar: Political Ideas and Movements in India (Bombay: Allied, 1985).
- 8. Sarma, G. N. and Shakir, Moin: Politics and Society: Ram Roy to Nehru (Aurangabad: Parimal Prakashan, 1976).
- 9. Karunakaran, K. P.: Indian Politics from Dadabhai Naoroji to Gandhi (New Delhi: Gitanjali Prakashan, 1975).

# OPTIONAL PAPER Sub Group I—Paper III

# **Contemporary Political Thinkers**

#### **Section I**

- 1. Herbert Marcuse
- 2. Michael Oakeshott
- 3. Karl Popper

#### **Section II**

- 4. Hannah Arendt
- 5. John Rawls
- 6. Vinoba

## Readings

- 1. De Crespigny, Anthony and Kenneth Minogue (Eds): Contemporary Political Philosophers, London: Methuen and Co., 1976.
- 2. Parekh, Bhikhu

Contemporary Political Thinkers, Oxford : Martin Robinson, 1982.

#### OR

# Sub Group I—Paper III Marxism after Marx Section I

- 1. The Contribution of Engles
- 2. The Contribution of Rosa Luxemburg
- 3. The Contribution of Lenin

## **Section II**

- 4. The Contribution of Luk'acs
- 5. The Contribution of Gramsci
- 6. The Contribution of Mao-Tse-Tung

# Reading

1. McLellan, David : Marxism after Marx, London : Macmillan, 1979.

#### **OPTIONAL PAPER**

#### Sub Group I—Paper IV

## Political Thought in Maharashtra (Revised)

#### **Section I**

- 1. Lokhitwadi (1823-1892)
- 2. Mahatma Phule (1827-1890)
- 3. M. G. Ranade (1842-1901)
- 4. Vihnushastri Chiplunkar (1850-1882)
- 5. Lokmanya Tilak (1856-1920)

#### **Section II**

- 6. V. R. Shinde (1873-1944)
- 7. V. D. Savarkar (1883-1956)
- 8. B. R. Ambedkar (1891-1966)
- 9. Acharya Javdekar (1894-1955)
- 10. Acharya Vinoba Bhave (1895-1982)

- 1. Brown D. M.: Nationalist Movement: Indian Political Thought from Ranade to Bhave, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1964.
- 2. Javadekar S. D.: Adhunik Bharat, Pune: Sulabh Rashtriya Granthmala.
- 3. Pandit Nalini : Maharashtratil Rashtravadacha Vikas, Pune : Sadhana.

- 4. Pantham Thomas and Deutsch Karl (eds.): Political Thought in Modern India, New Delhi: Sage, 1986.
- 5. Phadke Y. D.: Vyakti Ani Vichar, Pune: Shrividya, 1979.
- 6. Sarma G. N. & Shakir Moin: Politics and Society Rammohan Roy to Nehru, Aurangabad, Parimal, 1976.
- 7. Doctor A. H.: Anarchist Thought in India, Bombay: Asia Publishing House, 1964.
- 8. Phadke Y. D.: Vishnushastri Chiplunkar (English), Delhi: National Book Trust India, 1986.

#### **OPTIONAL PAPER**

## Sub Group I—Paper V

## Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi

#### **Section I**

- 1. Gandhi's Understanding of Human Nature.
- 2. Gandhi's Concept of 'Satya' and Ahinsa.
- 3. Gandhi's Theory of Satyagraha.
- 4. Gandhi's Interpretation of Relation and Hindu Dharma.
- 5. Gandhi's Critique of Capitalism and Western Civilization.

#### **Section II**

- 6. Gandhian Economics : The Economics of Khadi, Doctrine of Aparigraha, Doctorine of Trusteeship.
- 7. Gandhi's Theory of State.
- 8. Gandhi's Concept of Swarajya.
- 9. Sarvodaya.

