

## **History -DSE1-E Medieval India - Sultanate Period and Mughal Period**

### **Unit I: Foundation of the Delhi Sultanate**

- a) Sources of Historiography of Sultanate Period
- b) Invasions of Muhammad Ghori
- c) Foundation of Delhi Sultanate: Qutbuddin Aibak

### **Unit II: The early Sultans of Delhi and their contributions**

- a) Iltutmish
- b) Raziyya
- c) Balban

### **Unit III: Expansion of Sultanate**

- a) Alauddin Khalji: Expansion and Administrative Reforms
- b) Experiments of Muhammad-Bin-Tughlaq, Firuz Tughlaq: Administrative Reforms.
- c) The Saiyyids, the Lodis and the decline of the sultanate.

### **Unit IV: Kingdoms of Vijayanagar and Bahamani**

- a) Rise of Vijayanagar Empire: Harihar, Bukka, Krishnadevray
- b) The Emergence and expansion of the Bahamani Kingdom: Contribution of Muhammad Gawan
- a) Disintegration of Bahamani Kingdom

### **Unit V: Foundation of Mughal Empire**

- a) Sources of Historiography of Mughal Period
- b) Babur: The Foundation of Mughals Empire
- c) Humayun Struggle with Sher Shah Suri. Sher Shah: administrative reforms

### **Unit VI: The Consolidation of the Mughal Empire**

- a) Akbar: Extent of the Mughal Empire, Mansabdari System, Religious Policy
- b) Expansion: Deccan Policy of Jahangir and Shah Jahan
- c) The reign of Aurangzeb: Rajput Policy, Ahom conflicts, Sikh Policy, Deccan expeditions

### **Unit VII: Administrative systems**

- a) Central and Provincial Administration
- b) Revenue System
- c) Judicial System, Military administration

### **Unit VIII: Economy, Society and Culture**

- a) Economy: Agriculture, trade and industry
- b) Society: Caste system, position of women, Bhakti and Sufi movement.
- c) Culture: Science and Technology