- 1. Bandopadhyaya Jayantanuja : Social and Political Thought of Gandhi, Bombay : Allied 1969.
- 2. Bhattacharya Buddadev : Evolution of Political Philosophy of Gandhi, Calcutta : Calcutta Book House.
- 3. Bedekar D. K.: Toward Understanding Gandhi, Bombay: Popular Prakashan, 1975.

- 4. Bondurant Joan V.: Conquest of Violence: The Gandhian Philosophy of Conflict, New Jersey: Princeton, 1958.
- 5. Chatterjee Margaret: Gandhi's Religious Thought, Macmillan,1983.
- 6. Gandhi M. K.: An Autobiography or the Story of My Experiments with Truth, Ahmedabad: Navajivan, 1956.
- 7. Gandhi M. K.: Hind-Swaraj or Indian House Rule, Ahmedabad: Navajivan, 1939.
- 8. Gandhi M. K.: Hindhu Dharma, Ahmedabad: Navajivan, 1953.
- 9. Ganguli, B. N.: Gandhi's Social Philosophy: Perspective and Relevance; Delhi: Vikas Publication, 1973.
- 10. Iyer Raghavan: The Moral and Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi, Oxford, 1973.
- 11. Kher V. D. (ed.): Economic and Industrial Life and Relations, Ahmedabad: Navajivan, 1957.
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- 2. Pandit Nalini: Gandhi, Bombay: Granthali, 1983.

## **OPTIONAL PAPER**

# Sub Group I—Paper VI Political Thought of Dr. Ambedkar

#### **Section I**

- 1. Historical Background : Untouchable Movement : Mahatma Phule–Satyshodhak Samaj, Rajarshi Shahu Maharaj.
- 2. Ambedkar's Critique of Caste System.
- 3. Ambedkar's Interpretation of Buddhism.

#### **Section II**

- 4. Liberalism and Parliamentary Democracy with Special reference to his ideas on Social Democrary and Social Justice.
- 5. State Socialism: Nationalisation.
- 6. Critique of Marxism.

- Bharill Chandra: Social and Political Ideas of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Jaipur: Allekh Publishers, 1977.
- 2. Jatav, D. R.: The Political Philosophy of B. R. Ambedkar, Agra: Phoenix Publishing Agency, 1965.
- 3. Jatav, D. R.: The Social Philosophy of B. R. Ambedkar, Agra: Phoenix Publishing Agency, 1965.

- 4. Kuber, W. N.: Dr. Ambedkar: A Critical Study, Delhi: People's Publishing House, 1973.
- 5. Rajasekhariah, A. M.: The Politics of Emancipation, Bombay: Sindhu Publisher, 1970.

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- 1. Kasabe, Raosaheb : Ambedkar ani Marx, Pune : Sugava Prakashan 1985.
- 2. Kasabe, Raosaheb : Ambedkarved : Tattva ani Vyavahar, Pune : Sugava Prakashan, 1990.
- 3. Kharat, Shankarrao : Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkaranche Dharmantar, Pune : Indrayani Sahitya Prakashan, 1990.
- 4. Vakil Alim : Mahatma Ani Bodhisattva, Sangamner: Mitra Prakashan, 1990.

# OPTIONAL PAPER Sub Group II—Paper I Indian Administration

#### **Section I**

- 1. Evolution of Indian Administrative System.
- 2. Framework of Indian policy: Goals of Government, Socialist, Democratic and Secular Republic.
- 3. The Prime Minister.
- 4. The Cabinet and its subcommittees.
- 5. The Cabinet Secretariat.
- 6. Ministries and Departments.

- 7. Executive Agencies.
- 8. Boards and Committees.
- 9. Public Undertakings.
- 10. Organising Administrative Change : Aministrative Reforms.
- 11. Accountability of Public Administration: Legislative Control, Judicial Control, Executive Control, Lokpal and Lokayuktas.

- 1. A. Avasthi: Central Administration (New Delhi: Tata Mcgraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., 1980).
- 2. Khera, S. S.: The Central Executive (New Delhi: Orient Longman, 1975).
- 3. A. K. Chanda: Indian Administration (London: George Allen and Unwin, 1967).
- 4. Administrative Reforms Commission, Government of India: Report on Machinery of Government. Civil Services, State Administration, District Administration.
- 5. Indian Journal of Public Administration, Issue July-Sept. 1985.

#### **OPTIONAL PAPER**

## Sub Group II—Paper II

## **Development Administration in India**

#### **Section I**

- 1. Concept of Development, Development Administration, Administration of Development: Significance, Nature and Scope of Development Administration; and Development Administration Vis-a-Vis Public Administration.
- 2. Development Policy and Administration.
- 3. Development Administration and the Political Process—the politics of development administration—the goals and tasks of developing nations and socio-political elements in the developmental process.
- 4. Bureaucracy and Development Administration; The Changing role of bureaucracy and its problems; the specialists and generalists dichotomy in a democracy, and the related problems of recruitment and training.

#### **Section II**

5. Public policies and their implementation and the organisational infrastructures in the fields of Land Reforms, Agricultural Production, Co-operation, Education, Educational Porgress Social Welfare, and Community Development.

- 6. The Machinery of Development Planning and is execution at Central, State, District and Block levels; the problems of development administration in a federal policy; the problems of field administration; and Agencies for development monitoring and evaluation.
- 7. Role of Non-Official Agencies and Voluntary Organisations in Development Administration.
- 8. Reform and Innovation in Development Administration.
- 9. International aspects of Development; Regional and international Agencies for Development.

- 1. Arora, Ramesh, K. and Mathur, P. C.: Development Policy in India (New Delhi: Associated Publishing House, 1986).
- 2. Arora, Ramesh, K. and Sharma Sangeeta (ed.): Comparative and Development Administration: Ideas and Action (Jaipur: Arihant Publishers, 1992).
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- 6. Singh, B. P. and Singh, S.P.: Dimensions of Development Administration in India (Patna: Swarna Publications).
- 7. Sinha, P. S. N.: Studies in Development Administration, Vol. 1-6 (New Delhi: Commonwealth Publishers, 1991).

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- 10. Inamdar, N. R. and Kshire, V. K.: District Planning in India (New Delhi: Oxford and IBH, 1986).
- 11. Indian Journal of Public Administration, Special Number, July-September 1973, Multi Level Planning.
- 12. Kulkarni, K. R.: Theory and Practice of Cooperations in India and Abroad, Vol. 1 & 2 (Bombay: Co-operators' Book Depot, 1953).
- 13. Naik, J. P.: Educational Planning in India: (Bombay: Allied Publishers, 1966).
- 14. Pai-Panandikar, V. A. (ed.): Development Administration in India: (Bombay McMillan, 1974).
- 15. Paranjpe, Nalini : Social Welfare in India : A Policy Perspective (New Delhi : Associated Publishing House, 1990).

- 16. Relevant articles in the Indian Journal of Public Administration.
- 17. Singh, Tarlok : India's Development Experience (Bombay : MacMillan, 1974).
- 18. Tawale, S. N.: Leadership and Bureaucracy in Developmental Process (New Delhi: Oxford and IBH, 1985).

#### **OPTIONAL PAPER**

### Sub Group II—Paper III

#### **Personnel and Financial Administration**

#### **Section I**

#### **Personnel Administration**

- 1. Dynamics of Personnel Administration–Field of Personnel Administration–Principles of Personnel Administration.
- 2. Management of Human Resources:

Manpower Planning.

Scientific Selection, Placement –

Human Resources Development –

Promotions, Transfers, Performance Appraisal,

Employee Moral.

Communication and Suggestion Systems –

Wage and Salary Administration.

3. Union-Management Relations –

Redressal of Grievances,

Employees Discipline.

4. Management of Human Resources: Recent Trends.

#### **Section II**

#### **Financial Administration**

- 1. System of Financial Administration.
- 2. Evolution of Financial Administration.
- 3. Fiscal Federalism in India.

- 4. Centre-State Financial Relations.
- 5. Budgetary Cycle and Process.
- 6. Financial Control of Ministry of Finance.
- 7. Delegation of Financial Powers.
- 8. System of Financial Advice.
- 9. Parliamentary Financial Control.

### Readings

#### **Section I**

- 1. M. N. Rudrabasavraj: Dynamic Personnel Administration: Management of Human Resources (Bombay: Himalaya Publishing House, 1979).
- 2. Paul Pigors and Charles Myers: Personnel Administration (New York: McGraw Hills, 1977).
- 3. Edwin Flippo: Principles of Personnel Management (New York: McGraw Hill, 1971).
- 4. Nigro F.-Public Personnel Administration (New York: Henry Holt and Co., Third Edn.).

- 5. M. J. K. Thavaraj: Financial Management of Government (Delhi: Sultan Chand and Co., 1978).
- 6. M. J. K. Thavaraj: Performance Budgeting (New Delhi: Research Publication, 1970).
- 7. G. S. Lall: Financial Administration in India (New Delhi: HPT, Kapoor, 1976).
- 8. A. Prem Chand: Control of Public Expenditure in India (Bombay: Allied, 1973).

# OPTIONAL PAPER Sub Group II—Paper IV Women and Development

#### **Section I**

(This course is to be studied in the context of the Major Strains of Feminist Ideology.)

- 1. Introduction to the Major Strains of Feminist Ideologies.
- 2. Historical Background–Growth and Evolution of the Reform Movement : Nationalism, Politics and Women.
- 3. Ferminism as a Social Movement; Origin and Growth of Women's Organisations in India.

- 1. Empowerment of Women through the Development Process–Approaches, Strategies and Perspectives.
- 2. Women and Public Policies—Constitutional Framework; Five-Year Plans; The National Perspective Plan; The Report of the Committee on the Status of Women in India.
- 3. Volunteerism–Role of the Feminist and Traditional Women's Groups in the Process of Social Change and in influencing Public policy Initiatives; Volunteerism Vs. Professionalism.

#### Readings

#### **Section I**

- 1. Desai, Neera (ed.): 'A Decade of Women's Movement in India (Bombay: Himalaya Publishing House, 1988).
- 2. Mathew, P. M. and Nair, M. S.: Women's Organisation and Women's Interests (New Delhi: Ashish Publishing House, 1986).
- 3. Sharma, Radha Krishna: Nationalism, Social Reform and Indian Women (Patna: Janaki Prakashan, 1981).
- 4. Tong Rosemarie: Feminist Thought: A Comprehensive Introduction (Boulder: Westview Press, 1989).

- 1. Maitreya, Krishna Raj: Women and Development: The Indian Experience (Pune: Shubhada Saraswat Prakashan, 1988).
- 2. Mehta, Rama: Socio-Legal Status of Women in India (Delhi: Mittal Publications, 1987).
- 3. Sassoon Anne Showstack (ed.): Women and the State: The Shifting Boundaries of Public and Private (London: Hutchinson, 1987).
- 4. Shah, Kalpana: Women's Liberation and Voluntary Action (New Delhi: Ajanta Publications, 1984).

#### **Government Documents**

- 5. Five-Year Plans Documents.
- 6. National Perspective Plan for Women, Report (New Delhi: G.O.I., Department of Women and Child Development, Ministry of Human Resource Development, 1988).
- 7. Towards Equality, Report of the Committee on the Status of Women in India (Delhi : G.O.I., Department of Social Welfare, Ministry of Education and Social Welfare, 1974).
- 8. Women in India–A Country Paper (New Delhi: Ministry of Social and Women's Welfare, G.O.I., 1985).
- 9. Yojana, Vol. 32, No. 9, May 16-31, 1988).

#### **OPTIONAL PAPER**

# Sub Group II—Paper V

#### Rural Development Administration in Maharashtra

#### **Section I**

- 1. Concept of Rural Development, Rural Development Administration (Approaches, Strategies and Perspectives).
- 2. Role of the Bureaucracy in Rural Development Administration.
- 3. Role of the Voluntary Agencies in Rural Development Administration.
- 4. Voluteerism Vs. Professionalism.
- Public Politics and Rural Development.
   (Agriculture, Community Development, Cooperation, Health, Education, Social Welfare).

- 1. Policy Formulation and Planning Process at State, District and Block Levels.
- 2. Infrastructure for Rural Development at the State (Ministry), District and Block Levels (Panchayati Raj).
- 3. Overview of Rural Poverty Eradication Programmes.
- 4. Critique of IRDP, TRYSEM, EGS, RLEP, etc.
- 5. Role of International Agencies in Rural Development.

- 1. Deb, Kalipada: Foreign Resources and Development in India (New Delhi: Heritage Publishers, 1982).
- 2. Deogaokar, S. G.: Administration for Rural Development in India (New Delhi: Concept Publishing House, 1980).
- 3. Dubhashi, P. R.: Rural Development Administration in India (Bombay: Popular Prakashan, 1970).
- 4. Gadkari, S. S. et. al: Organization of the State Government in Maharashtra (Bombay: Himalaya Publishing House, 1990).
- 5. Inamdar, N. R. & Kshire, V. K.: District Planning in India (New Delhi: Oxford & IBH, 1986).
- 6. Relevant Government of India and Government of Maharashtra Reports.
- 7. Relevant Articls in Lok Rajya.
- 8. Mehta, D. R. and Batra, Satish K., (Eds.): Administration for Rural Development (Jaipur: The Centre for Administrative Change, 1981).
- 9. Muttalib, M. A. and Khan, Ali Akbar Mohd.: Theory of Local Government (Jullundar: Sterling Publishers Private Ltd., 1983).
- 10. Narain Iqbal (Ed.): Panchayati Raj Administration in Maharashtra: A Study of Supervision and Control (Bombay: Popular Prakashan).

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- 14. Relevant Articles in the Indian Journal of Public Administration.
- 15. Tawale, S. N., Limaye, P. N., Kshire, V. K. & Inamdar, N. R.: Leadership and Burcaucracy in Developmental Process (New Delhi: Oxford & IBH, 1985).

# OPTIONAL PAPER Sub Group II—Paper VI Local Self Government

#### **Section I**

- 1. Theory, definition, nature and scope of Local Government. Significance of Local Government in Modern State.
- 2. Study of local government systems (Urban and local) in Principal Countries–England, U.S.A. and France.

#### **Section II**

- 3. Evolution and development of local self-government in India.
- 4. Panchayati Raj, Objectives, Patterns, Organisation, Powers, Functions, Finances, Leadership, Relationship: Office beares and bureaucracy, Evaluation.
- 5. Unban Local bodies: Patterns, Organisation, Functions, Finances, Relationship: Deliberative and executive wings, Metropolitan problem.
- 6. Relations with higher levels of government.

- 1. Avashti, A. (ed.): Municipal Administration in India (Agra: Laxmi Narain Agarwal, 1972).
- 2. Blondel Jean: The Government of France (New York: McGraw Hill, 1960).

- 3. Datta, Abhijit (ed.): Municipal and Urban India (New Delhi: Indian Institute of Public Administration, 1980).
- 4. Inamdar N. R.: Functioning of village Panchayats (Bombay: Popular Prakashanm 1974).
- 5. Maddick Hanry: Democracy, Decentralisation and Development (New Delhi: Asia Publishing House).
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- 9. Redeliff-Maud and Wood Bruce: English Local Government Reformed (London: Oxford University Press, 1984).
- 10. Seeley Ivor H.: Local Government Explained (Hong Kong: The MacMillan Press Ltd., 1978).
- 11. Ready G. Ram (ed.): Patterns of Panchayat Raj in India (New Delhi: MacMillan Co. of India Ltd., 1977).
- 12. Sharma, M. P.: Local Self Government in India (New Delhi: Mushiram, Manoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 1978).

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- 3. Indian Journal of Public Administration, Special Number, July-Sept., 1968.
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